Serial Data Communications Module



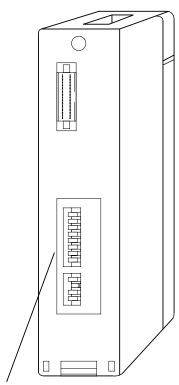
Overview

The DL405 Data Communication Module (DCM) is a general purpose communications interface for the DL405 family of PLCs. This module is primarily used for three reasons:

- Extra general purpose communications port to connect a personal computer, operator interface, etc.
- Network interface to a DirectNET network
- Network interface to a Modbus network using the RTU protocol as Server.

Extra communications port

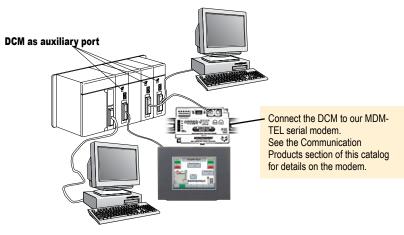
All DL405 CPUs offer four built-in communication ports. However, if even more communication ports are needed, additional Data Communication Modules can be added. As an extra communication port, the DCM has specifications identical to port 1 on the DL405 CPUs. Whatever can be connected to port 1 of the DL405 CPU can be connected to the DCM, just make sure the device has a DL405 compatible driver. This allows additional connections of devices, such as operator interfaces, personal computers, etc. Since the DCM does not require any programming, you can set the DCM communication parameters, connect the cables, and start transferring data.



DIP Switches for communications and Protocol Setup

	1
DATA COMMUNICATION PWR OK NAK ENQ TOUT HDR MSTR DATA D4-DCM	1
ON LINE OFF LINE	/ Online/ (Offline (Switch
UNIT ADR (HE X) 232C/422)	— Address Selection Switch
www.automationdirect.co	RS232/RS422 Communication Port

Specifications				
Module Type	pe Intelligent			
Modules per CPU	7 Maximum, any slot in CPU Base			
Communications RS232/422, DirectNET, SIMATIC®TI405™, or Modbus (Ser protocol. Baud rate selectable from 300 to 38.4K baud. Odd or no parity mode				
Recommended Cable	Belden 9729 or equivalent (for RS422)			
Field Wiring Connector	25-Pin D-shell connector			
Internal Power Consumption	500mA maximum at 5VDC, (supplied by base power supply)			
Operating Environment	0°C to 60°C (32°F to 140°F), 5% to 95% humidity (non-condensing)			



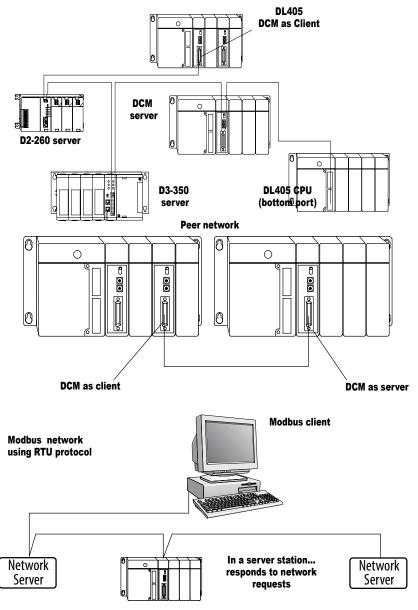
Serial Data Communications Module

DirectNET network interface

The DCM can be used as a network interface for applications requiring data to be shared between PLCs, or between PLCs and an intelligent device such as a host computer. The DCM connects easily to DirectNET. This network allows you to upload or download virtually any type of system data including timer/counter data, I/O information, and V-memory information from any of our PLCs or compatible PLC. The DCM allows the DL405 PLC to function as a Client or a Server of DirectNET.

Network Client - The DCM allows the DL405 to serve as a Client of a DirectNET Network. The DCM takes communication requests issued from the PLC program (the network part of the program can be very simple, as few as seven words) and automatically converts these requests into network commands to read data from or write data to another PLC on the network. This capability also allows a peer to peer configuration of two DL405 systems with DCMs. For other options, consider the <u>H4-ECOM100</u> module.

