

# Bus Couplers - PX-TCP1

PX-TCP1 \$347.00



The PX-TCP1 Modbus TCP Server Bus Coupler allows connection of up to 64 terminals per assembly, 255 terminals total, in a Modbus TCP network. The PX-TCP1 communicates using high-level Modbus commands and supports 512 bytes of input data and 512 bytes of output data.

The PX-TCP1 includes one RJ45 Ethernet 10/100 Base-T port for connection to a Modbus client.

| PX-TCP1 I/O Bus Specifications    |                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supply Power for I/O Bus          | 24VDC (-15%/+20%)                                                 |
| Input Current from Power Supply   | 70mA + (total I/O bus current) / 4                                |
| Recommended Fuse                  | 10A Max                                                           |
| I/O Bus Current Supply            | 1000mA Max                                                        |
| Number of Bus Terminals Supported | 64 per assembly, 255 w/ I/O Bus Expansion (based on power budget) |
| Number of Discrete Inputs/Outputs | 1020 Inputs and 1020 Outputs with 255 terminals                   |
| Number of Analog Inputs/Outputs   | 128 total                                                         |
| Maximum Number of Data Bytes*     | 512 Input Bytes and 512 Output Bytes                              |

\* Total number of terminals cannot exceed 512 input bytes and 512 output bytes.

| PX-TCP1 Terminal Power Bus Specifications |                         |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Supply Power for Terminal Bus             | 24 VAC/VDC              |
| Maximum Current                           | 10A                     |
| Number of Power Contacts                  | 3 (+24 VAC/VDC, 0V, PE) |

| PX-TCP1 Modbus Port Specifications |                                    |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Configuration                      | DIP switches and PX-CFGSW software |
| Protocol                           | Modbus TCP                         |
| Data Transfer Rates                | 10/100 Mbaud                       |
| Maximum Cable Length               | 100m between Coupler and switch    |
| Connector Type                     | Ethernet, RJ45                     |
| Recommended Cable                  | Shielded, Twisted Pair, Cat5e      |

| General Specifications            |                                                      |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Operating Temperature             | 32° to 131°F (0° to 55 °C)                           |
| Storage Temperature               | -13° to 185°F (-25° to 85 °C)                        |
| Relative Humidity                 | 5% to 95%, non-condensing                            |
| Environment Air                   | No corrosive gases permitted                         |
| Mounting/Orientation Restrictions | 35mm DIN rail/None                                   |
| Vibration                         | Conforms to EN 60068-2-6                             |
| Shock                             | Conforms to EN 60068-2-27                            |
| Noise Immunity                    | Conforms to EN 61000-6-2                             |
| Protection Class                  | IP20                                                 |
| Weight                            | 100g (3.5 oz)                                        |
| Dimensions (WxHxD)                | 44mm x 100mm x 66.4 mm (1.73 in x 3.94 in x 2.61 in) |
| Agency Approvals*                 | UL/cUL File No. E157382, CE                          |

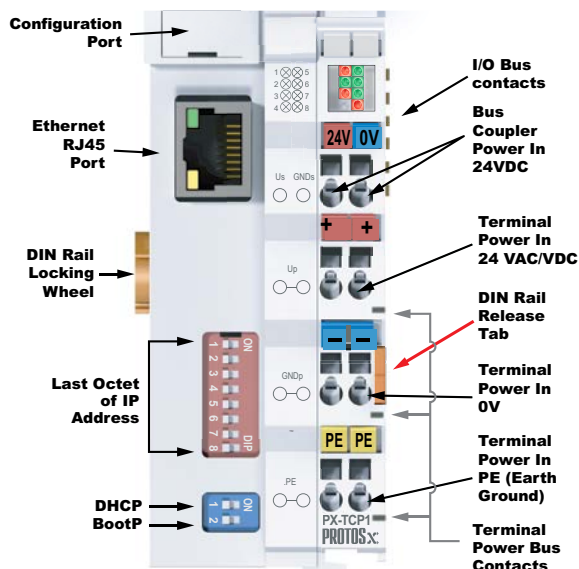
\* To obtain the most current agency approval information, see the Agency Approval Checklist section on the specific part number's web page.

**IMPORTANT!**



## Hot-Swapping Information

**Note: This device cannot be Hot Swapped.**





# Bus Couplers - PX-TCP1

## System Considerations

The PX-TCP1 performs as a Modbus TCP server in a Modbus network. Communication to the client is via an RJ45 Ethernet port. The maximum distance from the client to the PX-TCP1 is 330 feet (100 meters) using 24 AWG shielded, twisted pair Cat5e cable. It is highly recommended that a dedicated network be used for the Protos X system.

The PX-TCP1 Bus Coupler supports up to 64 terminals per assembly, 255 with Bus Expansion Couplers. A minimal assembly consists of a PX-TCP1 Bus Coupler, I/O Terminals and a Bus End Terminal.

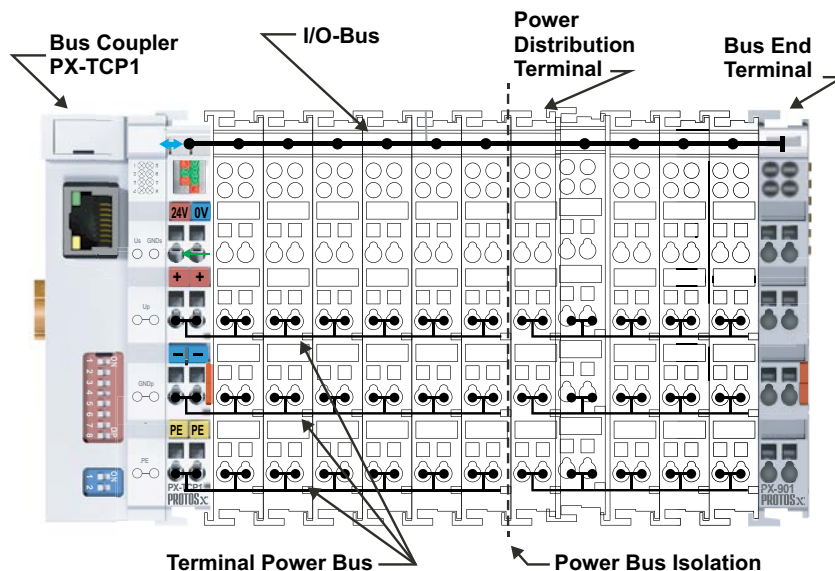
An I/O Bus, powered through the Bus Coupler, provides data communication across the terminal assembly via six contacts located on the side walls of the terminals. A Terminal Power Bus provides power for the I/O terminals via three contacts; 24V, 0V and PE. A power source of 24VAC or 24VDC must be connected to the Bus Coupler from an external supply. The PE Bus is available for terminals that support PE connectivity.

