## SOLO-

#### **▼**AUTOMATION DIRECT §

3505 HUTCHINSON ROAD CUMMING. GA 30040-5860

# Quick Start Guide **SOLO Temperature Controller**

SL9696 Series



This Quick Start Guide provides basic information on setting up the SOLO temperature controller. For advanced setup and communication control as well as free configuration software visit the AutomationDirect web site at www.AutomationDirect.com.

### **Product Support and Configuration Software**

- For product support, specifications, and installation troubleshooting, a complete User Manual can be downloaded from the On-line Documentation area of the Automation Direct web site.
- For additional technical support and questions, call our Technical Support team @ 1-800-633-0405 or 770-844-4200.
- Configuration software for the SOLO controller is available for free download at www.AutomationDirect.com. The software allows communication and programming for up to four controllers at the same time. Parameters, process values, set points and temperature changes can be monitored with the software. The setup data can be uploaded to the user's PC via RS-485 communication. The user can monitor the temperature changes of the controllers from the "PV Monitor" Display.



### Safety Information



<u>WARNING:</u> To minimize the risk of potential safety problems, you should follow all applicable local and national codes that regulate the installation and operation of your equipment. These codes vary from area to area and it is your responsibility to determine which codes should be followed, and to verify that the equipment, installation, and operation are in compliance with the latest revision of

Equipment damage or serious injury to personnel can result from the failure to follow all applicable codes and standards. We do not guarantee the products described in this publication are suitable for your particular application, nor do we assume any responsibility for your product design, installation, or operation.

If you have any questions concerning the installation or operation of this equipment, or if you need additional information, please call us at 1-800-633-0405 or 770-844-4200.

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#### WARNING! Electric shock danger

1. To prevent electric shock, do not touch the AC terminals while the power is supplied to the controller.



This controller is an open-type temperature controller. Make sure to evaluate any dangerous application in which a serious human injury or serious property damage may occur

- 1. Always use recommended solder-less terminals: Fork terminal with insolation (M3 screw, width is 7.0mm, hole diameter 3.2mm). Screw size: M3 x 6.5 (With 6.8 x 6.8 square washer). Recommended tightening torque: 0.4 Nm (4kgfcm). Applicable wire: Solid/twisted wire of 2 mm, 12AWG to 24AWG. Choose AutomationDirect part numbers BM-00120, BM-00220 or BM-00320 depending on wire size. Be sure to tighten them properly.
- 2. Protect the controller from dust or foreign objects to prevent controller malfunction.
- 3. Do not modify or disassemble the controller.
- 4. Do not connect anything to the "Not used" terminals.



- 5. Make sure all wires are connected correctly.
- 6. Do not install and/or use the controller in places subject to: (a) Dust or corrosive gases and liquid (b) High humidity (c) Vibration and shock (d) EMI / RFI (e) high temperature
- 7. Turn power off when wiring or changing a temperature sensor
- 8. Be sure to use wires that match the thermocouple types when extending or connecting the thermocouple wires.
- 9. Use wires with correct resistance when extending or connecting a platinum resistance thermometer (RTD).
- 10. Keep the wire as short as possible when wiring a platinum resistance thermometer (RTD) to the controller and route power wires as far as possible from load wires to prevent interference and induced noise.
- 11. This controller is an open-type unit and must be placed in an enclosure away from high temperature, humidity dripping water, corrosive materials, airborne dust and electric shock or vibration
- 12. Make sure power cables and signals from instruments are all installed properly before energizing the controller otherwise serious damage may occur.
- 13. To prevent electric shock, do not touch the terminals in the controller or try to repair the controller when power is
- 14. Use a soft, dry cloth to clean the controller. Do not use acid or alkaline liquids for cleaning.
- 15. This instrument is not furnished with a power switch or fuse. Therefore, if a fuse or power switch is required, install the protection close to the instrument. Recommended fuse rating: Rated voltage 250 V, Rated current 1 A. Fuse type: Time-lag fuse
- 16. Note: This controller does not provide overcurrent protection. Use of this product requires that suitable overcurrent protection device(s) must be added to ensure compliance with all relevant electrical standards and codes. (Rated 250 V, 15 Amps max). A suitable disconnecting device should be provided near the controller in the end-use

### 2 General Description

AutomationDirect's SOLO is a single loop dual output temperature controller that can control both heating and cooling simultaneously. There are four types of control modes: PID, ON/OFF, Manual, and Ramp / Soak control. Depending upon the particular model of controller, the available outputs include relay, voltage pulse, current, and linear voltage. There are up to three alarm outputs available to allow seventeen alarm types in the initial setting mode. SOLO can accept various types of thermocouple, RTD, or analog inputs, and has a built in RS-485 interface using Modbus slave (ASCII or RTU) communication protocol.