Network Server - The DL405 CPUs have a built-in network Server port. If this port is occupied, a DCM can be added to provide an additional network Server port. In this case, the DCM "listens" to the network for any messages containing the DCM's address. The DCM deciphers the network commands, carries out the request to read or write data, and sends confirmation and/or information to the Client station. Since the DCM does not require any programming, you can set the DCM communication parameters, connect the cables and start transferring data. **Client/Server Network**



DL405 server with DCM

Modbus interface

The DCM can be used as a Server station interface to connect your DL405 system to the Modbus network using the Modbus RTU protocol. The host system must be capable of issuing the Modbus commands to read or write the appropriate data.

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Check the Power Budget

Verify your power budget requirements

Your I/O configuration choice can be affected by the power requirements of the I/O modules you choose. When determining the types and quantity of I/O modules you will be using, it is important to remember there is a limited amount of power available from the power supply.

The chart on the opposite page indicates the power supplied and used by each DL405 device. The adjacent chart shows an example of how to calculate the power used by your particular system. These two charts should make it easy for you to determine if the devices you have chosen fit within the power budget of your system configuration.

If the I/O you have chosen exceeds the maximum power available from the power supply, you can resolve the problem by shifting some of the modules to an expansion base or remote I/O base (if you are using remote I/O).

Warning: It is extremely important to calculate the power budget correctly. If you exceed the power budget, the system may operate in an unpredictable manner which may result in a risk of personal injury or equipment damage.

Use **ZIP**Links to reduce power requirements

If your application requires a lot of relay outputs, consider using the ZipLink AC or DC relay output modules. These modules can switch high current (10A) loads without putting a load on your base power budget. Refer to Wiring System for DL405 PLCs later in this section for more information.

This logo is placed next to I/O modules that are supported by the ZipLink connection systems.

See the I/O module specifications at the end of this section.



Calculating your power usage

The following example shows how to calculate the power budget for the DL405 system. The example is constructed around a single 8-slot base using the devices shown. It is recommended you construct a similar table for each base in your system.

A							
	Base Number O	Device Type	5 VDC (mA)	External 24 VDC Power (mA)			
B	CURRENT SUPPLIED						
	CPU/Expansion Unit /Remote Server	<u>D4-454</u> CPU	3700	400			
С	CURRENT REQUIRED						
	SLOT 0	<u>D4-16ND2</u>	+150	+0			
	SLOT 1	<u>D4-16ND2</u>	+150	+0			
	SLOT 2	<u>F4-04DA-2</u>	+90	+90			
	SLOT 3	<u>D4-08NA</u>	+100	+0			
	SLOT 4	<u>D4-08NA</u>	+100	+0			
	SLOT 5	<u>D4-16TD2</u>	+100	+0			
	SLOT 6	<u>D4-16TD2</u>	+100	+0			
	SLOT 7	<u>D4-16TR</u>	+1000	+0			
D	OTHER						
	BASE	<u>D4-08B-1</u>	+80	+0			
	Handheld Programmer	<u>D4-HPP-1</u>	+320	+0			
Ε	Maximum Current R	Maximum Current Required					
F	Remaining Current A	3700-2190=1510	400-90=310				
	1. Using a chart similar to the one above, fill in column 2.						

2. Using the tables on the opposite page, enter the current supplied and used by each device (columns 3 and 4). Pay special attention to the current supplied by the CPU, Expansion Unit, and Remote Server since they differ. Devices which fall into the "Other" category (Row D) are devices such as the Base and the Handheld programmer, which also have power requirements, but do not plug directly into the base.

3. Add the current used by the system devices (columns 3 and 4) starting with Slot 0 and put the total in the row labeled "maximum current required" (Row E).