If additional 24VDC supply is required for terminal wiring, eight points of 24VDC power can be distributed from the Terminal Power Bus using a Power Distribution Terminal (PX-949). This terminal must be mounted to the right of a terminal that passes 24VDC on the power bus. Both I/O Bus communication and terminal bus power are passed through to adjoining terminals.

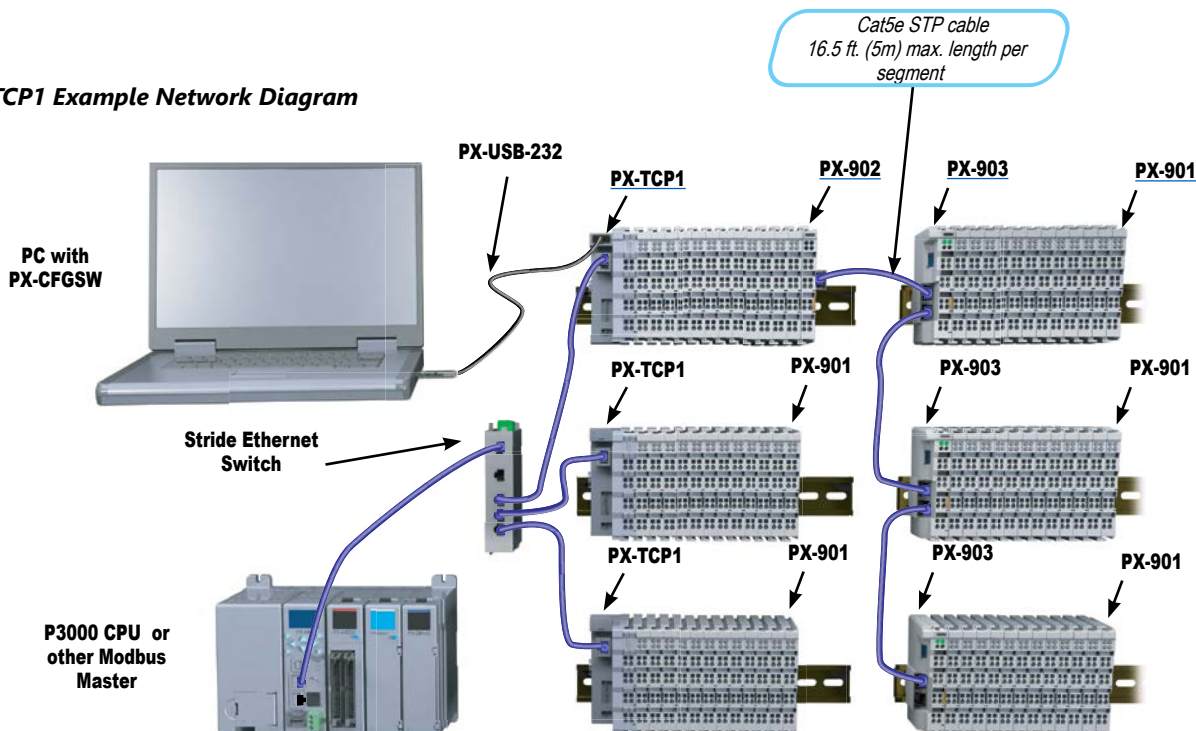
For expansion beyond a 64-terminal assembly, a Bus Expansion End Terminal (PX-902) is used in place of a standard Bus End Terminal (PX-901). A Bus Expansion Coupler Terminal (PX-903) is used at each expansion assembly in place of a PX-TCP1 Bus Coupler. Up to 31 Expansion couplers can be used in a group of assemblies. Connection is made between the Expansion Coupler Terminals via standard RJ45 Ethernet patch cable.

It is important to stay within the following three specifications:

1. Do not exceed the total number of 64 Terminals allowed per Assembly.
2. Do not exceed the total number of 512 Input Bytes and 512 Output Bytes.
3. Do not exceed the Coupler I/O Bus Power Budget of 1000mA as there is no internal current protection.

