

RHINO BATTERY CONTROL MODULE PSH-BCM360S

Safety Instructions

- **Read these instructions carefully and completely before installation.**
- These instructions cannot account for every possible condition of installation, operation or maintenance. The equipment must be installed and put into service by qualified personnel only.
- Before any installation, maintenance or modification work ensure that the main switch is switched off and prevented from being switched on again. Non-observance, touching of any live components or improper handling of this power supply can result in death, severe personal injury or substantial property damage. Proper and safe operation is dependent on proper storage, handling, installation and operation.
- Compliance with the relevant national and local regulations must be ensured. Before operation is started the following conditions must be ensured:
 - When stranded wires are used, all strands must be fastened in the terminal blocks. (Potential danger of contact with the case.)
 - Power supply and mains cables must be sufficiently fused.
 - All output wires must be rated for the equipment output current and must be connected with the correct polarity.
 - Sufficient cooling must be ensured.
- **Never work on the equipment if power is supplied!** Risk of electric arcs and electrical shock, which can cause death, severe personal injury or substantial property damage.
- **Warning:** Hazardous voltages and components storing a very substantial amount of energy are present in this power supply during normal operating conditions. However, these are inaccessible. Improper handling may result in an electric shock or serious burns!
- Do not open the equipment.
- Do not introduce any objects into the equipment.
- Adjustment potentiometer(s) may only be actuated using an insulated screwdriver.
- Keep away from fire and water.

Recycling

The unit contains elements that are suitable for recycling, and components that need special disposal. You are therefore requested to make sure that the power supply will be recycled in an environmentally friendly manner at the end of its service life.

FOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CALL 770-844-4200



Features

- Universal battery controller module for interruptible 24VDC and 48VDC bus voltage
- Redundant inputs for two independent sources
- Battery protection for over voltage, deep discharge, short circuit and reverse connection
- Alarm outputs for input, output and battery condition
- Remote On/Off for battery
- Controlled end of charge voltage by optional temperature sensor

General Description

The PSH-BCM360S module provides a professional battery management system to charge and monitor an external 12V lead-acid battery with a capacity greater than 2.5 Ah. This module is a standalone unit and is designed to function with any 24VDC or 48VDC power supply output regulated to 1% or better. Together with one or a pair of 24VDC or 48VDC power supplies a perfect DC-UPS system can be configured.

The load voltage is configured through the means of a jumper on the unit with selectable 24VDC or 48VDC voltage levels. No other signals are required between the PSH-BCM360S and the connected power supplies for correct operation of the module.

The connected battery will be charged and held in charged mode by the power supply. In the event of a mains power failure the battery will supply output power without interruption.

A step up converter is used to maintain the selected output voltage level, $V_{nom} - 6\%$ (typical). To avoid overcharging the battery, an optional external temperature sensor can be used to adjust the battery voltage automatically to the required end-of-charge voltage. This can extend the battery life.

The battery is protected against deep discharge. Mains power and battery status are monitored regularly and failures indicated by corresponding LEDs and alarm outputs.

The module also offers the unique feature of redundant inputs as well as the battery backup. Redundancy is achieved by two internal decoupling diodes which allow operation with two independent voltage sources in order to increase the reliability of the output even further.

Mechanical Installation

This equipment is designed for professional indoor systems. In operation the equipment must not be accessible.

The correct mounting position for optimal cooling performance must be observed. Mount the equipment upright on horizontal DIN rail. Do not cover any ventilation holes. Leave a free space of minimum 80mm [3.15 in] above and below the power supply and on each side of the power supply leave a minimum space of 25mm [0.98 in] which allows air convection. Observe power derating.

To attach the module to the DIN rail, hook top part of clip on the DIN rail, then push down and inward until you hear a clicking sound. To remove the device, pull the latch of the clip using an insulated flathead screwdriver. When the clip has cleared the bottom of the DIN rail remove the screwdriver from recess. Lift the device off the DIN rail.

