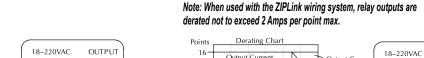
AC Output Modules

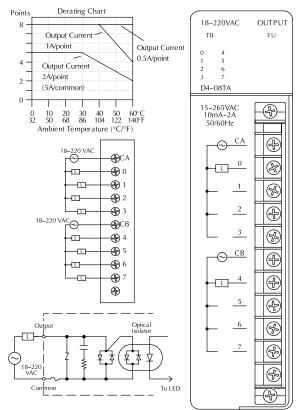
D4-08TA AC Out	put \$;00c4t:		
Outputs per Module	8		
Commons per Module	2 (isolated)		
Operating Voltage	15–265 VAC		
Output Type	SSR (triac)		
Peak Voltage	265VAC		
AC Frequency	47–63 Hz		
ON Voltage Drop	1.5 VAC @ 2A		
Max Current	2A/point 5A/common @ 30° C 2A/common @ 60° C		
Max Leakage Current	5mA @ 265VAC		
Max Inrush Current	30A for 10ms 10A for 100ms		
Minimum Load	10mA		
Base Power Required 5V	250mA max		
OFF to ON Response	1ms		
ON to OFF Response	1ms + 1/2 cycle		
Terminal Type (included	Removable		
Status Indicators	Logic side		
Weight	11.6 oz. (330g)		
Fuses	1 (8A) per common, non-replaceable		

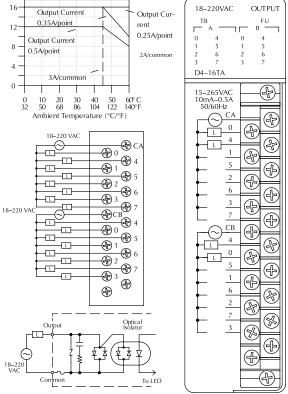
D4-16TA AC Out	put \$00c4v:		
Outputs per Module	16		
Commons per Module	2 (isolated)		
Operating Voltage	15–265 VAC		
Output Type	SSR (triac)		
Peak Voltage	265VAC		
AC Frequency	47–63 Hz		
ON Voltage Drop	1.5 VAC @ 0.5A		
Max Current	0.5 A/point 3A/common @ 45° C 2A/common @ 60° C		
Max Leakage Current	4mA @ 265VAC		
Max Inrush Current	15A for 10ms 10A for 100ms		
Minimum Load	10mA		
Base Power Required 5V	450mA max		
OFF to ON Response	1ms		
ON to OFF Response	1ms + 1/2 cycle		
Terminal Type (included)	Removable		
Status Indicators	Logic Side		
Weight	12.2 oz. (350g)		
Fuses	1 (5A) per common, non-replaceable		

See Wiring Solutions for part numbers of $\it ZIPL$ ink cables and connection modules compatible with this I/O module.









www.automationdirect.com DL405 PLCs tDL4-53

Check the Power Budget

Verify your power budget requirements

Your I/O configuration choice can be affected by the power requirements of the I/O modules you choose. When determining the types and quantity of I/O modules you will be using, it is important to remember there is a limited amount of power available from the power supply.

The chart on the opposite page indicates the power supplied and used by each DL405 device. The adjacent chart shows an example of how to calculate the power used by your particular system. These two charts should make it easy for you to determine if the devices you have chosen fit within the power budget of your system configuration.

If the I/O you have chosen exceeds the maximum power available from the power supply, you can resolve the problem by shifting some of the modules to an expansion base or remote I/O base (if you are using remote I/O).

Warning: It is extremely important to calculate the power budget correctly. If you exceed the power budget, the system may operate in an unpredictable manner which may result in a risk of personal injury or equipment damage.

Use **ZIP**Links to reduce power requirements

If your application requires a lot of relay outputs, consider using the ZipLink AC or DC relay output modules. These modules can switch high current (10A) loads without putting a load on your base power budget. Refer to Wiring System for DL405 PLCs later in this section for more information.

This logo is placed next to I/O modules that are supported by the ZipLink connection systems.



See the I/O module specifications at the end of this section.

Calculating your power usage

The following example shows how to calculate the power budget for the DL405 system. The example is constructed around a single 8-slot base using the devices shown. It is recommended you construct a similar table for each base in your system.

A								
	Base Number 0	Device Type	5 VDC (mA)	External 24 VDC Power (mA)				
В	CURRENT SUPPLIED							
	CPU/Expansion Unit /Remote Server	<u>D4-454</u> CPU	3700	400				
С	CURRENT REQUIRED							
	SLOT 0	<u>D4-16ND2</u>	+150	+0				
	SLOT 1	<u>D4-16ND2</u>	+150	+0				
	SLOT 2	<u>F4-04DA-2</u>	+90	+90				
	SLOT 3	<u>D4-08NA</u>	+100	+0				
	SLOT 4	<u>D4-08NA</u>	+100	+0				
	SLOT 5	<u>D4-16TD2</u>	+100	+0				
	SLOT 6	<u>D4-16TD2</u>	+100	+0				
	SLOT 7	<u>D4-16TR</u>	+1000	+0				
D	OTHER							
	BASE	<u>D4-08B-1</u>	+80	+0				
	Handheld Programmer	<u>D4-HPP-1</u>	+320	+0				
Ε	Maximum Current Required		2190	90				
F	Remaining Current A	3700-2190=1510	400-90=310					
	1. Using a chart similar to the one above, fill in column 2.							