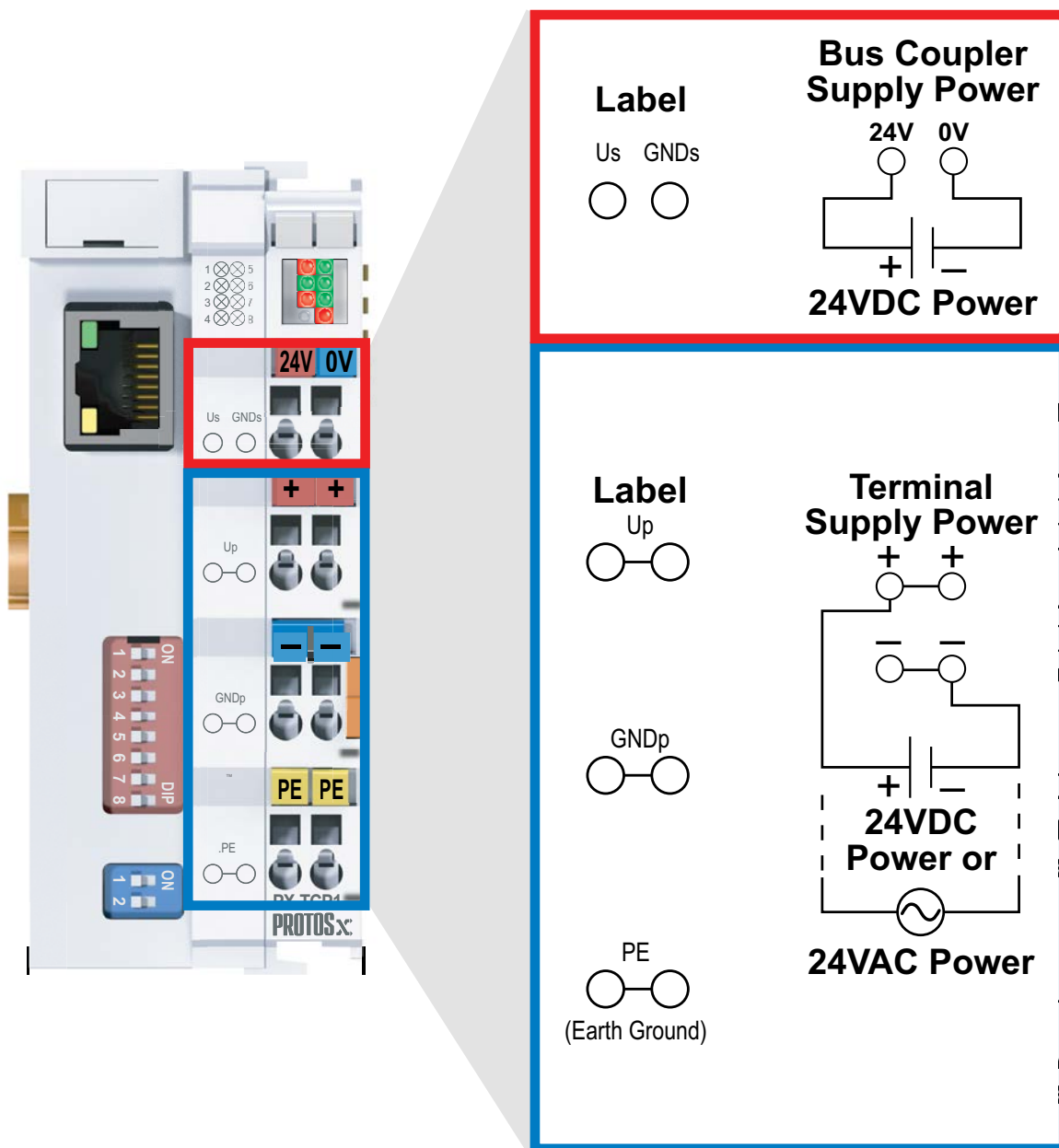


## PX-TCP1 Example Network Diagram



# Bus Couplers - PX-TCP1

## PX-TCP1 Wiring Connections

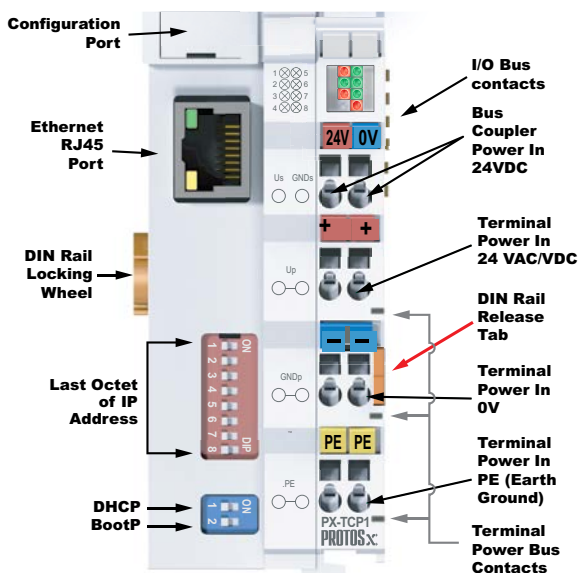


# Bus Couplers - PX-EIP1

PX-EIP1 \$347.00



The PX-EIP1 EtherNet/IP Bus Coupler server allows connection of up to 64 terminals per assembly, 255 terminals total with I/O bus expansion. The PX-EIP1 module has one RJ45 Ethernet 10/100 Base T port for connection to an Ethernet client. Use with the Protos X I/O System.



## PX-EIP1 I/O Bus Specifications

|                                   |                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supply Power for I/O Bus          | 24VDC (-15%/+20%)                                                 |
| Input Current from Power Supply   | 70mA + (total I/O bus current) / 4                                |
| Recommended Fuse                  | 10A Max                                                           |
| I/O Bus Current Supply            | 1000mA Max                                                        |
| Number of Bus Terminals Supported | 64 per assembly, 255 w/ I/O Bus Expansion (based on power budget) |
| Number of Discrete Inputs/Outputs | 1020 Inputs and 1020 Outputs with 255 terminals                   |
| Number of Analog Inputs/Outputs   | 128 total                                                         |
| Maximum Number of Data Bytes*     | 512 Input Bytes and 512 Output Bytes                              |

\* Total number of terminals cannot exceed 512 input bytes and 512 output bytes.

