

IRONHORSETM

GSD5 SERIES DC DRIVES USER MANUAL USER MANUAL NUMBER: GSD5_UMP



N WARNING N

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CONTENTS

GSD5 Series DC Drives User Manual
N WARNING N
Trademarks
GSD5 DC Drives User Manual Overview
IronHorse GSD5 Series DC Drives General Information
Selection and Specifications
Dimensions
Installation and Wiring
Start-Up
Trim Pot Adjustments
Troubleshooting
GSD5 Series Accessories

GSD5 DC DRIVES USER MANUAL OVERVIEW

OVERVIEW OF THIS PUBLICATION

The IronHorse GSD5 Series DC Drives User Manual describes the installation, configuration, and methods of operation of the GSD5 Series DC Drives.

All information contained in this manual is intended to be correct. However, information and data in this manual are subject to change without notice. AutomationDirect (ADC) makes no warranty of any kind with regard to this information or data. Further, ADC is not responsible for any omissions or errors or consequential damage caused by the user of the product. ADC reserves the right to make manufacturing changes which may not be included in this manual.

WHO SHOULD READ THIS USER MANUAL

This manual contains important information for those who will install, maintain, and/or operate any of the GSD5 Series DC Drives.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

By Telephone: 770-844-4200 (Mon.-Fri., 9:00 a.m.-6:00 p.m. E.T.)

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Special Symbols

When you see the "notepad" icon in the left-hand margin, the paragraph to its immediate right will be a special note.



When you see the "exclamation mark" icon in the left-hand margin, the paragraph to its immediate right will be a WARNING. This information could prevent injury, loss of property, or even death (in extreme cases).

IRONHORSE GSD5 SERIES DC DRIVES GENERAL INFORMATION

IronHorse GSD5 DC drives are versatile, general-purpose, variable-speed, DC motor controllers that are designed to control DC Permanent Magnet, Shunt Wound, and some Universal (AC/DC) motors. Incoming AC voltage is converted to adjustable full-wave rectified DC voltage to operate the DC motor. Also, a full-wave field voltage is provided for shunt wound motors.



Carefully check the DC Drive for shipping damage. Report any damage to the carrier immediately. Do not attempt to operate the drive if visible damage is evident to either the circuit or to the electronic components.

STANDARD FEATURES

- Input voltages 120/240VAC @ 50/60Hz; output 0-90/180VDC.
- Adjustable horsepower settings (1/8 thru 1hp @ 120 VAC input; 1/4 thru 2hp @ 240 VAC input).
- Barrier terminal strip for all power and control wiring.
- Full-wave bridge supply.
- 1% speed regulation with armature voltage feedback; ±1/2% with tachometer feedback.
- Adjustable Minimum speed, Maximum speed, IR Compensation, Current Limit, and Acceleration & Deceleration.
- Line voltage compensation.
- $5k\Omega$ speed potentiometer with leads, dial, and knob included.
- 50:1 speed range.
- Transient voltage protection.
- Voltage following mode or DC tachometer follower by supplying ungrounded 0–12VDC analog input signal.
- DC tachometer feedback (6V at base speed).
- Inhibit circuit permits start & stop without breaking AC lines.
- Shunt field supply provided.
- Available in NEMA 4/12 enclosure with Power ON/OFF switch, or open-frame chassis.

CONTROL FEATURES

<u>MINIMUM SPEED</u> – Allows adjustment of the motor speed when the speed pot is set at minimum (CCW). This permits the user to eliminate "Deadband" on the main speed control, permitting zero calibration. Clockwise rotation of "MIN" trim pot increases speed.

<u>MAX SPEED</u> (Maximum Speed) – Allows adjustment of the motor speed when the speed pot is set at maximum (CW). This permits the user to eliminate the top end "Deadband", which will provide full speed at maximum rotation. Rotation of the "MAX" trim pot in the clockwise direction increases the maximum motor speed.

<u>ACCEL</u> (Acceleration) – Allows adjustment of the motor acceleration from a minimum of 0.5 seconds to approximately 8.0 seconds. The deceleration time is proportional to the ACCEL setting.

<u>I.R. COMP</u> (Speed Regulation) – Adjusts the drive output to compensate for speed changes caused by varying motor loads. As motor load is increased, IR COMP increases the voltage output of the drive. Clockwise rotation of the "IR COMP" trim pot increases compensation.