Electrical Installation

Only qualified personnel should carry out the installation. Following correct mounting of both the power supply and the BCM, the following steps must be followed to ensure correct connection and commissioning of the system.

1. Make sure the mains power is switched off, secured against switch on and not yet connected to the power supply.
2. Connect the power supply output to DC input of the BCM.
3. Ensure the blade fuse is correctly inserted into the BCM.
4. Configure the BCM module for your power supply voltage by choosing the jumper position J6 (see Figure 1).
5. Exercising caution, the AC power wires should now be connected to the power supply. Ensure that AC power is disabled by external isolation switch or circuit breaker.
6. When AC supply connection wires are connected and safe isolation is verified, AC power can now be switched on.
7. The potentiometer on the BCM is set by the factory to suit the recommended valve regulated lead acid battery from Panasonic and equivalent types and should not be adjusted by the user, unless lead acid batteries of different voltage temperature characteristics are connected. If a non recommended battery is used, the output voltage of the BCM module needs to be adjusted to the correct "End of Charge Voltage" obtained from battery manufacturer. Refer to the Battery Remote On/Off section to disconnect the battery, and set the required voltage using the potentiometer and a voltmeter.
8. If used, the temperature sensor should now be fixed to the battery and connected to the TS input on the BCM (Figure 2).
9. The battery wires should be connected on the BCM module; DO NOT connect to the battery first.
10. Then connect the battery wires on the battery.
11. For proper operation, a new system should always start up with a fully charged battery. If a fully charged battery is not connected, the battery should be charged in full over night before any load is applied to the output of the BCM module.
12. To verify proper functionality, switch off the input AC power at the external circuit breaker and output power should be supplied from the battery if a fully charged battery has been connected.
13. The system is now fully operational and the output load can be connected.

Operation

Battery Backup for UPS Operation

The PSH-BCM360S module extends any 24VDC or 48VDC power supply to perform as an uninterruptible DC power supply. This is achieved by connecting a 12V lead-acid battery to the BATT_IN connector of the unit. During normal operation, the connected power supply provides energy to load with a voltage level of $V_{in} - 0.5\text{ V}$ (typical, 0.5 V loss due to internal decoupling diodes) as well as charging the connected battery. If the connected supply fails, the battery is then connected to the load (battery power mode), a step up converter is used to maintain the selected output voltage level, $V_{nom} - 6\%$ (typical).

Dual Inputs for Redundancy

The module provides two inputs to connect two power supplies to facilitate a redundant system. If one of the two connected sources fails then the second supply will provide energy to load maintaining the desired operation of the unit. The unit is designed to work with any type of fully stabilized 24V or 48V power supply.

Output Voltage Level and Efficiency

The PSH-BCM360S module functions with both 24VDC (15A) and 48VDC (7.5 A) supplies. The desired voltage is selectable by means of a jumper located on the side of the unit. It also offers very high efficiencies with up to 96% and 98% efficiency in normal mode for 24V and 48V modes respectively. In the battery power mode efficiencies are as high as 92% and 89% for 24V and 48V modes respectively.

Configuration Jumpers

One set of configuration jumpers (J6) are located on the top of the module (Figure 1).

Configuration Jumper Settings			
Jumper	Parameter	Fitted	Not Fitted
A	Battery test period	15 sec	10 min (default)
B	Output voltage setting	24V (default)	48V
C	Not in use (spare jumper fitted)		

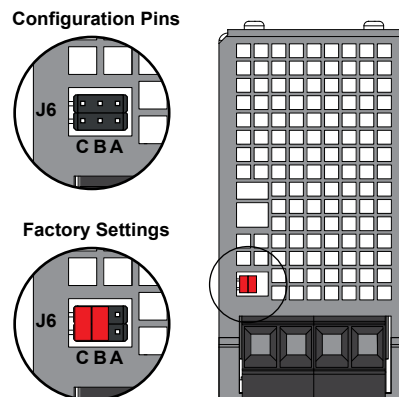


Figure 1 – Configuration Jumpers (Top of Unit)

Signals

The PSH-BCM360S module provides three signals to the user as an indication of the status of the unit; these signals are made available as LED indicators and corresponding isolated relay contacts (Figure 2) and are as follows.