## PX-EIP1 Terminal Power Bus Specifications

|                               |                         |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Supply Power for Terminal Bus | 24VDC                   |
| Maximum Current               | 10A                     |
| Number of Power Contacts      | 3 (+24 VAC/VDC, 0V, PE) |

## PX-EIP1 Ethernet Port Specifications

|                            |                                                |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Configuration              | DIP switches and PX-CFGSW software             |
| Protocol                   | EtherNet/IP (Supports Implicit Messaging only) |
| Scanner/Client Connections | 1                                              |
| Data Transfer Rates        | 10/100 Mbps (Auto-crossover)                   |
| Maximum Cable Length       | 100m between coupler and switch                |
| Connector Type             | Ethernet, RJ45                                 |
| Recommended Cable          | Shielded, Twisted Pair, Cat5e                  |

## PX-EIP1 General Specifications

|                                     |                                            |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Operating Temperature               | 32° to 131°F (0° to 55 °C)                 |
| Storage Temperature                 | -13° to 185°F (-25° to 85 °C)              |
| Relative Humidity                   | 5% to 95%, non-condensing                  |
| Environment Air                     | No corrosive gases permitted               |
| Mounting / Orientation Restrictions | 35mm DIN rail / None                       |
| Vibration                           | Conforms to EN 60068-2-6                   |
| Shock                               | Conforms to EN 60068-2-27                  |
| Noise Immunity                      | Conforms to EN 61000-6-2                   |
| Noise Emission                      | Conforms to EN 61000-6-4                   |
| Protection Class                    | IP20                                       |
| Weight                              | 100g (3.5 oz)                              |
| Dimensions (WxHxD)                  | 44 x 100 x 66.4 mm (1.73 x 3.94 x 2.61 in) |
| Agency Approvals*                   | UL/cUL File No. E172151 (BK9055), CE       |

\* To obtain the most current agency approval information, see the Agency Approval Checklist section on the specific part number's web page.

**IMPORTANT!**



## Hot-Swapping Information

**Note: This device cannot be Hot Swapped.**

# Bus Couplers - PX-EIP1

## Configuration Port

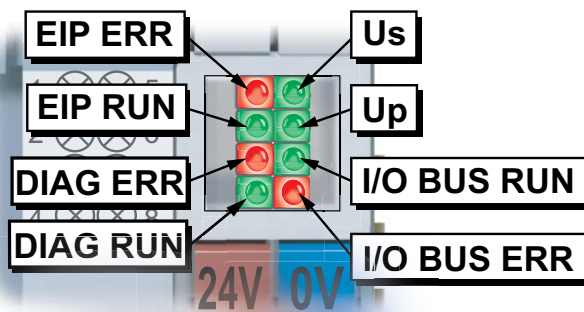


The Service Port connector is located under the flip-cover shown (previous page graphic). This port is used for communication with the software configuration tool. The software configuration tool auto-configures the EtherNet/IP addresses of the I/O terminals while the interface allows the user to:

- Run the configurator
- View the configured EtherNet/IP addresses
- Reboot the coupler
- Configure first three octets of the IP address

Requires cable PX-USB-232, with a USB 2.0 type A connector for the PC and a 4-pin custom micro connector for the Bus Coupler. Works with PX-CFGSW configuration software.

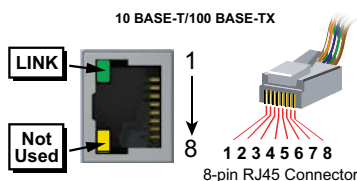
## Status LEDs



## LED Descriptions

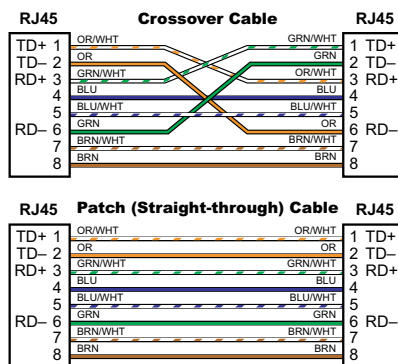
| LED                             | Status: ON                                                                                        | Status: OFF           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Red LED 1: EIP ERR</b>       | See PX-CFGSW Help file or <a href="#">PX-USER-M</a> manual for codes.                             | No EIP Error          |
| <b>Green LED 2: EIP Run</b>     | EIP Communication with Scanner (Client)<br>Flashing: No active communication.                     | N/A                   |
| <b>Red LED 3: DIAG Err</b>      | See PX-CFGSW Help File or PX-USER-M manual for codes.                                             | No DIAG Err           |
| <b>Green LED 4: DIAG Run</b>    | Diagnostics active w/o error<br>Flashing: Used in conjunction with Diag Error to determine fault. | N/A                   |
| <b>Green LED 5: Us</b>          | Bus coupler power On                                                                              | Bus coupler power Off |
| <b>Green LED 6: Up</b>          | Terminal power On                                                                                 | Terminal power Off    |
| <b>Green LED 7: I/O Bus RUN</b> | I/O bus data active (On or Flashing)                                                              | No I/O bus activity   |
| <b>Red LED 8: I/O Bus Err</b>   | I/O bus error, blinking code                                                                      | No I/O bus error      |

## RJ45 Connector



## LED Status

| Green LINK LED | ON = Connection Good | Flashing = Comm Active |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|



Cat5e cable recommended.  
See PX-USER-M manual for complete details.

## Address Selection - DIP Switches

The last octet or byte of the IP Address for the PX-EIP1 is set using the large bank of DIP switches on the front of the coupler. The smaller bank of DIP switches is used to select the type of address assignment (DHCP, BootP, firm setting).

The IP Address DIP switches set the fourth octet of the address and are arranged so that switch 1 corresponds to bit 0 (LSB) and switch 8 to bit 7 (MSB). The base address used is configured using the PX-CFGSW software tool. With the original factory settings, the IP Address is configured to the value 0.0.0.0 by default.

# Bus Couplers - PX-EIP1

## System Considerations

The PX-EIP1 performs as an EtherNet/IP server in an EtherNet/IP network. Communication to the client is via an RJ45 Ethernet port. The maximum distance from the client to the PX-EIP1 is 330 feet (100 meters) using 24 AWG shielded, twisted pair Cat5e cable. It is highly recommended that a dedicated network be used for the Protos X system.