<u>CUR. LIM.</u> (Current Limit) – Provides protection from excessive armature current by limiting the maximum armature current the drive can provide. This enables adjustment of the maximum torque the motor can deliver. Torque adjustment (CUR. LIM.) is preset at 125% of rated motor torque (current) based on horsepower. Clockwise rotation of the "CUR. LIM." trim pot increases the torque (current) the drive will provide.

<u>INHIBIT TERMINAL PIN</u> – An adjustable acceleration ramp that allows the user a choice of stopping and starting hard (fast), or stopping hard with a soft start (without breaking the AC lines).

SELECTION AND SPECIFICATIONS

GSD5 Series DC Drives – Selection & Specifications						
Model		GSD5-240-10C	GSD5-240- 10N4	GSD5-240- 10N4-A	GSD5-240- 10N4-R	GSD5-240- 10N4-V
Package Configuration		open frame NEMA 4/12				
Power Quality	v Form Factor	1.4				
Special Featur	res	No	None Current follower Manual reversing Voltage followe			
Input Voltage	(@50/60Hz)	120/240 VAC ±10%				
Output Voltage		0–90/180 VDC				
Shunt Field Voltage		100VDC @ 120VAC input; 200VDC @ 240VAC input; (1A max)				
Motor Rating (hp)		1/8 – 1 hp @ 90VDC ; 1/4 – 2 hp @ 180VDC				
Output Current (continuous)		150mA – 10.8A (DC)				
Current Overload Capacity		150% for 60s				
Current Limit (adjustable)		1–15A (DC)				
Transient Protection		Metal Oxide Varistor (MOV)				
I.R. Compensation		Adjustable				
	Potentiometer		5kΩ 2W potentior	meter or 0–10VDC	isolated input signa	al
Speed	Current	4–20mA with option GSDA- AI-A or -V5	n/a	4–20mA	n/a	4–20mA
Adjustment	Voltage	0-5VDC, 0-250VDC with option GSDA- AI-V5	n/a	n/a	n/a	0-5VDC, 0-250VDC
Speed Range		50:1				
Speed Regulation		±1% of base speed (0.5% with tachometer feedback)				
Maximum Speed		Adjustable from 66% to 110% of base speed				
Minimum Speed		Linear ramp 0–30% of adjustable maximum speed				
Acceleration		Linear ramp adjustable 0.5–8s				
Deceleration		Follows acceleration setting				
Dynamic Braking		No				
Plugging Capability **		No				
Electrical Connections		Barrier-type terminal strip; 26–12 AWG				
External Fusing Required		Bussman ABC or Littlefuse 314 series ceramic fuses or equivalent Refer to wiring diagrams for details				
Operating Temperature		-10 to 45 °C [14 to 113 °F]				
Thermal Protection		Current limiting				
Mounting Orientation		Can be mounted in any orientation				
Corrosive Gases		NOT compatible with any corrosive gases				
Weight		16.25 oz [413g] 25.50 oz [723g]				
Agency Approvals		_C UL _{US} listed (E333109), RoHS RoHS				
Optional Accessories *						
Replacement Potentiometer GSDA-5K						
Digital Potentiometer		GSDA-DP				
Manual Reverse Switch		GSDA-MREV**** Incl			Included	GSDA-MREV***
Analog Current Input Card		GSDA-AI-A	_	Included	_	-
Analog Voltage Input Card		GSDA-AI-V5	_	-	-	Included
 * For accessories details, refer to the "GSD Series DC Drives Accessories" section. ** Plugging is a method of rapidly changing motor direction by reversing motor armature polarity, while the motor is still running. *** Puse type: Bussman/Edison ABC, Littlefuse 314 series, or aquivalent. Euse bot less only do not fuse AC poutrols. Pofer 						

*** Fuse Type: Bussman/Edison ABC, Littlefuse 314 series, or equivalent. Fuse hot legs only; do not fuse AC neutrals. Refer to <u>"Fusing" on page 7</u>.

****To meet NEMA4 requirements, GSDA-MREV requires a user provided external exclosure.

DIMENSIONS



INSTALLATION AND WIRING



Install open-frame drives in an enclosure with a volume at least three times the volume of the openframe drive.



Do not mount GSD5-240-xxxxx DC drive where ambient temperature is outside the range of -10 to 45 $^{\circ}$ C (14 to 113 $^{\circ}$ F).

Size all wires that carry armature or line currents as specified by applicable national, state, and/or local codes. All other wires may be 18AWG or smaller as permitted by the codes.



Separate control wires from the armature and AC lines when routed in conduit or wire trays.