Other features include: • 1/4 DIN panel size

- 2 line x 4 character 7-segment LED display for Process Value (PV): Red color, and Set Point (SV): Green color
- Auto Tuning (AT) function with PID control
- Selectable between °C and °F for thermocouple or RTD inputs
- Two event inputs
- $\bullet$  0 to 50 °C (32 to 122 °F) operating temperature range
- UL, CUL and CE agency approvals

### 3 Specifications

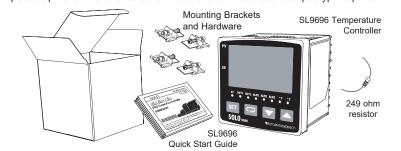
	Specifications				
Input Power Requirements	100 to 240 VAC 50 / 60 Hz or 24 VDC				
Operation Voltage Range	85 to 264 VAC or 21.6 to 26.4 VDC				
Power Consumption	5 VA Max				
Memory Protection	EEPROM 4K bit, number of writes 100,000				
Control Mode	PID, ON/OFF, Ramp / Soak control or Manual				
Input Accuracy	Less than $\pm$ 0.2% full scale (except thermocouple R, S, & B types) Max $\pm$ 3° (thermocouple R, S, & B types) Max $\pm$ 3° (thermocouple R, S, & B types)				
Vibration Resistance	10 to 55 Hz, 10 m/s2 for 10 min, each in X, Y and Z directions				
Shock Resistance	Max. 300 m/s2, 3 times in each 3 axes, 6 directions				
Ambient Temperature Range	32°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C)				
Storage Temperature Range	-4°F to 149°F (-20°C to 65°C)				
Altitude	2000m or less				
Relative Humidity	35% to 80% (non-condensing)				
RS-485 Communication	Modbus slave ASCII / RTU protocol				
Transmission Speed	2400, 4800, 9600, 19.2K, 38.4K bps				
IP Rating	IP65: Complete protection against dust and low pressure spraying water from all directions.  (inside suitable enclosure)				
Agency Approvals	UL, CUL, CE (UL file number E311366)				
Pollution Degree	Degree 2 - Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs. Temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected.				
Input Types					
• Thermocouple*	K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B, L, U, TXK (Sampling Rate: 400 ms / per scan)				
Platinum RTD	3-wire Pt100, JPt100 (Sampling Rate: 400 ms / per scan)				
• Analog	0-50 mV, 0-5V, 0-10V, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA (sinking) (150 ms per scan)**				
Control Output Options					
• Relay (R)	SPDT max. resistive load 5A @ 250 VAC				
Voltage Pulse (V)	DC 14V Max, output current 40mA Max				
Current (C)	DC 4-20 mA output (sourcing) (Load resistance: Max 600Ω)				
Linear Voltage (L)	DC 0-10V (Load resistance Min 1KΩ)				
EVENT Inputs					
• Event1	Normally open contact, for output control				
• Event2	Normally open contact, for switching setting value				

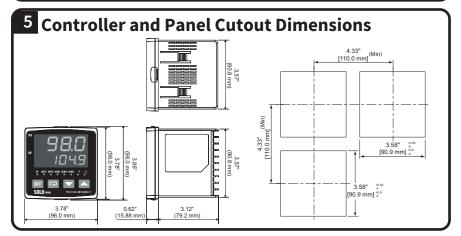
\*Note: The supplied 249 ohm resistor should be installed as shown in the terminal wiring diagrams in section

Output Specifications					
Part Number Input Voltage Output #1 Output		Output #2 / Alarm #3*	Alarm #1	Alarm #2	
SL9696-RRE	100 - 240 VAC	Relay - SPDT	Relay - SPDT	Relay - SPST	Relay - SPST
SL9696-VRE	100 - 240 VAC	Voltage Pulse	Relay - SPDT	Relay - SPST	Relay - SPST
SL9696-CRE	100 - 240 VAC	Current	Relay - SPDT	Relay - SPST	Relay - SPST
SL9696-LRE	100 - 240 VAC	Linear Voltage	Relay - SPDT	Relay - SPST	Relay - SPST
SL9696-RRE-D	24 VDC	Relay - SPDT	Relay - SPDT	Relay - SPST	Relay - SPST
SL9696-VVE	100 - 240 VAC	Voltage Pulse	Voltage Pulse	Relay - SPST	Relay - SPST
SL9696-CVE	100 - 240 VAC	Current	Voltage Pulse	Relay - SPST	Relay - SPST
SL9696-LVE 100 - 240 VAC Linear Voltage Voltage Pulse Relay - SPST		Relay - SPST			
*Output #2 can be configured as control output #2 or as Alarm #3					

### **Box Contents and Unpacking Instructions**

- Unpack the SOLO temperature controller from its shipping carton. Included in the carton is the temperature controller, mounting brackets plus hardware and this Quick Start Guide.
- · Inspect all equipment for completeness. If anything is missing or damaged, immediately call the AutomationDirect returns department @ 1-800-633-0405.
- Inspect the part number to ensure the model received matches the output type required.