The PX-EIP1 Bus Coupler supports up to 64 terminals per assembly, 255 with Bus Expansion Couplers. A minimal assembly consists of a PX-EIP1 Bus Coupler, I/O Terminals and a Bus End Terminal.

The PX-EIP1 automatically assigns EtherNet/IP addresses for inputs and outputs to the image register. The maximum number of data is 512 bytes of input data and 512 bytes of output data, with up to 1020 inputs, 1020 outputs, and 128 analog inputs or outputs, when using bus expansion.

An I/O Bus, powered through the Bus Coupler, provides data communication across the terminal assembly via six contacts located on the side walls of the terminals. This bus also supplies low voltage power to the I/O terminals. The I/O Bus supply is rated at a maximum of 1000mA that must be taken into consideration when planning an assembly. Each terminal has an I/O bus current consumption listing that can be used to determine the total I/O bus current. The maximum I/O bus current of the coupler

must not be exceeded as there is no internal overcurrent protection.

A Terminal Power Bus provides power for the I/O terminals via three contacts; 24V, 0V and PE. A power source of 24VAC or 24VDC must be connected to the Bus Coupler from an external supply. The PE Bus is available for terminals that support PE connectivity.

A variety of Power Terminals are available for isolating, changing or supplying power to the I/O terminals.

For isolating voltages across the Terminal Power Bus, a Power Separation Terminal (PX-908) is used. This terminal separates the Terminal Power contacts but passes I/O Bus communication.

If additional 24VDC supply is required for terminal wiring, eight points of 24VDC power can be distributed from the Terminal Power Bus using a Power Distribution Terminal (PX-949). This terminal must be mounted to the right of a terminal that passes 24VDC on the power bus. Both I/O Bus communication and terminal bus power are passed through to adjoining terminals.

To connect field power to the Terminal Power Bus, or to change from one voltage to another, Power Feed Terminals (PX-940 & PX-970) are used. Power Feed Terminals are available in 24VDC or 120-230VAC, and provide power to I/O Terminals located to the right of the Power Feed Terminal. This

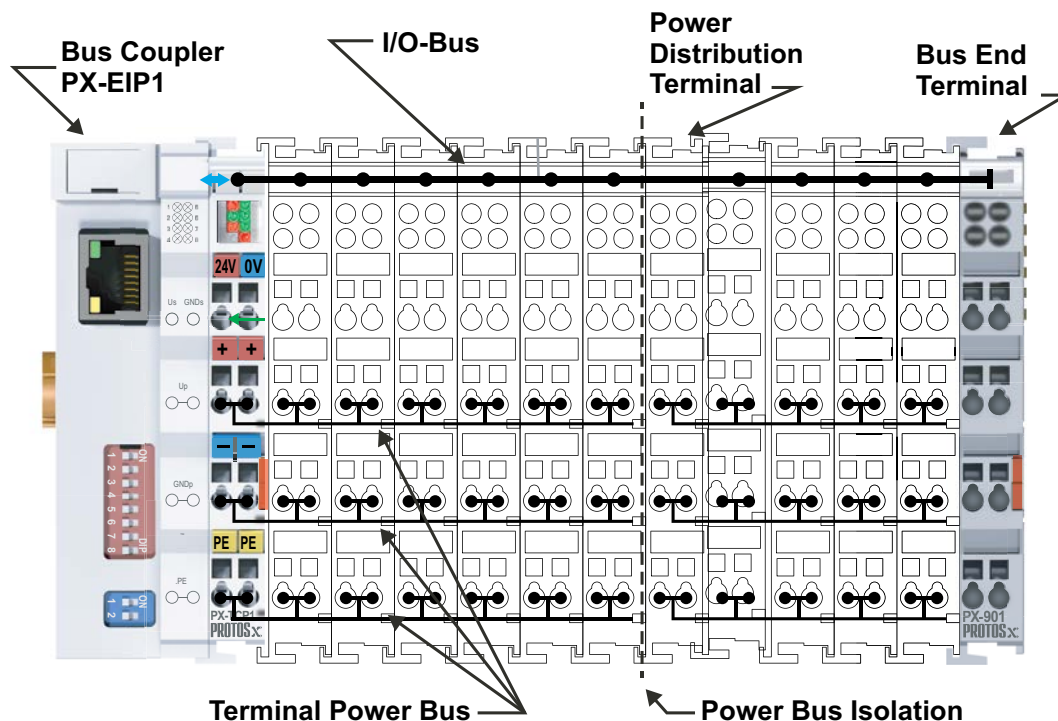
terminal passes I/O Bus communication. Power Terminals do not consume any addresses.

For expansion beyond a 64-terminal assembly, a Bus Expansion End Terminal (PX-902) is used in place of a standard Bus End Terminal (PX-901). A Bus Expansion Coupler Terminal (PX-903) is used at each expansion assembly in place of a PX-EIP1 Bus Coupler. Up to 31 Expansion couplers can be used in a group of assemblies. Connection is made between the Expansion Coupler Terminals via standard RJ45 Ethernet patch cable.