4. Subtract the row labeled "Maximum current required" (Row E), from the row labeled "Current Supplied" (Row B). Place the difference in the row labeled "Remaining Current Available" (Row F). 5. If "Maximum Current Required" is greater than "Current Supplied" in either column 3 or 4, the power budget will

be exceeded. It will be unsafe to use this configuration and you will need to restructure your I/O configuration. Note the auxiliary 24VDC power supply does not need to supply all the external power. If you need more than the 400mA supplied, you can add an external 24VDC power supply. This will help keep you within your power budget for external power.

DL405 CPU power supply specifications and power requirements

Specification	AC Powered Units	24 VDC Powered Units	
Part Numbers	<u>D4-454,</u> <u>D4-EX</u> (expansion base unit), <u>D4-RS</u> (remote Server unit)	D4-454DC-1, D4-EXDC (expansion base unit)	
Voltage Withstand (dielectric)	1 minute @ 1,500 VAC between primary, secondary, field ground, and run relay		
Insulation Resistance	> 10MΩ at 500VDC		
Input Voltage Range	85-132 VAC (110V range) 170-264 VAC (220V range)	20-28 VDC (24VDC) with less than 10% ripple	
Maximum Inrush Current	20A	20A	
Maximum Power	50VA	38W	

Power Requirements

Power Supplied						
CPUs/RemoteUnits/ Expansion Units	5 VDC Current Supplied in mA	24V Aux Power Supplied in mA	CPUs/Remote Units/ Expansion Units	5V Current Supplied in mA	24V Aux Power Supplied in mA	
<u>D4-454</u> CPU <u>D4-454DC-1</u>	3100 3100	400 NONE	D4-EX D4-EXDC D4-RS H4-EBC	4000 4000 3700 3470	400 NONE 400 400	
		Power C	Consumed			
Power-consuming Device	5V Current Consumed	External 24VDC Current Required	Power-consuming Device	5V Current Consumed	External 24VDC Current Required	
I/O Bases			Analog Modules (continued)			
D4-04B-1 D4-06B-1 D4-08B-1 DC Input Modules D4-16ND2 D4-16ND2F D4-32ND3-1	80 80 150 150 150	NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE	F4-16AD-1 F4-16AD-2 F4-08DA-1 F4-08DA-2 F4-04DAS-1 F4-08DA-1 F4-08DA-2 F4-16DA-1 F4-16DA-1 F4-16DA-2 F4-16DA-2 F4-08THM-J(-n)	75 75 70 90 60 90 80 80 80 80 80 120	100 100 75+20 per circuit 90 60 per circuit 100+20 per circuit 150 100+20 per circuit 25 max. NONE 50	
<u>D4-64ND2</u>	300 max.	NONE	<u>F4-08THM</u> <u>F4-08THM</u> <i>Remote I/O</i>	110	60	
AC Input Modules D4-08NA D4-16NA	100 150	NONE NONE	H4-ERM100 H4-ERM-F D4-RM	320(300) 450 300	NONE NONE NONE	
AC/DC Input Modules	1		Communications and Naturations			
<u>D4-16NE3</u>	150	NONE	Communications and Networking		1	
<i>DC Output Modules</i> D4-16TD1 D4-16TD2	200 400	125 NONE	H4-ECOM100 D4-DCM F4-MAS-MB	300 500 235	NONE NONE NONE	
D4-32TD1 D4-32TD2	250 350	140 120 (4A max	CoProcessors		1	
		including loads)				
D4-64TD1 AC Output Modules	800	NONE	<u>F4-CP128-1</u>	305	NONE	
<u>D4-08TA</u> D4-16TA	250 450	NONE	Specialty Modules			
	450	NONE				
Relay Output Modules D4-08TR F4-08TRS-1 F4-08TRS-2 D4-16TR	550 575 575 1000	NONE NONE NONE NONE	H4-CTRIO D4-16SIM F4-4LTC	400 150 280	NONE NONE 75	
Analog Modules			Programming			
			<u>D4-HPP-1</u> (Handheld Prog.)	320	NONE	
<u>F4-04AD</u> F4-04ADS	150 100 370 120		Operator Interface			
F4-08AD	75	90	C-more Micro-Graphic	210	NONE	