Status Signals	
Signal	Description
DC-IN-OK	The DC-IN-OK LED will illuminate and relay will close if at least one of the inputs is present and has a voltage within +20% / -3% tolerance.
BATT-OK	The BATT-OK LED will illuminate and relay will close if the battery is charged and has a low internal resistance. During battery discharge operation this signal monitors the output voltage and will switch off the LED and open the relay when the battery approaches the disconnection voltage.
DC-OUT-OK	The DC-OUT-OK LED will illuminate and relay will close if the output voltage of the unit is higher than 85–90% of the nominal output voltage.

Note: All Signal Relay contacts are rated for 30VDC/1A, 60VDC/0.5 A.

Indicator LEDs – Status at a Glance			
DC-IN-OK	BATT-OK	DC-OUT-OK	
●	●	●	The BCM is operating normally.
○	●	●	Battery is supplying power to the load, and has sufficient charge.
○	○	●	Battery is supplying power to the load, but the battery voltage has dropped to near its threshold level.
○	○	○	NO power provided to the load. The battery is discharged below its operating threshold and no DC input power is present.

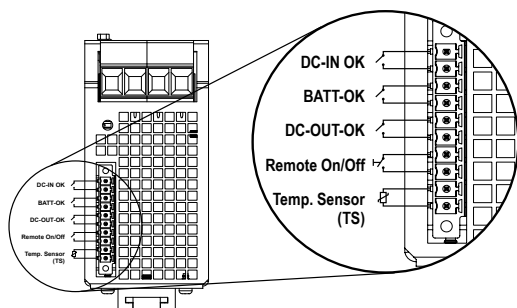


Figure 2 – Signal Connector Pinout (Bottom of Unit)

Battery Remote On/Off

The PSH-BCM360S module provides a Battery Remote On/Off input (2 pins on signal connector) intended to facilitate using the potentiometer to set a new battery charge voltage level.

Battery Remote On/Off Input		
Battery State	Battery Remote On/Off Pins	Voltage
Connected	Open Circuit	5V
Disconnected	Short Circuit	<1V

If this input is short circuited (switch closed in Figure 3) the battery will be disconnected from the unit by means of an internal relay. A voltage of 1V or less across the Battery Remote On/Off terminals will disconnect the battery from the unit. If the Battery Remote On/Off signal is set to off (short between pins) this will not affect the output of the unit in normal mode, however the battery will be disconnected, hence it will not charge. If the unit enters battery power mode while the Battery Remote On/Off signal is off, the battery will remain disconnected, hence no energy will be supplied to the load.

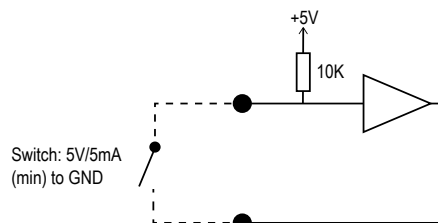


Figure 3 – Simplified Battery Remote On/Off Circuitry

Battery

When the input DC voltage is present, the PSH-BCM360S unit will automatically charge the connected battery to a set end of battery charge voltage level, factory set for 25°C for lead-acid batteries, using a constant current charging method of 1A (typical). As the battery voltage approaches the end of battery charge voltage level, the current will decrease proportionally; this characteristic is shown in Figure 4. If the battery specs differ from the 25°C default setting and the temperature sensor is not used, the user can adjust the set end of battery charge voltage level by means of the “Battery Voltage Adjust” potentiometer.

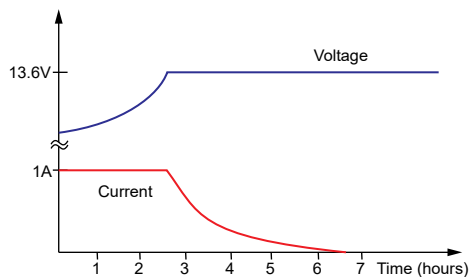


Figure 4 – Battery Charge Characteristics

Note: For Cycle Use (repeated charging and discharging of battery), we recommend a charge current of 0.4 CA or smaller (C = battery capacity), therefore batteries with a capacity of 2.5 Ah or less should not be used with this module.