It is important to stay within the following three specifications:

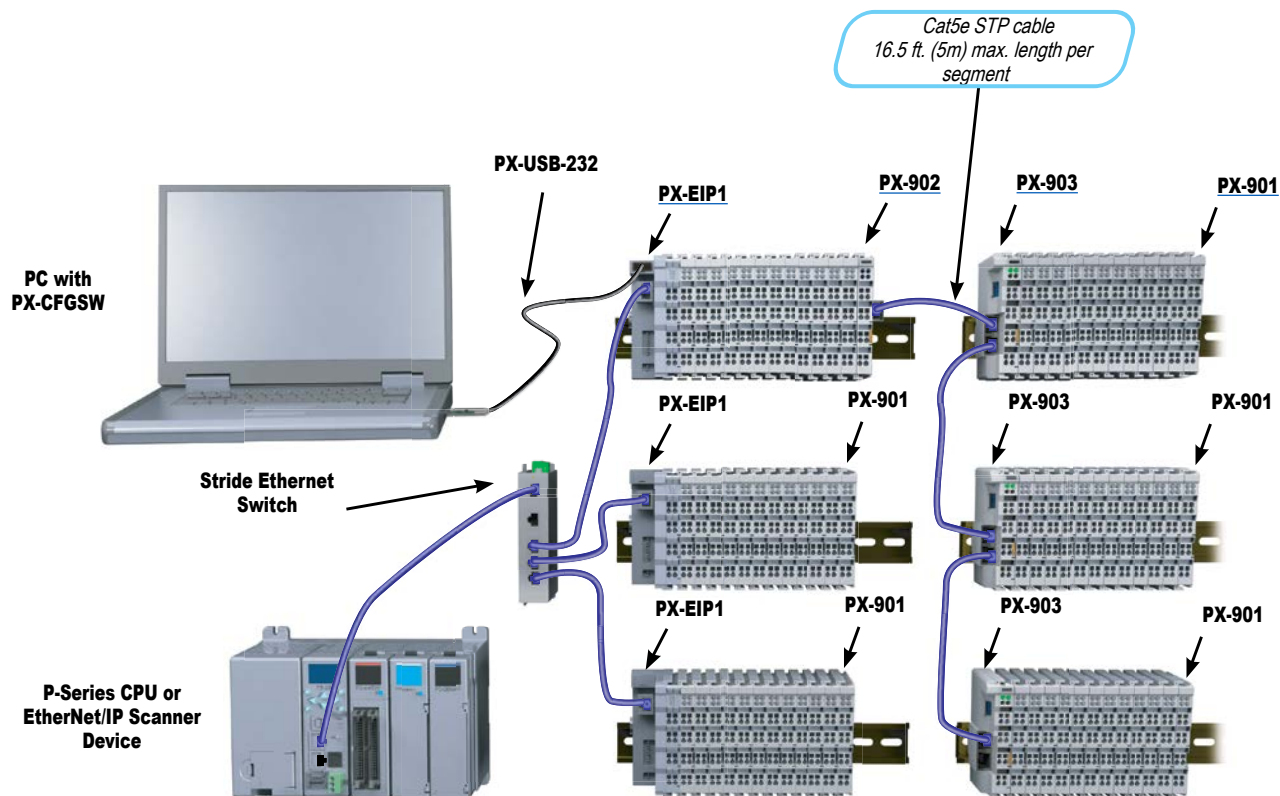
1. Do not exceed the total number of 64 Terminals allowed per Assembly.
2. Do not exceed the total number of 512 Input Bytes and 512 Output Bytes.
3. Do not exceed the Coupler I/O Bus Power Budget of 1000mA as there is no internal current protection.

For complete assembly instructions see the [PX-USER-M](#) manual.



# Bus Couplers - PX-EIP1

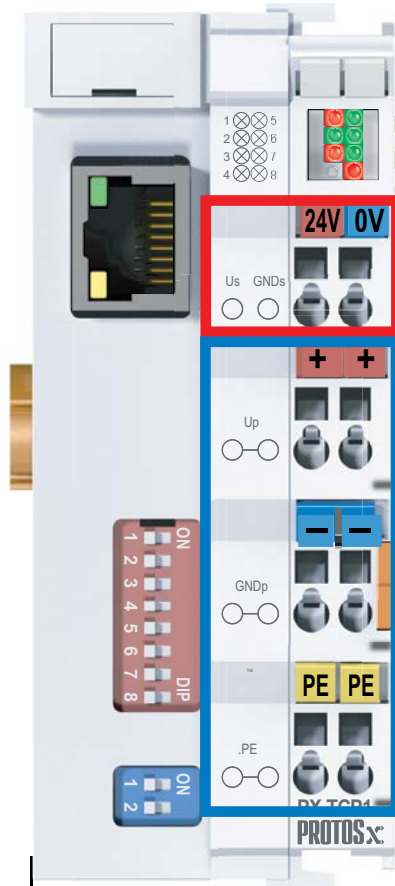
## PX-EIP1 Example Network Diagram



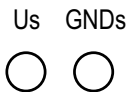
# Bus Couplers - PX-EIP1

## PX-EIP1 Wiring Connections

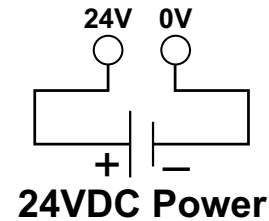
Wire connection is made through a spring clamp style terminal. This terminal is designed for a single-conductor solid or stranded wire. Wire connection is made by firmly pushing the screwdriver into the screwdriver slot, inserting the wire into the wire slot and removing the screwdriver, locking the wire into position.



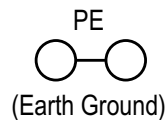
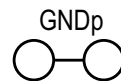
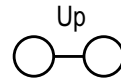
### Label



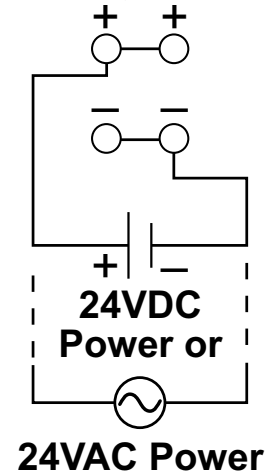
### Bus Coupler Supply Power



### Label



### Terminal Supply Power



### Wiring Specifications

|                                       |                                                             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Connection Type</b>                | Spring Clamp Terminals                                      |
| <b>Wire Gauge /Wire Cross-Section</b> | 28-14 AWG / 0.08-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                        |
| <b>Screwdriver Width</b>              | Use screwdriver width 2.5 mm (0.10) such as our TW-SD-MSL-2 |
| <b>Wire Stripping Length</b>          | 8mm (5/16 in)                                               |

# Power Budget Planning

## Managing Power Resources

When determining the types and quantity of terminals you will be using, it is important to remember there is a defined amount of I/O Bus Current supplied from the Bus Coupler. There are also defined limits for each external source.