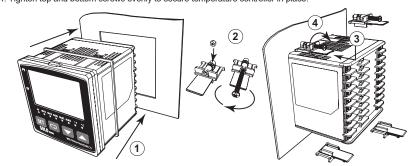




### 6 Mounting Instructions

SOLO temperature controllers can be mounted through a cutout in an enclosure or panel by using the dimensions shown in Section 5. The directions for mounting the controller through a cutout are:

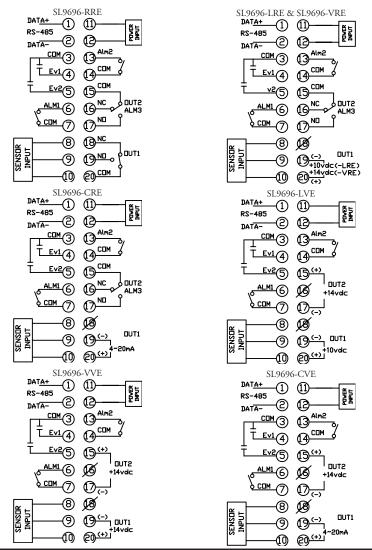
- 1. Insert the temperature controller through the panel cutout.
- 2. Slide the M3X0.5 nut into the opening in the top of the mounting bracket and insert the M3X0.5 X 30mm mounting screw in the mounting bracket.
- 3. Insert the mounting brackets into the mounting groove at the top and bottom of the controller, and push the mounting bracket forward until the bracket stops.
- 4. Tighten top and bottom screws evenly to secure temperature controller in place

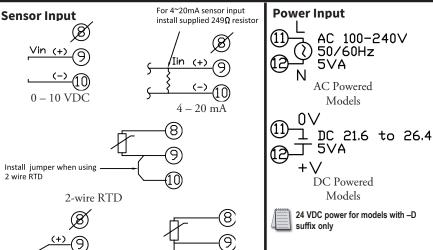


### 7 Terminal Identification

WARNING! Electric shock danger

To prevent electric shock, do not connect AC power to your device until all input and output connections are completed.





(10)

3-wire RTD

-(10)

### 8 Display, LED and Key Pad



PV Display: To display the process value or parameter type

SV Display: To display the set point, parameter operation read value manipulated variable or set value of the parameter.

AT: Auto-tuning LED, flashes when the Auto-tuning operation is ON. OUT1 / OUT2: Output LED, lights when the output is ON.

ALM1 / ALM2 / ALM3: Alarm output LED, lights when that alarm is on.

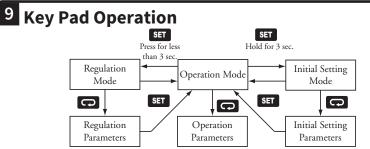
°C, °F: Temperature unit LED. °C: Celsius °F: Fahrenheit

Set Button: Press this key to select the desired function mode and confirm the setting value.

Rotate Button: Press this key to select parameters within the function mode.

Down Button: Press this key to decrease values displayed on the SV display. Hold down this key to speed up the decrement.

Up Button: Press this key to increase values displayed on the SV display. Hold down this key to speed up the increment.



The SOLO temperature controller has three function modes: Initial Setting mode, Operation mode and Regulation mode. When power is first applied to the temperature controller, the module information splash screen appears. This screen shows the firmware version on the PV display and the two output types for that particular model on the SV display. After three seconds, the controller will automatically proceed to the Operation mode main screen. Press and hold the SET button for three seconds to go into the Initial Setting mode. Press the SET button for less than three seconds to access the Regulation mode. Press the button while inside any of the three function modes to access the individual parameters for each function mode. Use the and buttons to change the individual parameter values. Pressing the set button saves the parameter values. Press the SET button again to return the controller to the Operation mode.

### 10 Reset to Factory Default Instructions

All of the following set up instructions are for setting up a controller from the factory defaults. If the application for a controller needs to be changed, reset the controller to factory default using the following steps.

- 1. Press the D button until the parameter D appears. Use the button to select D Press the ST button.
- 2. Press and hold the and and buttons simultaneously for one second and release.
- 3. Press the Dutton repeatedly until the PV display shows PR55. Use the Dutton to change the value on the SV display to 1357. Press the Dutton.
- 4. Cycle power on the Controller to reset to factory default mode. All user set values are erased.