Temperature Sensor

The module also provides an input connector for an optional temperature compensation probe (part #PSM-TS). If this probe is connected, the unit will automatically compensate the end of battery charge voltage level depending on the measured temperature. The connection of the temperature probe also eliminates the need to change the potentiometer to compensate for a new temperature. The battery end voltage compensation curve is shown in Figure 5. (Applicable to factory setting of 13.6V/ 25°C)

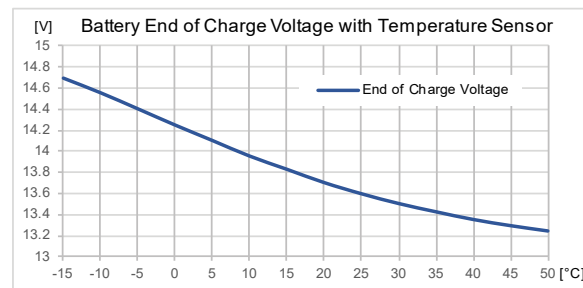


Figure 5

Battery Protection

The PSH-BCM360S module protects the connected battery against short circuit and overload by the means of a built in 40A fuse. This fuse is a standard 40A blade type fuse, which is accessible from the front panel of the unit for ease of replacement should the fuse be damaged during operation. The module also prevents deep discharge of the battery by disconnecting the battery from the load once the voltage level of battery has dropped below a defined threshold. An early warning of this disconnection is given to the user by the BATT-OK signal. The BATT-OK signal will switch off when the battery voltage is roughly 1V above the deep discharge threshold.

Ambient temperature and power rating

The PSH-BCM360S module operates at temperatures between -25°C and $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$, with a minimum start-up temperature of -25°C . In normal mode the module can deliver full power up to 60°C . Refer to lead-acid battery spec sheet suggested operating temperature range and charge and discharge instructions below 0°C .

In Battery Power mode, a current derating of $2\%/^{\circ}\text{C}$ is required for 24V applications above 50°C . The boost current of 15A is available at ambient temperatures up to 40°C for a duration of 10 minutes as shown in Figure 6.

In Battery Power mode, a current derating of $2\%/^{\circ}\text{C}$ is required for 48V applications above 40°C . The boost current of 7.5 A is available at ambient temperatures up to 40°C for a duration of 3 minutes as shown in Figure 7.