CAUTION!! TURN POWER OFF WHILE MAKING WIRING CONNECTIONS.



Improper installation or operation of this DC Drive may cause injury to personnel or drive failure. The drive must be installed in accordance with local, state, and national safety codes. Make certain that the power supply is disconnected before attempting to service or remove any components!!! If the power disconnect point is out of sight, lock it in disconnected position and tag it to prevent unexpected application of power. Only a qualified electrician or service personnel should perform any electrical troubleshooting or maintenance. At no time should circuit continuity be checked by shorting terminals with a screwdriver or other metal device.



Before attempting to wire the DC Drive, make sure all power is disconnected. Recheck code designation to assure proper voltage is present for the DC Drive. Carefully select proper wire size for current and voltage drop. Limit the voltage drop through the wiring to 5% of the line voltage at full load



CAUTION!! Do not attempt to perform a hi-pot test across the AC lines with the DC drive in the circuit. This will result in immediate or long-term damage to the drive.

- 1) Ensure that the GSD5 drive chassis is properly grounded.
- 2) Motor armature connections must not be switched or broken while the GSD5 drive is ON. Serious damage may result.
- 3) The inputs to the speed pot terminals (P1-1, P1-2, P1-3) must not be grounded. Serious damage may result.

Fusing

The GSD5 has an internal fuse in AC line 1 (P1-11), and this fuse is sized to open in the event of a shorted armature or if an armature line is shorted to earth ground. For properly connected 120 VAC input, additional fusing is not needed. [Replace with Bussman ABC10 or LittelFuse 314-010 or equivalent. AutomationDirect sells ABC series fuses.]

For 240 VAC applications, use an external fuse in AC line 2 (P1-10). This fuse should be a Bussman ABC10 or LittelFuse 314-010. [AutomationDirect sells ABC series fuses.]



AC current is determined by motor characteristics, and it may be necessary to increase fuse value for some applications.

WIRING TERMINALS

GSD5 Wiring Terminals				
Туре	Wire Range	Tightening Torque		
barrier-type terminal strip	26–12 AWG	10.0 lb·in [1.1 N·m]		



INSTALLATION AND WIRING (CONTINUED)

WIRING DIAGRAMS

GSD5-240-10C Basic Wiring Diagram



GSD5-240-10C Reversing Wiring Diagram



INSTALLATION AND WIRING – WIRING DIAGRAMS (CONTINUED)

GSD5-240-10N4 Basic Wiring Diagram



GSD5-240-10N4-V Basic Wiring Diagram (Factory installed Voltage Follower input option)



INSTALLATION AND WIRING - WIRING DIAGRAMS (CONTINUED)

GSD5-240-10N4-R Reversing Wiring Diagram (Factory installed Manual Reversing input option)

The GSD5-240-10N4-R includes a 4PDT blocked center switch which permits reversing the motor. When switched between the forward/reverse positions, a delay is encountered due to the blocked center position, which protects the control from any voltage that may be at the armature terminals. The center position is OFF/NEUTRAL.

CAUTION: THE MOTOR MUST COME TO A COMPLETE STOP BEFORE CHANGING DIRECTIONS. IF THE MOTOR DOES NOT COME TO A COMPLETE STOP, THE DRIVE MAY BE SERIOUSLY DAMAGED. BYPASSING THE CENTER BLOCK OF THE SWITCH MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE.



GSD5-240-10N4-A Basic Wiring Diagram (Factory installed Current Follower input option)

The GSD5-240-10N4-A includes a 4–20 mA isolated signal card that allows the drive to be run in either the Manual mode via a speed pot, or the Auto mode via the 4–20 mA signal.



INSTALLATION AND WIRING – WIRING DIAGRAMS (CONTINUED)

GSD5-240-xxx Two-Speed Operation

Two-speed operation is done using two 10 k Ω speed potentiometers in parallel, with both Highs connected to terminal P1-3, and both Lows connected to P1-1. A SPDT switch selects which pot Wiper is connected to terminal P1-2.



GSD5-240-xxx Tachometer Feedback

Improves regulation to $\pm 1/2$ of base speed.



GSD5-240-xxx Dynamic Braking

A DPDT switch is used to control and to connect a customer-supplied Dynamic Braking Resistor (DBR). Typical values for the DBR are 35-50W at 5Ω for 120V, or 10Ω for 240V. Motor horsepower, inertia, and cycle time affect the sizing of the DBR.





Tachometer control needs tachometer output of 7VDC/1000rpm with ripple limited to 1% or less.