### 11-1 Thermocouple or RTD Input

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the st button for three seconds. In the parameter \_\_nPb\_, use the \_\_ and \_\_ buttons to select the value that corresponds to the thermocouple or RTD type that will be attached to the controller. See the table below for specifications. Press the st button to save the selected value. The controller will display the module information splash screen for three seconds and then return to the main screen.
- 2. Press the st button for three seconds again. Press the button to access the parameter. Use the and buttons to select either for Centigrade or for Fahrenheit display. Press the st button to save the selected value. The controller will display the module information splash screen for three seconds and then return to the main screen.
- 3. Press the sti button for three seconds again. Press the button repeatedly until the P-H parameter appears. Use the and buttons to set the maximum value of the operational temperature range. In operation, if the PV value is higher than the TP-H value, the PV display flashes to indicate an error and the controller outputs shut off. The SV value cannot exceed the TP-H value. Press the sti button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the P-L parameter. Use the and buttons to set the minimum value of the operational temperature range. In operation, if the PV value is lower than the TP-L value, the PV display flashes to indicate an error and the controller outputs shut off. The SV value cannot be set lower than the TP-L value. Press the sti button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.
- 4. Press the Dutton repeatedly until the parameter Dappears. Use the And Abuttons to select either for a whole degree or for a tenth degree temperature display.\* Press the button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.
- 5. If the input temperature from the thermocouple or RTD needs to be adjusted, press the sti button for less than 3 seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter PoF appears. Use the and buttons to adjust a positive or negative offset to the PV value displayed on the controller. Press the sti button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.



\*Note: The decimal point display cannot be adjusted for B, S, and R type thermocouples.

Thermocouple* Type and Temperature Range				
Input Temperature Sensor Type	LED Display	Temperature Range		
Thermocouple TXK type	F ' ' ' '	-328 ~ 1472°F (-200 ~ 800°C)		
Thermocouple U type	-	-328 ~ 932°F (-200 ~ 500°C)		
Thermocouple L type	L	-328 ~ 1562°F (-200 ~ 850°C)		
Thermocouple B type	8	212 ~ 3272°F (100 ~ 1800°C)		
Thermocouple S type	5	32 ~ 3092°F (0 ~ 1700°C)		
Thermocouple R type	_	32 ~ 3092°F (0 ~ 1700°C)		
Thermocouple N type		-328 ~ 2372°F (-200 ~ 1300°C)		
Thermocouple E type	8	32 ~ 1112°F (0 ~ 600°C)		
Thermocouple T type	<u>E</u>	-328 ~ 752°F (-200 ~ 400°C)		
Thermocouple J type		-148 ~ 2192°F (-100 ~ 1200°C)		
Thermocouple K type	8	-328 ~ 2372°F (-200 ~ 1300°C)		
RTD Type and Temperature Range				
Input Temperature Sensor Type	LED Display	Temperature Range		
Platinum Resistance (Pt100)	PE	-328 ~ 1112°F (-200 ~ 600°C)		
Platinum Resistance (JPt100)	JPE	-4 ~ 752°F (-20 ~ 400°C)		
*Note: Use only ungrounded thermocouples.				

#### 11-2 Voltage Input

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the st button for three seconds. In the parameter net and buttons to select the value that corresponds to the voltage input that will be applied to the controller. See the table for voltage specifications. Press the st button to save the selected value. The controller will display the module information splash screen for three seconds and then return to the main screen.
- 2. Press the still button for three seconds again. Press the button to access the parameter P-H. Use the and buttons to select the high engineering value that corresponds to the maximum voltage signal that will be applied to the input of the controller. For example, if the 50 0V-5V input is to be used, this is the value the controller will display when the input equals 5V. Press the still button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter P-1. Use the and buttons to select the low engineering value that corresponds to the minimum voltage signal that will be applied to the input of the controller. For example, if the 50V-5V input is to be used, this is the value the controller will display when the input equals 0V. Press the still button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.
- 3. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter appears. Use the and buttons to select , to controller button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.
- 4. If the voltage input PV value displayed on the controller needs to be adjusted, press the st button for less than 3 seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter PoF appears. Use the and buttons to adjust a positive or negative offset to the PV value displayed on the controller. Press the st button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.

Voltage Input Type and Input Range				
Voltage Input Type	LED Display	Engineering Range		
0~50mV Analog Input	בי	-999 ~ 9999		
0V~10V Analog Input	⊔ 18	-999 ~ 9999		
0V~5V Analog Input	5ں	-999 ~ 9999		