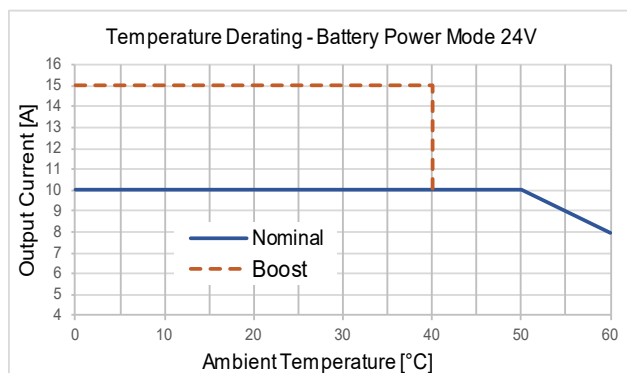


Figure 6

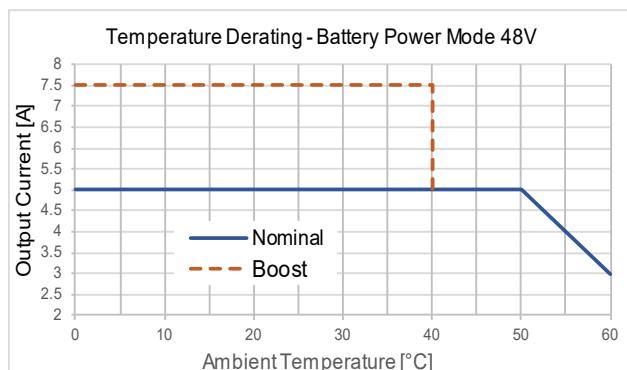


Figure 7

Technical Specifications

Technical Specifications		
Input Specifications		
Inputs		2 x 360W, for any single or two identical 24VDC or 48VDC sources
Input Voltage Range		24–28VDC or 48–56VDC (range selection with jumper)
Output (DC)		
Max. Output Power		360W
Output Voltage / Current	Normal Mode	24VDC mode: Vin – (0.4–0.8 V); 15A max. 48VDC mode: Vin – (0.4–0.7 V); 7.5 A max.
	Battery Power Mode	24VDC mode: 22.2–22.9 V; 10A (15A in boost mode for 10 min) 48VDC mode: 44.6–45.3 V; 5A (7.5 A in boost mode for 3 min)
Efficiency (load >50% of I _{out} max.)		Normal mode: 94–98% (battery charged) Battery power mode: 87–92%
General Specifications		
Backup Battery		12V lead-acid battery with a capacity greater than 2.5 Ah (purchased separately)
Battery Protection		Against over voltage, deep discharge, overcharge, short circuit and reverse connection (built-in 40A user-replaceable blade fuse)
Signals	Status	DC OK input, DC OK output, BAT OK all relay contact closed and LED on at status OK
	Contact Rating	30VDC / 1.0 A max. 60VDC / 0.5 A max.
Battery Charging Current		0.8 – 1.2 A
Nominal Battery Voltage (at 25°C)		13.6 VDC (factory setting)
Battery Voltage Adjustment Range		13.2 – 14.4 VDC
BCM Over-temperature Protection		100°C at back of BCM housing
Battery Resistance Test		100mOhm min. (normal mode at 25°C)
Battery Test Current		2.5A / 60ms typ. (normal mode at 25°C)
Battery Test Interval (Jumper Setting)		15s or 10min
Battery Warning		10.4 – 11.4 VDC (battery power mode only)
Battery Disconnection		9.1 – 9.7 VDC (battery power mode only)
Battery Remote Off		disconnects battery, prevents battery power mode
Automatic Battery Temperature Compensation Range		–15°C to +50°C [+5°F to +122°F]
Enclosure Material (Chassis/Cover)		Aluminum / Stainless Steel
Weight		730g [25.8 oz]
Mounting		DIN rail (EN 50022-35x15/7.5), snap-on self-locking spring
Connections	Input, Output, Battery	Screw terminal (plug included)
	Signal, Control	Detachable screw terminals (plugs included)
Safety / Environmental		
Operating Temperature	Normal Mode	–25°C to +60°C [–13°F to +140°F] max. (without derating)
	Battery Power Mode, Nominal	24VDC mode: derating above +50°C: 2.0 %/K 48VDC mode: derating above +40°C: 2.0 %/K
	Battery Power Mode, Boost	24VDC mode: up to +40°C for 10 minutes max. 48VDC mode: up to +40°C for 3 minutes max.
Storage Temperature		–25°C to +85°C [–13°F to +185°F] max.
Temperature Coefficient		0.02 %/K
Humidity		95% relative humidity max., non-condensing
Maximum Altitude		2000m
Safety Standards		IEC/EN 60950-1, UL 60950-1 (2nd) + Am1:2011, UL508 requirements
MTBF (acc. to IEC 61709 at 25°C)		> 1,500,000 hrs
Protection Class		Class I
Degree of Protection		IP20 (IEC/EN 60529)
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)		Based on connected unit (no internal switching device)
Vibration Acc. IEC 60068-2-6		3 axis, 1 g sine sweep, 10–55 Hz, 1 oct/min
Shock Acc. IEC 60068-2-27		3 axis, 15 g half sine, 11ms
Safety Approvals		CSA (tested to UL60950, UL508), File 229285 CB test certificate IEC 60950-1 (SIQ for EN)