The chart on the next page indicates the power supplied and used by each Protos X component. The chart below shows an example of how to calculate the power used by your particular system. These charts should make it easy for you to determine if the devices you have chosen will operate within the power budget of your system configuration.

If the I/O terminals you have chosen exceed the maximum power available from the Bus Coupler, you may be able to resolve the problem by using expansion terminals.

## Power Budget Example

The example below shows how to calculate the power budget for a typical ProtosX system. This example is constructed using a PX-MOD Bus Coupler and six I/O Terminals. It is recommended you construct a similar table for your system. Follow the steps below to determine your power budget.

| A        | Column 1                           | Column 2                | Column 3                          |
|----------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|          | <i>Terminal</i>                    | <i>Terminal Type</i>    | <i>I/O Bus<br/>(from Coupler)</i> |
| <b>B</b> | <b>CURRENT SUPPLIED</b>            |                         |                                   |
|          | PX-MOD                             | Bus Coupler             | 1000mA                            |
| <b>C</b> | <b>CURRENT REQUIRED</b>            |                         |                                   |
|          | PX-144                             | 4 pt DC Discrete Input  | 5mA                               |
|          | PX-172-1                           | 2 pt AC Discrete Input  | 3mA                               |
|          | PX-322-1                           | 2 ch RTD Input          | 60mA                              |
|          | PX-312                             | 2 ch DC Analog Input    | 65mA                              |
|          | PX-244-1                           | 4 pt DC Discrete Output | 9mA                               |
|          | PX-412                             | 2 ch DC Analog Output   | 75mA                              |
| <b>D</b> | <b>Maximum Current Required</b>    |                         | 217mA                             |
| <b>E</b> | <b>Remaining Current Available</b> |                         | 783mA                             |

1. Using a chart similar to this one, fill in columns 1 and 2.
2. Using the tables on the next page enter the current supplied and current used by each device (column 3).
3. Add together the current used by the system (row C) for column 3 and put the total in the row labeled "Maximum Current Required" (row D).
4. Subtract the calculated "Maximum Current Required" (row D), from the "Current Supplied" and place the difference in the row labeled "Remaining Current Available" (row E).
5. If "Maximum Current Required" is greater than "Current Supplied" in column 3, the power budget will be exceeded. It will be unsafe to use this configuration, and you will need to restructure your I/O configuration.

# Power Requirements

## Power Supplied and Consumed

These tables show the amount of power supplied by each of the Bus Couplers and the amount of power consumed by each I/O device. The Power Consumed chart lists how much power is drawn from the I/O Bus, Terminal Power Bus (externally supplied) and from the Load (when using output terminals). Use this information when calculating the power budget for your system.

| Power Supplied               |                          |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Device                       | 5V(mA)<br>I/O Bus Supply |
| <b>Coupler</b>               |                          |
| PX-MOD                       | 1000 Max                 |
| PX-TCP1                      | 1000 Max                 |
| PX-TCP2                      | 1750 Max                 |
| PX-EIP1                      | 1000 Max                 |
| <b>Bus Expansion Coupler</b> |                          |
| PX-903                       | 400 Max                  |

| Power Consumed                   |                                |                                        |                |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------|
| Device                           | 5V(mA) from I/O Bus            | (mA) from Terminal Power Bus           | (mA) from Load |
| Discrete Input Terminals         |                                |                                        |                |
| PX-144                           | 5                              | 5                                      | N/A            |
| PX-148                           | 5                              | 2 (plus load)                          |                |
| PX-149                           | 20                             | N/A                                    |                |
| PX-172-1                         | 3                              | 6                                      |                |
| PX-172-2                         | 3                              | 6                                      |                |
| Discrete Output Terminals        |                                |                                        |                |
| PX-244-1                         | 9                              | N/A                                    | 30             |
| PX-244-2                         | 9                              |                                        | 30             |
| PX-248                           | 18                             |                                        | 60 (plus load) |
| PX-249                           | 45                             |                                        | 35 (plus load) |
| Analog Input Terminals           |                                |                                        |                |
| PX-302                           | 60                             | N/A                                    | N/A            |
| PX-304                           | 85                             | Load                                   |                |
| PX-308                           | 105                            | Load                                   |                |
| PX-312                           | 65                             | N/A                                    |                |
| PX-314                           | 100                            | N/A                                    |                |
| PX-318                           | 140                            | N/A                                    |                |
| RTD/Thermocouple Input Terminals |                                |                                        |                |
| PX-322-1                         | 60                             | N/A                                    | N/A            |
| PX-324-1                         | 60                             |                                        |                |
| PX-332-J                         | 65                             |                                        |                |
| PX-334-J                         | 75                             |                                        |                |
| PX-332-K                         | 65                             |                                        |                |
| PX-334-K                         | 75                             |                                        |                |
| Analog Output Terminals          |                                |                                        |                |
| PX-402                           | 60                             | N/A                                    | 50 (plus load) |
| PX-404                           | 20                             |                                        | 60 (plus load) |
| PX-408                           | 25                             |                                        | 50 (plus load) |
| PX-412                           | 75                             |                                        | 50 (plus load) |
| PX-414                           | 75                             |                                        | 50 (plus load) |
| PX-418                           | 20                             |                                        | 20             |
| Relay Output Terminals           |                                |                                        |                |
| PX-272-1                         | 10                             | ON resistance max 100mV<br>(plus load) | N/A            |
| PX-272-2                         | 80                             |                                        |                |
| Combination In/Out Terminals     |                                |                                        |                |
| PX-549                           | 25 (additional 3mA for inputs) | 15 (plus load)                         | N/A            |

# System Installation and Removal

## Bus Coupler and Bus Terminal Installation

### Bus Coupler Installation:

1. Attach a Bus Coupler by snapping it onto 35mm DIN rail and securing it into position using the DIN rail locking wheel (where applicable) located on the left side of the coupler.