### 11-3 Current Input

- 1. Install the supplied 249 ohm resistor between terminal #9 and #10.
- 2. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. In the parameter PP, use the and buttons to select the value that corresponds to the current input that will be applied to the controller. See the table for current specifications. Press the set button to save the selected value. The controller will display the module information splash screen for three seconds and then return to the main screen.
- 3. Press the st button for three seconds again. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter appears. Use the appears. Use the appears. Use the appears button to select the high engineering value that corresponds to the maximum current signal that will be applied to the input of the controller. For example, if the 4-20mA input is to be used, this is the value the controller will display when the input equals 20mA. Press the st button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter 2-1. Use the and buttons to select the low engineering value that corresponds to the minimum current signal that will be applied to the input of the controller. For example, if the 3-4-20mA input is to be used, this is the value the controller will display when the input equals 4mA. Press the st button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.
- 4. Press the D button repeatedly until the parameter D appears. Use the M and M buttons to select D, D, D or to indicate the position of the decimal point for the PV and SV values on the controller. Press the D button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.
- 5. If the current input PV value displayed on the controller needs to be adjusted, press the still button for less than 3 seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter PoF appears. Use the and buttons to adjust a positive or negative offset to the PV value displayed on the controller. Press the still button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.

Current Input Type and Range			
Current Input Type	LED Display	Engineering Range	
4~20mA Analog Input	ā84	-999 ~ 9999	
0~20mA Analog Input	A80	-999 ~ 9999	

### 12-1 PID Control Setup

Note: Select the desired control mode before beginning PID Control Setup.

There are four groups for storing PID parameters, PLd (PID0) - PLd (PID3). Press the button for less than three seconds and press the button repeatedly until the parameter PLd appears. Use the and buttons to select which group to use for storing the PID parameters. Press the button to confirm the setting. The groups PLd can be individually set up with different SV values to be used in the control process. If the group PLd is selected, the controller will automatically select the most useful PID parameters based on the current temperature setting and the SV value set in each PID group.

The parameters for PID can be auto-tuned using the button to turn the auto-tune feature on. Press the str button for less than three seconds. Use the button to turn the auto-tune feature on. Press the str button to save the value. Optimal PID values are automatically determined with the auto-tune feature. PID operation can also be controlled by programming the individual of parameters for each PID group. Access these parameters by pressing the str button for less than three seconds and press the button repeatedly until the parameter operated parameter of appears where corresponds to the PID group you are programming. Use the one and buttons to change the value for the Proportional band if desired and press the str button to save the value. Press the button to access the parameter. Use the one and buttons to change the value for the lategral time if desired and press the str button to save the value for the Derivative time if desired and press the str button to change the value for the Derivative time if desired and press the str button to change the value for the Derivative time if desired and press the str button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.

### 12-2 Heating Loop with PID Control

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the sti button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter [Frt] appears. Confirm the default value Ptd is selected for PID control. Press the button to access the parameter [Frt]. Confirm the default value HERL is selected for controlling a heating loop. Press the sti button to return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the D button to access the parameter --5, Verify that the default value Lin is selected. Press the SET button to return to the controller main screen.
- 3. Refer to Section 12-1 of this Quick Start Guide to set up the PID control parameters.
- 4. If the temperature controller's output #1 is discrete, access the regulation mode again by pressing the sti button for less than three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter appears. Use the and buttons to set the time period in seconds for the heating control. Press the button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.

### 12-3 Heating Loop with ON / OFF Control

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter Left appears. Use the appears button to select one for ON / OFF control. Press the set button to save the value. Press the button to access the parameter behalf. Confirm the default value HERE is selected for controlling a heating loop. Press the set button to return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the D button to access the parameter -5. Verify that the default value Lin is selected. Press the SET button to return to the controller main screen.
- 3. Press the set button for less than three seconds to access the parameter HE5. Use the variable buttons to enter hysteresis. This is the amount the PV must go below the SV before the controller output turns on. Press the set button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.

### 12-4 Cooling Loop with PID Control

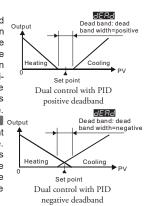
- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter Let appears. Confirm the default value control. Press the button to access the parameter set button to select for controlling a cooling loop. Press the set button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the D button to access the parameter --5. Verify that the default value Lin is selected. Press the D button to return to the controller main screen.
- 3. Refer to Section 12-1 of this Quick Start Guide to set up the PID control parameters.
- 4. If the temperature controller's output #1 is discrete, access the regulation mode again by pressing the set button for less than three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter papears. Use the and buttons to set the time period in seconds for the cooling control. Press the button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.

### 12-5 Cooling Loop with ON / OFF Control

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter [F-L] appears. Use the abuttons to select prof for ON / OFF control. Press the set button to save the value. Press the button to access the parameter [F-H]. Use the button to select [Do] for controlling a cooling loop. Press the set button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the D button to access the parameter 7-5. Verify that the default value 747 is selected. Press the SET button to return to the controller main screen.
- 3. Press the set button for less than three seconds to access the parameter EE5. Use the value buttons to enter hysteresis. This is the amount the PV must go above the SV before the controller output turns on. Press the set button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.

