

# HF RFID SYSTEM TRANSPONDER RTH-DxxRA-NF0

HOUSING	MEMORY SIZE	MOUNTING	<ul><li>✓ Passive components (no battery)</li><li>✓ Cylindric smooth housing</li></ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Insensible to dirt</li> <li>✓ Anticollision algorithm</li> <li>✓ Various protections by</li> </ul>		
Ø 9 mm	320 Bytes	Non-embeddable	PPS + Epoxy	password  ✓ OTP write protection for blocks		
Ø 16 mm	320 bytes	Non-embeddable	of 32 bits	✓ 16-bit counter		

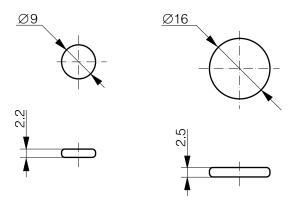












RTH-D09RA-NF0

RTH-D16RA-NF0

GENERAL DATA				
Type of integrated circuit	NXP I-Code SLI-X2			
Carrier frequency	13.56 MHz			
Compatible standard	ISO 15693			
Maximum transmission speed	53 kbit/s if fast custom commands are used, 26.5 kbit/s otherwise			
Memory type	EEPROM			
Memory size	2560 Bytes			
Read/write distance max. (RSSI ≥ 0)	RTH-D09RA-NF0: 26 mm with C44 RWM	RTH-D16RA-NF0: 44 mm with C44 RWM		

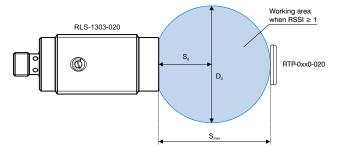
MEMORY INFORMATION		MECHANICAL DATA		
Organization	80 blocks × 4 Bytes	Protection degree	IP67	
User memory (R/W)	79 blocks, 316 Bytes	Ambient temperature range TA*	−20+85°C	
Configuration memory	1 block, 4 Bytes	Storage temperature range TS**	−20+110°C	
Unique identifier	8 Bytes	Thermal cycling reliability @ 110°C	500 cycles / 500 hours	
Data retention period (< 55°C)	> 50 years	Housing material	PPS + Epoxy	
Number of "write" cycles	10 <sup>5</sup>	Weight	See table "Available types" (p. 2)	
Number of "read" cycles	unlimited			

<sup>\*</sup> Read/write operations possible

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data retention and mechanical stability limit

# **OPERATING ZONE**

The operating area is highly dependent on the environment.

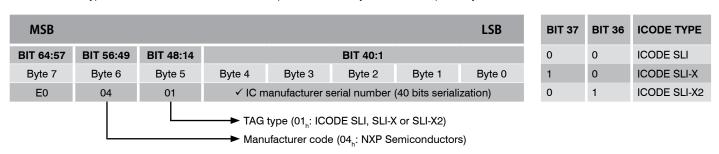


#### Typical values @ 25°C:

	RWM	S <sub>max</sub> [mm]	S <sub>0</sub> [mm]	D <sub>0</sub> [mm]
	M18 (RSSI≥0)	12	4	16
	M18 (RSSI≥1)	11	3.5	15
RTH-D09RA-NF0	M30 (RSSI≥0)	19	7	26
KIN-DUSKA-NFU	M30 (RSSI≥1)	17	5.5	24
	C44 (RSSI≥0)	26	11	34
	C44 (RSSI≥1)	24	9	32
	M18 (RSSI≥0)	20	9	23
	M18 (RSSI≥1)	19	8.5	22
RTH-D16RA-NF0	M30 (RSSI≥0)	31	14.5	34
KIN-DIOKA-NEU	M30 (RSSI≥1)	28	13	31
	C44 (RSSI≥0)	44	23	46
	C44 (RSSI≥1)	40	20	44

# **UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (UID)**

The 64-bits unique identification number (UID) is programmed during the production process according to ISO/IEC 15693-3 and cannot be changed afterwards. The type of TAG and manufacturer code are part of the UID: bytes 5 and 6 respectively.