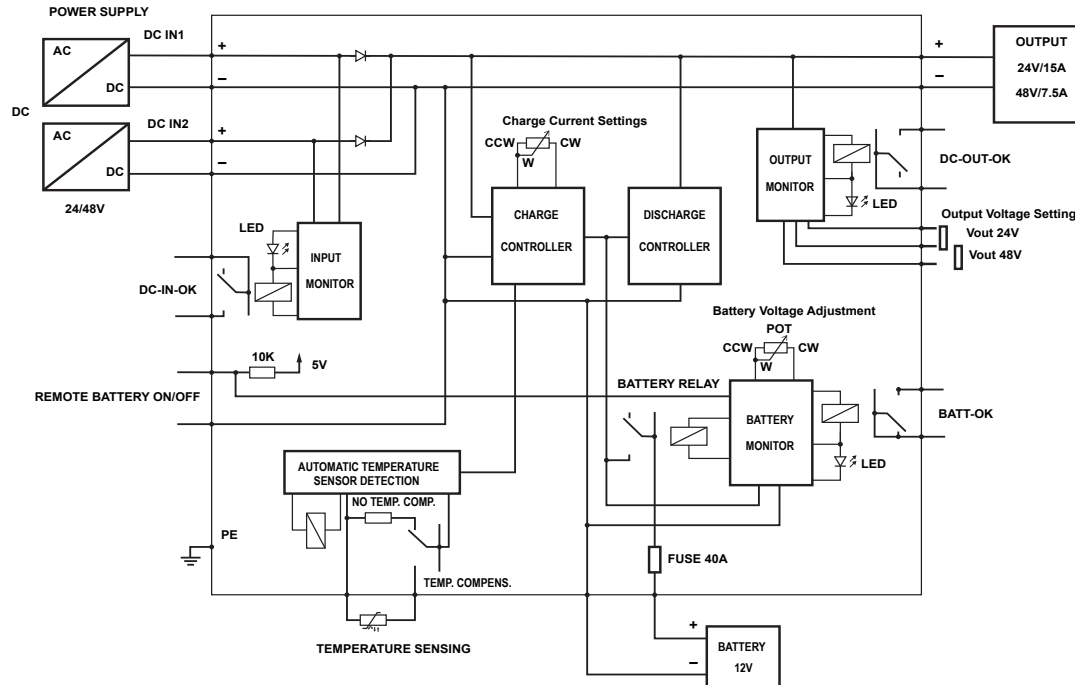
All specifications valid at nominal input voltage, full load and $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ after warm-up time unless otherwise stated.

Electrical Connections and Wire Size

Electrical Connections and Wire Size		
	24V	48V
Input & Output*	14–7 AWG Max resistance 20mΩ	17–7 AWG Max resistance 40mΩ
Battery Input	11–7 AWG; Max resistance 10mΩ	
Status and Control Signals	32–12 AWG	
Tightening Torque	Input, Output, Battery: 1.76 N·m Status and Control Signals: 0.19 N·m	
Stripping Length	7.0 mm	