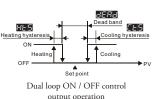
### 12-6 Dual Heating / Cooling Loop with PID Control

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter papears. Confirm the default value per is selected for PID control. Press the button to access the parameter below to button to select for controlling a dual heating / cooling loop. This parameter sets the heating control to output #1 and the cooling control to output #2. Press the set button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the Dutton to access the parameter -5. Verify that the default value Lin is selected. Press the button to return to the controller main screen.
- 3. Refer to Section 12-1 of this Quick Start Guide to set up the PID control parameters.
- 4. If the temperature controller's output #1 is discrete, access the regulation mode again by pressing the st button for less than three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter HEPP appears. Use the and buttons to set the time period in seconds for output #1, the heating control. Press the button to save the value. If the temperature controller's output #2 is discrete, press the button repeatedly until the parameter HEPP appears. Use the and buttons to enter the cycle period in seconds for output #2, the cooling output. Press the st button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.
- 5. Optional regulation parameters can be programmed for a second control output. If this is desired, access the regulation mode again by pressing the stip button for less than three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter papears. This value allows the cooling control to have a different proportional setting than the heating loop. The heating loop proportional band setting is multiplied by the press the stip button to create a proportional band setting for the cooling loop control. Use the and buttons to change this value if desired. Press the stip button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter selected value. Press the output is not effected by the proportional control value. As long as the PV remains within the deadband zone the output is not affected by the proportional control. The integral and derivative controls ignore the deadband setting and may cause the output to be on within the deadband zone. Press the stip button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.



### 12-7 Dual Heating / Cooling Loop with ON / OFF Control

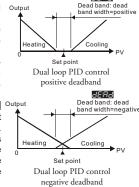
- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the sti button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter Let appears. Use the and buttons to select one for ON / OFF control and press the sti button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter S-HE. Use the button to select HE for controlling a cooling / heating loop. This parameter sets the heating control to output #1 and the cooling control to output #2. Press the sti button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the button to access the parameter 5. Verify that the default value 5. Verify that the default value 5. Verify that the default value 6. Verify that the def
- 3. Press the sti button for less than three seconds to access the parameter 12.5. Use the and buttons to enter hysteresis for output #1, the heating control. This is the amount the PV must go below the SV before the controller output turns on. Press the sti button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter 12.5. Use the and buttons to enter hysteresis for output #2, the cooling control. This is the amount the PV must go above the SV before the controller output turns on. Press the sti button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.



4. Optional regulation parameters can be programmed for additional dual loop control. If this is desired, access the regulation mode again by pressing the statement button for less than three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter defined appears. Use the and buttons to enter a deadband zone value around the setpoint where the output is not on. The PV must go beyond the deadband range in order for either the heating or cooling output to turn on. Press the statement button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.

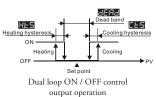
### 12-8 Dual Cooling / Heating Loop with PID Control

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter Left appears. Confirm the default value Pld is selected for PID control. Press the lacktriangle button to access the parameter lacktriangle. Use the lacktriangle button to select lacktrianglefor controlling a dual cooling / heating loop. This parameter sets the cooling control to output #1 and the heating control to output #2. Press the set button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the Dutton to access the parameter F-5. Verify that the default value Flin is selected Press the SET button to return to the controller main screen
- 3. Refer to Section 12-1 of this Quick Start Guide to set up the PID control parameters
- appears. Use the and buttons to set the time period in seconds for the cooling output control Press the st button to save the value. If the temperature controller's output #2 is discrete, press the button repeatedly until the parameter HEPs appears. Use the and buttons to enter the cycle period for output #2, the heating output. Press the 💷 button twice to save the value and return to the
- 5. Optional regulation parameters can be programmed for additional dual loop control. If this is desired, access the regulation mode again by pressing the str button for less than three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter FoFF appears. This value allows the heating control to have a different proportional setting than the cooling loop. The cooling loop proportional band setting is multiplied by the left value to create a proportional band setting for the heating loop control. Use the left and buttons to change this value if desired. Press the SET button to save the selected value Press the Dutton to access the parameter FFR. Use the and buttons to enter a deadband zone value around the setpoint where the output is not effected by the proportional control value. As long as the PV remains within the deadband zone the output is not affected by the proportional control. The integral and derivative controls ignore the deadband setting and may cause the output to be on within the deadband zone. Press the set button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.