# **SECURITY AND PROTECTIONS**

Description				
Unique identifier (UID) for each transponder				
Lock mechanism for each user memory block (write protection)				
Lock mechanism for DSFID, AFI and EAS*				
Password (32-bits) protected EAS/AFI functionality*				
Initial state of the EAS/AFI passwords 00000000 <sub>h</sub>				
Destroy SLI-X2*				
Enable Privacy*				
32-byte ECC signature*				

<sup>\*</sup> Features not available with Contrinex RWMs (RLx-xxxx-xxx)

AVAILABLE TYPES					
Part number	Part reference	Ø	Mounting	Weight	
720-000-152	RTH-D09RA-NF0	9 mm	Non-embeddable	0.25 g	
720-300-153	RTH-D16RA-NF0	16 mm	Non-embeddable	0.75 g	

# **MEMORY OF TRANSPONDERS**

The EEPROM has a memory capacity of 2560 bits and is divided in two areas. One user area of 79 blocks and one counter block and a system area not stored in EEPROM, that means a total of 80 blocks of 4 bytes each. The block is the smallest unit used to read and write the EEPROM memory.

#### **EEPROM** memory configuration

Area	Block No.	Details	Read Access	Write Access
User memory (316 bytes)	00 <sub>h</sub> to 4E <sub>h</sub>	User memory	✓	✓
User memory (4 bytes)	4F <sub>h</sub>	Counter	Special access. See "16-bit counter features".	Special access. See "16-bit counter features".
System memory	N/A	UID (64 bits), Access Control Info. Passwords (AFI, EAS) Write protection Destroy Enable privacy 32-byte ECC sign.	See "List of commands" features for more details	See "List of commands" features for more details

**User memory** 

Direct read access to blocks of this memory is always possible. Direct write access to blocks of this memory is possible depending on the value of its corresponding block security status bit.

System memory Direct read or write access to blocks of this memory area is not possible.

Structure of a single user memory block

MSB			LSB
Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0

# **SPECIAL FEATURES**

Name	Description
EAS*	Electronic Article Surveillance
AFI	Application Family Identifier
DSFID	Data Storage Format Identifier

<sup>\*</sup> Features not available with Contrinex RWMs (RLx-xxxx-xxx)

# **LIST OF COMMANDS**

	6 111	Command	5	R	XXX-XXX	(-
	Command Name	Code	Description	x20	320	NIS
Mandatory	Inventory	01 <sub>h</sub>	Execute the anti-collision sequence and return UID	✓	✓	×
ISO 15693	Stay Quiet	02 <sub>h</sub>	Enter the Quiet state	✓	×	×
	Read Single Block	20 <sub>h</sub>	Read the requested 1 block data in the user/system memory	✓	✓	✓
	Write Single Block	21 <sub>h</sub>	Write the requested 1 block data in the user memory	✓	✓	✓
	Lock Block	22 <sub>h</sub>	Lock permanently the requested 1 block in the user memory	✓	×	×
	Read Multiple Blocks	23 <sub>h</sub>	Read the requested multiple block data in the user/system memory	*	×	×
	Select	25 <sub>h</sub>	Enter the Select state	✓	×	*
	Reset to ready	26 <sub>h</sub>	Enter the Ready state	✓	×	×
Optional ISO 15693	Write AFI	27 <sub>h</sub>	Write AFI (Application Family Identifier) value into EEPROM	✓	×	×
	Lock AFI	28 <sub>h</sub>	Lock permanently AFI value	✓	×	×
	Write DSFID	29 <sub>h</sub>	Write DSFID (Data Storage Format Identifier) value into EEPROM	✓	×	×
	Lock DSFID	2A <sub>h</sub>	Lock permanently DSFID value	✓	×	*
	Get System Information	2B <sub>h</sub>	Read the system information value (UID, DSFID, AFI, number of bytes per block, etc)	✓	*	✓
	Get Multiple Block Security Status	2C <sub>h</sub>	Read the block security status stored in system area	*	*	×
	-	2D <sub>h</sub> to 9F <sub>h</sub>	Reserved for future use	-	-	-