GSD5-240-xxx Inhibit (used independently)

The customer-supplied SPST switch is connected in series between the Speed Pot High (P1-3) and the Inhibit pin (P2). To Inhibit (stop motor), close Speed Pot High to the Inhibit pin. To restart, return the switch to open. <u>NOTE: The control will stop and start</u> <u>fast; Accel is bypassed.</u>



GSD5-240-xxx Inhibit (used with speed pot)

The common of the SPDT switch is connected to control pot High, and is switched between Speed Pot High (P1-3) and the Inhibit pin (P2). To inhibit (stop motor), Speed Pot High is closed to the Inhibit pin. To restart, return the switch to Speed Pot High. <u>NOTE: The</u> <u>control will stop fast and soft start through a</u> <u>fixed acceleration rangee.</u>



1) Inhibit control will stop and start the motor quickly.

2) Inhibit control permits starting and stopping the motor without breaking the AC lines.
3) In the event of SCR failure or false triggering, the Inhibit circuit will not stop the motor.
4) Always use shielded wire when connecting to the Inhibit terminal, and connect the shield to the -Armature or Common of the drive.

START-UP

- 1) Recheck all wiring. Accidental grounds, loose or pinched wires on armature or speed pot wires may damage the DC drive when power is applied.
- 2) Check to see that the incoming power is of the correct voltage.
- 3) Turn the speed pot to zero (fully CCW).
- 4) Turn power on, and advance the speed pot while observing motor direction of rotation. <u>Power must be turned off again before step 5 can be accomplished!</u>
- 5) If the motor rotation is incorrect, turn power off at external disconnect, and reverse the +ARM and -ARM connections.
- 6) Check for satisfactory operation throughout the speed range.
- 7) If operation is satisfactory, no readjustments are needed.
- 8) If instability or surging is observed, or if maximum speed is higher than desired, refer to the "Trim Pot Adjustments" section."
- 9) For other problems, consult the "Troubleshooting" section.

TRIM POT ADJUSTMENTS

If the system is unstable after the previous Start-Up procedure, then adjust the trimpots as follows. These adjustments are maintained, and periodic readjustments are not normally needed. However, readjustments could be needed if the drive is operated beyond $\pm 10\%$ of the rated line voltage.

For GSD5 Drives without Analog Current/Voltage Input Cards

GSD5-240-10C, GSD5-240-10N4, GSD5-240-10N4-R Trim Pot Adjustment *				
Trim Pot	Function	Adjustment		
Max**	Sets maximum motor speed when speed pot is set at maximum (fully CW rotation). CW rotation of MAX trim pot increases maximum motor speed.	 TURN DRIVE POWER OFF!! Connect a DC voltmeter: + to +ARM; - to -ARM. Set meter voltage range: (90 VDC for 120 VAC; 180 VDC for 240 VAC). Turn power on. Set Speed pot at 100%. Adjust MAX trim pot to rated motor armature voltage as shown on meter. <i>NOTE</i>: A tachometer or strobe may be used in lieu of a meter. Follow above steps, except adjust MAX trim pot to rated motor base speed indicated by tachometer or strobe. 		
Min**	Sets minimum motor speed when speed pot is set at zero. CW rotation will increase minimum motor speed.	 Set Speed pot to zero (fully CCW). Rotate MIN trim pot CW until motor starts to rotate. Slowly rotate MIN trim pot CCW until motor stops. <u>NOTE</u>: If motor rotation is desired, rotate MIN trim pot CW until desired MIN speed is reached. 		
IR Comp	Calibrates speed regulation. Provides a means of improving motor speed regulation in the armature feedback mode. If a slowdown due to load change is of no concern, rotate this trim pot fully CCW.	 Set Speed pot at 50%. Observe motor speed at no load condition. Apply full load to motor. Turn IR COMP trim pot CW to obtain the same motor speed as with no load. 		
Cur Lim	Limits DC motor armature current (torque) to prevent damage to the motor or drive. The current limit is set for the rated motor current. CW rotation of this trim pot increases the armature current (or torque produced).	 TURN DRIVE POWER OFF! Connect a DC Ammeter between A1 on motor and +ARM on drive. This is in series with the motor. Turn power ON. Set Speed pot at the 50% position. Apply friction braking to motor shaft until motor stalls (zero rpm). With motor stalled, set current at 125% of rated motor armature current by adjusting CUR. LIM. trim pot. 		
Accel	Allows adjustment of acceleration by user.	CW rotation of the ACCEL trim pot increases acceleration time.		
* Adjustments are performed with motor connected to drive. DO NOT USE this adjustment procedure for GSD5-240-10C DC drives with GSDA-AI-A analog current input cards, for GSD5-240-10N4-A drives, or for GSD5-240-10N4-V drives.				