### 12-9 Dual Cooling / Heating Loop with ON / OFF Control

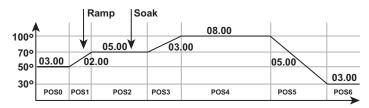
- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter [LrL] appears. Use the value and buttons to select proof for ON / OFF control and press the sti button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter 5-HC. Use the button to select H2C for controlling a cooling / heating loop. This parameter sets the cooling control to output #1 and the heating control to output #2. Press the street button twice to save the value and return to the controller main screen.
- 2. Press the Default value Lin is selected. Press the SET button to return to the controller main screen.
- 3. Press the set button for less than three seconds to access the parameter [HE5]. Use the and buttons to enter hysteresis for output #2, the heating control. This is the amount the PV must go below the SV before the controller output turns on. Press the str button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter **EFS**. Use the and buttons to enter hysteresis for output #1, the cooling control. This is the amount the PV must go above the SV before the controller output turns on. Press the SET button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.



4. Optional regulation parameters can be programmed for additional dual loop control. If this is desired, access the regulation mode again by pressing the st button for less than three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter of the state in order for either the heating or cooling output to turn on. Press the selected button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen

### 12-10 Ramp / Soak Control

- 1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the str button for three seconds. Press the 🖸 button repeatedly until the parameter [Fr] appears. Use the and buttons to select Pro5 for Ramp / Soak control. Press the button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter PREn. Eight different Ramp / Soak patterns are possible with the Solo Temperature ntroller. Use the and buttons to select pattern number 0 through 7 for programming. Press the button to save the selected value.
- 2. The chart below illustrates an example of a seven step Ramp / Soak pattern (Pattern 0). Press the button to access the parameter FPBB. Use the and buttons to select a setting value temperature for step 00 and press the str button to save the value. Press the Dutton to access the parameter Lise the  $\square$  and  $\square$  buttons to enter a time in hours / minutes for step 00. Follow this procedure until the desired number of temperature and time parameters are completed. Press the button to access the parameter Use the and buttons to select the last step to be completed by the Ramp /Soak pattern. For example, if P540 is set to H, steps 00 through 04 will be executed in the pattern.
- 3. Press the D button to access the parameter H.D. Use the D and D buttons to select the number of additional times the Ramp / Soak pattern will be executed. For example, if the Ramp / Soak pattern will execute a total of four times. Press the str button to save the selected value. Press the button to access the parameter to button to access the pa Ramp / Soak pattern to execute after the completion of Pattern 0. If set to \_\_\_\_\_\_, the temperature of the last step in Pattern 0 will be held. Press the st button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen



**Step03** = 100°

**Step00** = 50° Time00 = 3 hrs 00 min. 588 Step01 = 70°

 $\frac{1}{2}$  Time  $\frac{1}{2}$  3 hrs  $\frac{1}{2}$  min 5PBH Step04 = 100° Time01 = 2 hrs 00 min. Time04 = 8 hrs 00 min. 5*PBE* Step02 = 70° 5PB5 Step05 = 30° EIDE Time02 = 5 hrs 00 min. EIDE Time05 = 5 hrs 00 min.

**5225** Step06 = 30° Time06 = 3 hrs 00 min. P546 Process Step = 6 Cycle times = 0 Link = OFF

12-11 Manual Control Setup

1. Access the Initial Setup mode by pressing and holding the set button for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter Left appears. Use the and buttons to select ARAU for manual control. Press the still button twice to save the selected value and return to the controller main screen.

2. Press the 🖸 button to access the parameter 👊 🗓 Use the 🔽 and 🛆 buttons to set a value between and for to control output #1 directly. If the controller has a discrete output, a value of turns the and 1999 to control output #1 directly. If the controller has a discrete output, a value of 1999 turns the output on 20% of the time. A value of 1999 would turn the output on 100% of the time. A manually controlled analog output value is a percentage of the analog signal. For example, if the controller has a 4-20mA current output, a setting of 1999 would mean that the output would be 4mA. The output would be 20mA with a setting of 1999 to 1999 the 1999 to 1999 the 1999 to 1999 turns the 1999 to 1999 turns the 1999 to 1999 turns the 1999 tur save the selected value and return to the controller main screer

### **13** Event Inputs

Two event inputs are available with the SL9696 series temperature controller. (See section 8 for terminal wiring) EVENT1 input is a normally open contact input that controls the output(s) of the controller. All controller outputs are disabled when an external contact for EVENT1 is closed.

EVENT2 input is a normally open contact input that switches the setting value between two different values based on the state of the EVENT2. If the contact is open the first setting value is used for all parameters and outputs. If the contact is closed the second setting value is used for all parameters and outputs. Each temperature setting value has individual control paramete

#### 14 Alarm Outputs

There are up to three groups of alarm outputs (ALA1, ALA2, ALA3\*). Each alarm group can be programmed for one of seventeen different alarm types. To set up the first alarm output, press the structure for three seconds. Press the button repeatedly until the parameter RER appears. Use the button to choose the set value for the desired alarm type. Refer to the chart below for alarm type information. Press the set button to save the selected value. If additional alarm outputs are required press the button to proceed to ALRE and/or REBE\*. Follow the same procedure to program these additional alarms. When the desired alarms are programmed, press the still button repeatedly until the controller returns to the main screen.