# **LIST OF COMMANDS**

	Command Name	Command	Description	R	хх-ххх	<b>(</b> -
	Command Name	Code	Description	x20	320	NIS
	Inventory Read	AO <sub>h</sub>	Execute the anti-collision sequence and return the requested n blocks data in the user memory	×	×	×
	Fast Inventory Read	A1 <sub>h</sub>	Fast response Inventory Read command	×	×	×
	Set EAS	A2 <sub>h</sub>	Set EAS bit to "1"	×	×	×
	Reset EAS	A3 <sub>h</sub>	Set EAS bit to "0"	×	×	×
	Lock EAS	A4 <sub>h</sub>	Lock permanently the EAS bit to its current value	×	×	×
	EAS Alarm	A5 <sub>h</sub>	When EAS bit is "1", reply 13 bytes of data (Flags, EAS, IC Mfg. code, UID and CRC16)	×	×	×
	Write EAS ID	A6 <sub>h</sub>	Write a new EAS identifier	×	×	×
	Get NXP System Information	AB <sub>h</sub>	Provide information about IC access conditions and supported features	×	×	×
	Password Protect EAS/AFI	A6 <sub>h</sub>	EAS/AFI Password has to be transmitted before with a Set Password command	×	×	×
	Get Random Number	B2 <sub>h</sub>	Get a random number calculated in the transponder	✓	×	✓
	Set Password	B3 <sub>h</sub>	Get access to the different protected functionalities (EAS/AFI) in function of the password identifier used	✓	×	✓
Custom ISO 15693	Write Password	B4 <sub>h</sub>	Write a new password (EAS/AFI) into the system memory in function of the password identifier used	✓	×	×
	Lock Password	B5 <sub>h</sub>	Lock permanently one password (EAS/AFI) in function of the password identifier used	✓	×	×
	Protect Page	B6 <sub>h</sub>	Set the read and write access condition pagewise	✓	×	×
	Lock Page Protection	B7 <sub>h</sub>	Lock permanently the read and write access condition pagewise	✓	×	×
	Destroy SLI-X2	B9 <sub>h</sub>	Destroy permanently the transponder ISO 15693 air interface	✓	×	×
	Enable Privacy	BA <sub>h</sub>	Enable the SLI-S privacy mode	×	×	×
	64 Bit Password Protection	BB <sub>h</sub>	If 64-Bit Pasword Protection is enabled both read + write passwords are required to access read and write protected blocks (pages)	✓	×	×
	Stay Quiet Persistent	BB <sub>h</sub>	Upon reception, the label IC enters the persistent quiet state and will not send back a response.  Stay quiet persists after power-off in case power off time < IC persistence time	×	×	×
	Read signature	BD <sub>h</sub>	Return an IC specific, 32-byte ECC signature, to verify NXP Semiconductors as the silicon vendor	×	×	×

# NOTES ON USING I-CODE SLI-X2 – 16-bit counter features

Block 79 of the user memory contains the 16-bit counter. The block can be accessed with the standard READ and WRITE commands but special data considerations are required. The standard password protection mechanisms for the user memory is not valid for block 79.

The 16 bit counter (block 79) can be

- read
- increased by one

The counter can be read with a READ SINGLE BLOCK command to block 79 or a READ MULTIPLE BLOCK command including block 79. The 4 byte data from block 79 provide the following information:

#### Counter block data structure

Byte	Name	Value	Description
0	C0	0x00 – 0xFF	LSB of the counter value
1	C1	0x00 - 0xFF	MSB of the counter value
2	-	0x00	RFU
3	-	0x00	RFU

To increment the counter, a WRITE SINGLE BLOCK command must be sent to block 79 with the following values: C0=0x01 and C1=0x00.