** For Max and Min adjustments of the GSD5-240-10C DC drive with GSDA-AI-A analog input cards, the GSD5-240-10N4-A drive, or the GSD5-240-10N4-V drive, refer to the adjustment procedures on the following page.

TRIM POT ADJUSTMENTS (CONTINUED)

For GSD5-240-10C with optional GSDA-AI-A Analog Current Input Card, and GSD5-240-10N4-A

(Adjustments are performed with motor connected to drive.)

- 1) Adjust the DC drive Min trim pot to minimum (full CCW) and Max trim pot to 50%. (The voltage is set below the typical motor voltage to make certain the drive is NOT in saturation before setting the analog current input board saturation point.
- 2) Set the Linearity/gain pot on the analog current input full CW. This is a 20-turn pot and you should hear a clicking with each turn when fully up or just count 20 turns.
- 3) Make certain your motor is connected to +/-ARM output of the drive, the AUTO/MAN switch is in AUTO mode (for GSD5-240-10N4-A), and source power for the drive is turned on. (Note: For proper tuning, this setup is best done on an unloaded motor.)
- 4) With power applied and a voltmeter monitoring motor output VDC, apply 4mA to analog current input board. Check voltmeter reading and adjust the Linearity/gain trim pot, R16, on the analog current input board CCW until motor output voltage is less than 0.1VDC.
- 5) Now apply 20mA to the analog current input board and adjust the Max trim pot to a voltage that is 15 volts above the final desired max motor voltage output. Adjust the Linearity/gain trim pot on the analog current input board CCW until the motor output voltage decreases to the desired max voltage setpoint.
- 6) Now, apply 4mA to the analog current input board again, and adjust the Min trim pot to deadband or the desired minimum motor voltage output. The deadband point is where you are at 0VDC, and any further increase of the Min trim pot would result in an output to the motor. Re-apply 20mA to the analog current input board and verify max output has not changed. A small adjustment may be needed to the Max trim pot to reset to desired max output.
- 7) Adjust 4-20 input to 12mA. If tuned properly the output voltage of an unloaded motor should be within a few volts of ½ output (based on max output setting above).
- 8) GSD5-240-10N4-A option only: With 20mA applied to the GSD5-240-10N4-A in Auto mode, move AUTO/MANUAL switch to MANUAL. In manual mode, turn the speed pot full CW and note motor voltage output reading on voltmeter. If not equal to output at 20mA in Auto Mode, adjust the Balance trim pot on the GSD5-240-10N4-A board (CW or CCW) until the same reading is achieved. The motor output VDC should not change more than 1VDC when flipping back and forth between AUTO and MANUAL position.

FOR GSD5-240-10N4-V

(Adjustments are performed with motor connected to drive.)

- 1) With NO power at the drive, connect a DC voltmeter (meter must not be grounded) to control outputs as follows: Meter COMMON to the -ARM terminal; Meter POSITIVE to the +ARM terminal. Select correct meter range (0-90V or 0-180V).
- 2) Preset GAIN trim pot (analog voltage follower board) fully CCW, place input voltage range jumper clip in proper position. (For ranges, refer to the GSD5-240-10N4-V Basic Wiring Diagram on page 9.)
- 3) Preset control as follows: MIN and IR COMP fully CCW; MAX at 50%.
- 4) Apply desired AC voltage to drive and analog voltage follower board.
- 5) With 0 volts into analog voltage follower board, adjust MIN trim pot on drive to eliminate deadband. To do this, increase MIN fully CW, and then adjust CCW until meter reads 0V.
- 6) Apply maximum input voltage to analog voltage follower board input.
- 7) Adjust GAIN until no further change in voltage output occurs, then turn CCW until a 5V drop occurs, and then set control MAX to 90VDC (for 120V input) or 180VDC (for 240V input).
- 8) For Closed Loop systems the IR COMP should remain fully CCW. For Open Loop systems, set IR per set-up procedure.
- 9) Some interaction between trimpots may occur. Recheck the MIN trim pot setting and repeat steps 5 through 7 as needed.