The alarm output limits are controlled by the parameters  $\mathbb{H}_n$  and  $\mathbb{H}_n$ , where  $\underline{\text{"n"}}$  corresponds to the alarm output group chosen. After selecting the desired alarm group(s), press the Dutton repeatedly until the parameter Alarm and/or Alarm appears. Use the Dutton sto enter the high and/or low values for each group of alarm outputs selected. Press the Dutton to save each selected value. Press the still button again to return to the controller main screen.

ALA1 and ALA2 are both SPST resistive load 3A @ 250 VAC, normally open relay outputs. ALA3 uses the same output as output #2 and is the same type of output

\*Note: When output #2 is used, ALA3 is disabled. ALA3 is available only for single output loop control

_		
Set Value	Alarm Type	Alarm Output Operation
0	Alarm function disabled	Output is OFF
1	Deviation upper and lower limit: This alarm output activates when the PV value is higher than the setting value SV + ALnH or lower than the setting value SV - ALnL.	ON OFF SV-ALnL SV SV+ALnH
2	Deviation upper-limit: This alarm output activates when the PV value is higher than the setting value SV + ALnH.	ON OFF SV SV+ALnH
3	Deviation lower limit: This alarm output activates when the PV value is lower than the setting value SV - ALnL.	ON OFF ALD SV
4	Reverse deviation upper and lower limit: This alarm output activates when the PV value is in the range of the setting value SV+ ALnH and the setting value SV - ALnL.	ON OFF SV-ALnL SV SV+ALnH
5	Absolute value upper and lower limit: This alarm output activates when the PV value is higher than the setting value ALnH or lower than the setting value ALnL.	OFF ALnL ALnH
6	Absolute value upper-limit: This alarm output activates when the PV value is higher than the setting value ALnH	ON OFF
7	Absolute value lower limit: This alarm output activates when the PV value is lower than the setting value ALnL	ON OFF ALnL
8	Deviation upper and lower limit with standby sequence: This alarm output activates when the PV value reaches the set point (SV value) and the reached value is higher than the setting value SV + ALnH or lower than the setting value SV - ALnL.	ON OFF SV - ALnL SV SV + ALnH
9	Deviation upper limit with standby sequence: This alarm output activates when the PV value reaches the set point (SV value) and the reached value is higher than the setting value SV+ ALnH.	ON OFF SV SV + ALnH
10	Deviation lower limit with standby sequence: This alarm output activates when the PV value reaches the set point (SV value) and the reached value is lower than the setting value SV - ALnL.	OFF SV-ALnL SV
11	Hysteresis upper-limit alarm output: This alarm output activates when the PV value is higher than the setting value SV + ALnH. This alarm output is OFF when the PV value is lower than the setting value SV + ALnL.	ON OFF SV SV + ALnL SV + ALnH
12	Hysteresis lower-limit alarm output: This alarm output activates when the PV value is lower than the setting value SV- ALnH. This alarm output is OFF when the PV value is higher than the setting value SV- ALnL.	ON OFF SV - ALnH SV - ALnL SV
13	N/A	
	Ramp / Soak Program Alarms	
14	This alarm activates when the Ramp / Soak program has ended.	
15	This alarm activates while the program is in RAMP UP status.	
16	This alarm activates while the program is in RAMP DOWN status.	
17	This alarm activates while the program is in SOAK status.	
18	This alarm activates while the program is in RUN status.	
No.	te: ALnH includes AL1H, AL2H and AL3H. ALnL includes AL1L, AL2L and AL3	L.

### 15 Error Display Information

The chart below shows the possible error displays on the Solo temperature controller.

Controller Error Display					
Display Position	Display	Meaning	Cause	Corrective Action	
PV	b 160	Initialization PV = Firmware version	The controller is in the initialization	The Solo controller displays this information for a few seconds after power up. If the controller continues	
SV	[r	SV = Module type	process.	displaying this information, check the input wiring. If the prob still exists, replace the sensor or the controller.	
PV	no	No sensor input	The input terminals	Check the input wiring. If the problem still exists, replace the	
sv	Cont	No sensor input	are open.	sensor or the controller.	
PV	Err	Input error		Check the sensor and the input wiring. If the problem still exists,	
sv	_nPE	iliput error	read the input value	replace the sensor or the controller.	
PV	Err	EEPROM error	There is an error with	Cycle the power to the Solo controller. If the problem still exists,	
sv	Proñ	EEFROW elloi	the EEPROM	replace the controller.	
PV	E D./	D) ( ) (	The PV is out of	Check the PV range. The parameters $EP-H$ and $EP-L$	
SV	Flashing PV	PV out of range	range	define the range. Refer to section 12-1, 12-2 or 12-3 for directions on how to access these parameters.	