DL405 CPU power supply specifications and power requirements

Specification	AC Powered Units	24 VDC Powered Units		
Part Numbers	<u>D4-454,</u> <u>D4-EX</u> (expansion base unit), <u>D4-RS</u> (remote Server unit)	<u>D4-454DC-1</u> , <u>D4-EXDC</u> (expansion base unit)		
Voltage Withstand (dielectric)	1 minute @ 1,500 VAC between primary, secondary, field ground, and run relay			
Insulation Resistance	> 10MΩ at 500VDC			
Input Voltage Range	85-132 VAC (110V range) 170-264 VAC (220V range)	20-28 VDC (24VDC) with less than 10% ripple		
Maximum Inrush Current	20A	20A		
Maximum Power	50VA	38W		

^{2.} Using the tables on the opposite page, enter the current supplied and used by each device (columns 3 and 4). Pay special attention to the current supplied by the CPU, Expansion Unit, and Remote Server since they differ. Devices which fall into the "Other" category (Row D) are devices such as the Base and the Handheld programmer, which also have power requirements, but do not plug directly into the base.

^{3.} Add the current used by the system devices (columns 3 and 4) starting with Slot 0 and put the total in the row labeled "maximum current required" (Row E).

^{4.} Subtract the row labeled "Maximum current required" (Row E), from the row labeled "Current Supplied" (Row B). Place the difference in the row labeled "Remaining Current Available" (Row F).

5. If "Maximum Current Required" is greater than "Current Supplied" in either column 3 or 4, the power budget will

be exceeded. It will be unsafe to use this configuration and you will need to restructure your I/O configuration. Note the auxiliary 24VDC power supply does not need to supply all the external power. If you need more than the 400mA supplied, you can add an external 24VDC power supply. This will help keep you within your power budget for external

Power Requirements

		Power	Supplied		
CPUs/RemoteUnits/ Expansion Units	5 VDC Current Supplied in mA	24V Aux Power Supplied in mA	CPUs/Remote Units/ Expansion Units	5V Current Supplied in mA	24V Aux Power Supplied in mA
<u>D4-454</u> CPU <u>D4-454DC-1</u>	3100 3100	400 NONE	D4-EX D4-EXDC D4-RS H4-EBC	4000 4000 3700 3470	400 NONE 400 400
		Power C	onsumed		
Power-consuming Device	5V Current Consumed	External 24VDC Current Required	Power-consuming Device	5V Current Consumed	External 24VDC Current Required
I/O Bases			Analog Modules (continued)		
D4-04B-1 D4-06B-1 D4-08B-1	80 80 80	NONE NONE NONE	F4-16AD-1 F4-16AD-2 F4-08DA-1 F4-08DA-2	75 75 70 90	100 100 75+20 per circuit 90
DC Input Modules			F4-04DAS-1 F4-08DA-1	60 90	60 per circuit 100+20 per circuit
D4-16ND2 D4-16ND2F D4-32ND3-1 D4-64ND2	150 150 150 300 max.	NONE NONE NONE NONE	F4-08DA-2 F4-16DA-1 F4-16DA-2 F4-08RTD F4-08THM-J(-n) F4-08THM	80 90 80 80 120	150 100+20 per circuit 25 max. NONE 50 60
			Remote I/O		
AC Input Modules D4-08NA D4-16NA AC/DC Input Modules	100 150	NONE NONE	H4-ERM100 H4-ERM-F D4-RM	320(300) 450 300	NONE NONE NONE
<u>-</u>			Communications and Netwo	 rkina	
<u>D4-16NE3</u>	150	NONE	Communications and Networking		
DC Output Modules D4-16TD1	200	125	<u>H4-ECOM100</u> <u>D4-DCM</u> F4-MAS-MB	300 500 235	NONE NONE NONE
<u>D4-16TD2</u> D4-32TD1	400 250	NONE 140			
D4-32TD2	350	120 (4A max	CoProcessors		1
<u>D4-64TD1</u>	800	including loads) NONE	F4-CP128-1	305	NONE
AC Output Modules			<u> </u>		
<u>D4-08TA</u> D4-16TA	250 450	NONE NONE	Specialty Modules		1
	700	ITOTE			
D4-08TR F4-08TRS-1 F4-08TRS-2 D4-16TR	550 575 575 1000	NONE NONE NONE NONE	H4-CTRIO D4-16SIM F4-4LTC	400 150 280	NONE NONE 75
Analog Modules			Programming		
			D4-HPP-1 (Handheld Prog.)	320	NONE
<u>F4-04AD</u> F4-04ADS	150 370	100 120	Operator Interface		
F4-08AD	75	90	C-more Micro-Graphic	210	NONE

www.automationdirect.com