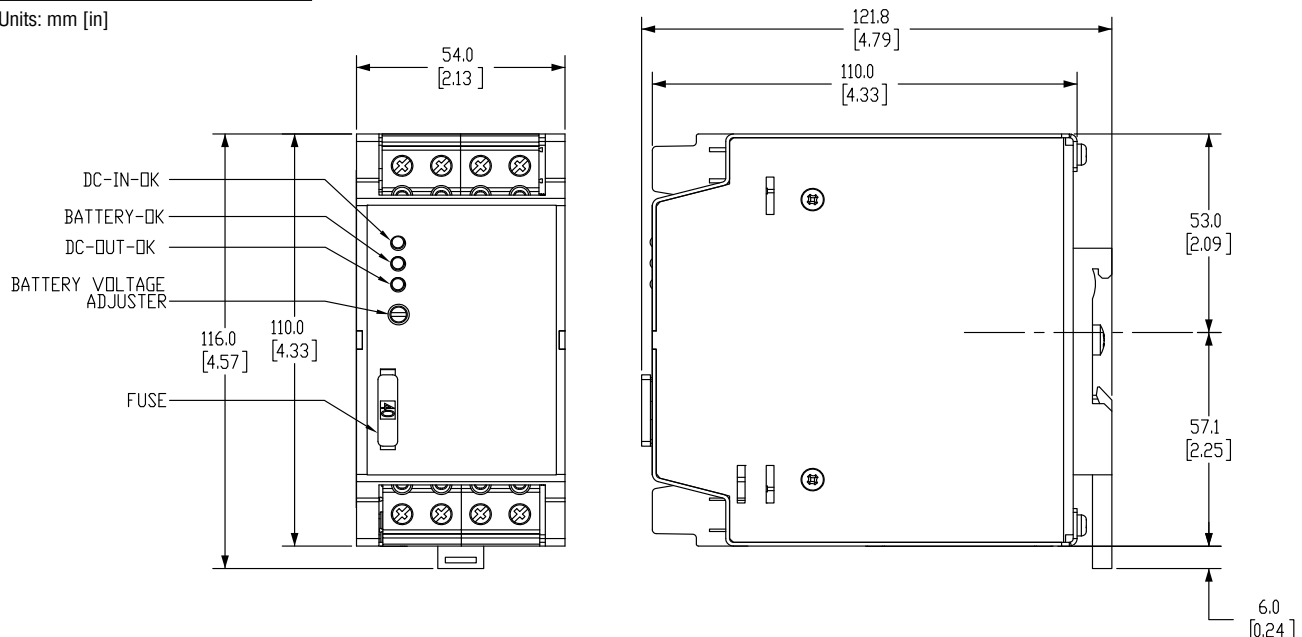
* Input cable (from power supply) and Output cable (to load) must be the same gauge wire.

Functional Diagram



Outline Dimensions

Units: mm [in]



The correct mounting position for optimal cooling performance must be observed: Mount upright on horizontal DIN rail. Do not cover any ventilation holes. Leave a free space of minimum 80mm [3.15 in] above and below the power supply and on each side of the power supply a minimum space of 25mm [0.98 in] which allows air convection.

RHINO Battery Control Modules Overview

A battery control module (BCM), in combination with an external sealed lead acid battery, can be added to a DC power supply to create a DC uninterruptible power supply (UPS) that will maintain power to a connected load upon loss of mains power.

The battery control module performs several key functions in the DC UPS system. Under normal conditions, it monitors the status of the DC input power, monitors and controls charging of the external lead acid battery, and provides status/alarm contacts to allow remote monitoring of the state of the UPS.

In the event that the DC power supply voltage drops out, the BCM monitors and supplies power to the load from the battery and monitors the battery during discharge.

Several battery control modules, with a range of features, are available for use with RHINO power supplies. Key differentiating features of the battery control modules are delineated in the following table.

Battery Control Module Selection Guide				
Part Number	PSH-BCM360S	PSB24-BCM960S	PSL-24-BCM240	PSM24-BCM360S
Price	\$274.00	\$66.00	\$34.50	\$222.00
Drawing Link	PDF	PDF	PDF	PDF
Highlights	Most versatile	Highest power Lowest cost/watt Conformal coating	Lowest cost	Legacy
Nominal Output Voltage	24/48 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Amperage Rating	15A at 24 VDC, 7.5 A at 48 VDC	40A	10A	15A
Number of Power Inputs	Redundant inputs for two independent power supplies	One power supply	One power supply	One power supply
Battery Type	12V sealed lead acid	24V sealed lead acid	24V sealed lead acid	24V sealed lead acid
Protection Type	Over voltage, Over current, Deep discharge, Reverse polarity, Battery overcharge, Over temperature			
Battery Temperature Compensation	Yes	No	No	Yes
Compatibility	Universal	Universal	Universal	Requires RHINO PSM24 power supply