TROUBLESHOOTING

If a newly installed DC Drive will not operate, it is likely that a terminal connection is loose. Check the terminal connections and ensure that they are secure and correct. If the drive is still inoperative, refer to the Troubleshooting Table.

Troubleshooting						
Problem	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action				
Motor doesn't run	 Blown fuse or circuit breaker Incorrect or no power Speed pot set at zero Worn motor brushes 	 Replace fuse or reset breaker Install proper power service Rotate Speed pot CW to start Replace motor brushes 				
Armature output voltage cannot be adjusted; output is a constant DC level	 No motor or load connected Speed pot low connection open 	 Ensure that motor or load is connected to armature terminals Ensure that Speed pot Low wire is connected 				
Motor stalls, or runs very slowly with speed control set fully CW	 Low voltage Overload condition Worn motor brushes Max speed set incorrectly 	 Ensure that VAC is above 108 VAC Reduce load or increase motor size Replace brushes Consult "Trim Pot Adjustments" section 				
Motor "hunts"	 Too much IR Comp Motor is in Current Limit Motor not pulling enough current Max trim pot set too high Motor speed is above rated speed 	 Consult "Trim Pot Adjustments" section Consult "Trim Pot Adjustments" section Motor current must be greater than 150 mA (DC) Consult "Trim Pot Adjustments" section Reduce speed 				
Repeated fuse blowing	 Low voltage Overload condition Worn motor brushes Defective motor bearings Defective electrical components 	 Ensure that VAC is above 108 VAC Reduce load Replace brushes Replace bearings Contact distributor or representative 				
Motor runs, but will not stop	 Incorrect wiring (enclosed drive) Defective wiring Jumper inhibit Defective component 	 Ensure that Terminal Strip Wiring is correct per wiring instructions/diagrams (check AC line connection in particular) Check wiring Check jumper inhibit pin connection (P2) Contact AutomationDirect "Product Returns" for replacement. 				

GSD5 SERIES ACCESSORIES

GSDA-AI-V5

Optional analog voltage or current input card for <u>open-frame GSD5-240-10C series DC drives</u> only This option card allows for the use of either a grounded or non-grounded remote DC signal such as 0–5 VDC through 0–250 VDC, 4–20mA, or a remote speed potentiometer. The DC input signal type can be selected for voltage (V_{in}) or current (4–20mA) via the JP2 jumper clip. There is a Hi/Lo range jumper (P4) selection that should be set to the (Lo) setting (jumper positioned across pins 2 and 3) when using a 4–20mA signal or voltage ranges of 0–5 VDC through 0–25 VDC. When using voltage ranges of 0–25 VDC through 0–250 VDC, this jumper must be set to (Hi) (jumper positioned across pins 1 and 2). The GAIN trim pot is used to set full linear output in reference to the input signal range. The output of this remote signal isolation board is a linear signal that is proportional to the remote input signal being supplied.

GSDA-AI-V5 Mounting and Wiring Diagram



The Kit Includes:

- (1) option card
- (3) spacers (0.25 x 0.5 in)
- (3) Phillips-head screws (#6-32 x 0.75 in)

Spacers:

Install spacers at JU1, JU3, and JU5, as illustrated.

Wiring Jumpers:

Connect wires JU2 and JU4 as illustrated.

GSDA-AI-V5 SETUP PROCEDURE

- 1) With motor connected and NO power at the drive, connect a DC voltmeter (meter must not be grounded) to control outputs as follows: Meter COMMON to the -ARM terminal; Meter POSITIVE to the +ARM terminal. Select correct voltage range (0-90V or 0-180V) for the voltage meter being used.
- 2) Preset GAIN trim pot (analog voltage follower board) fully CCW, place range jumper clip in proper position.
- 3) Preset control as follows: MIN and IR COMP fully CCW; MAX at 50%.
- 4) Apply desired AC voltage to drive and analog voltage follower board.
- 5) With 0 volts into analog voltage follower board, adjust MIN trim pot on drive to eliminate deadband. To do this, increase MIN fully CW, and then adjust CCW until meter reads 0V.
- 6) Apply maximum input voltage to analog voltage follower board input.
- 7) Adjust GAIN until no further change in voltage output occurs, then turn CCW until a 5V drop occurs, and then set control MAX to 90VDC (for 120V input) or 180VDC (for 240V input).
- 8) For Closed Loop systems the IR COMP should remain fully CCW. For Open Loop systems, set IR per set-up procedure.
- 9) Some interaction between trimpots may occur. Recheck the MIN trim pot setting and repeat steps 5 through 7 as needed.