### Bus Terminal Installation:

2. To add a bus terminal, insert unit onto right side of Bus Coupler using the tongue and groove at the top and bottom of the unit, pressing gently until it snaps onto the DIN rail.
- A proper connection cannot be made by sliding the units together on the DIN rail. When correctly installed, no significant gap can be seen between the attached units. Bus connection is made through the six slide contacts located on the upper right side of the units. Add up to 64 bus terminals per Bus Coupler, including a bus end terminal.

2

**Insert unit using tongue and groove molded guide and press gently until it becomes firmly seated on DIN rail.**

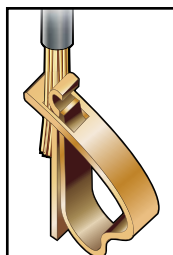
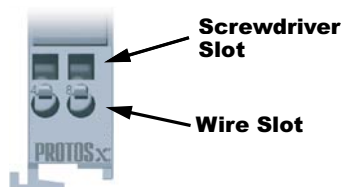
**Where applicable, rotate Locking Wheel to lock Bus Coupler**

1

**Align tab with molded guide**

### Wiring Connections

- Wire connection is made through a spring clamp style terminal. This terminal is designed for a single-conductor solid or stranded wire. Wire connection is made by firmly pushing the screwdriver into the screwdriver slot, inserting the wire into the wire slot and removing the screwdriver, locking the wire into position.



### Wiring Specifications

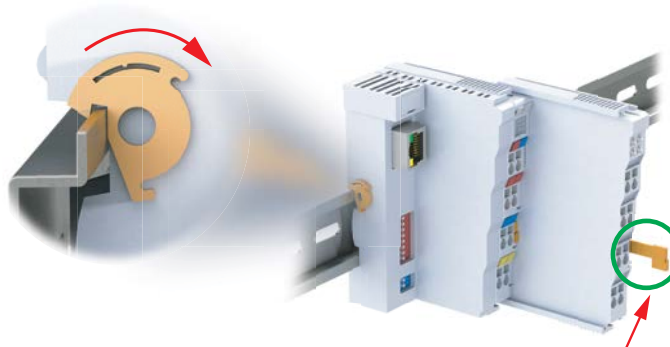
| Connection Type       | Spring Clamp Terminals                   |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Wire Gauge            | 28–14 AWG (0.08–2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> )    |
| Screwdriver Width     | 2.5 mm (0.10 in) such as P/N TW-SD-MSL-2 |
| Wire Stripping Length | 8mm                                      |

\* For Thermocouple terminals, thermocouple extension wire is recommended

## Removing Bus Coupler and Bus Terminals

- A locking mechanism prevents individual units from being pulled off. For bus terminal removal, pull the orange DIN rail release tab firmly to unlatch the unit from the rail. If attached to other terminal units, slide unit forward until released. For Bus Couplers with locking wheels, release the DIN rail locking wheel, then pull firmly on DIN rail release tab.

**Where applicable, rotate Locking Wheel to unlock Bus Coupler**



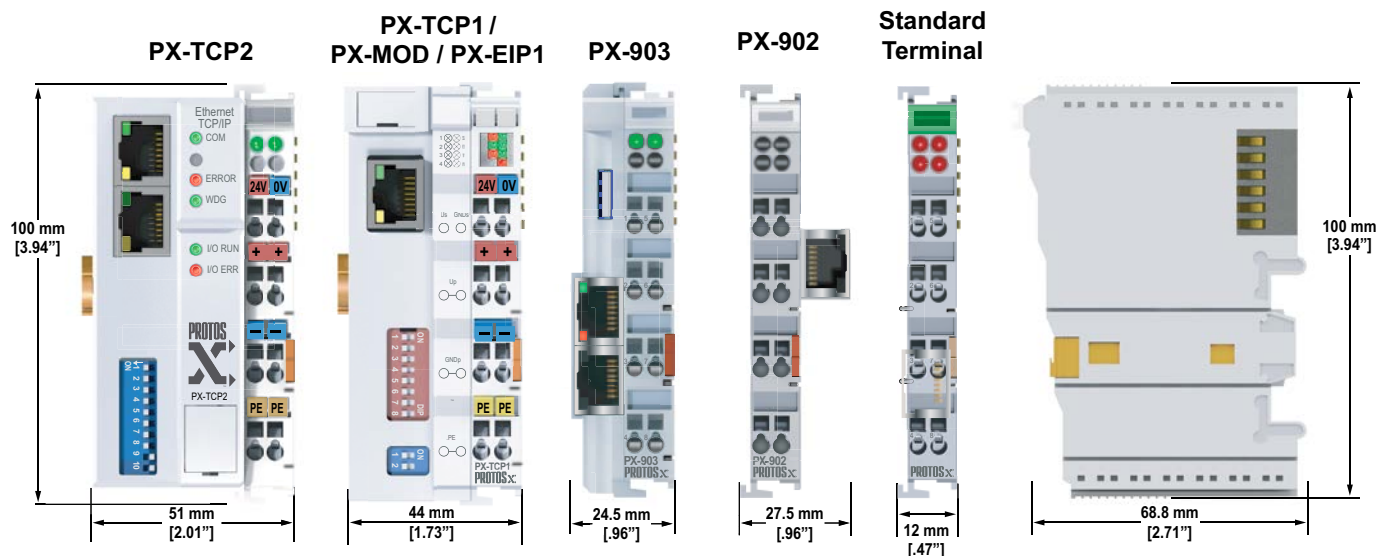
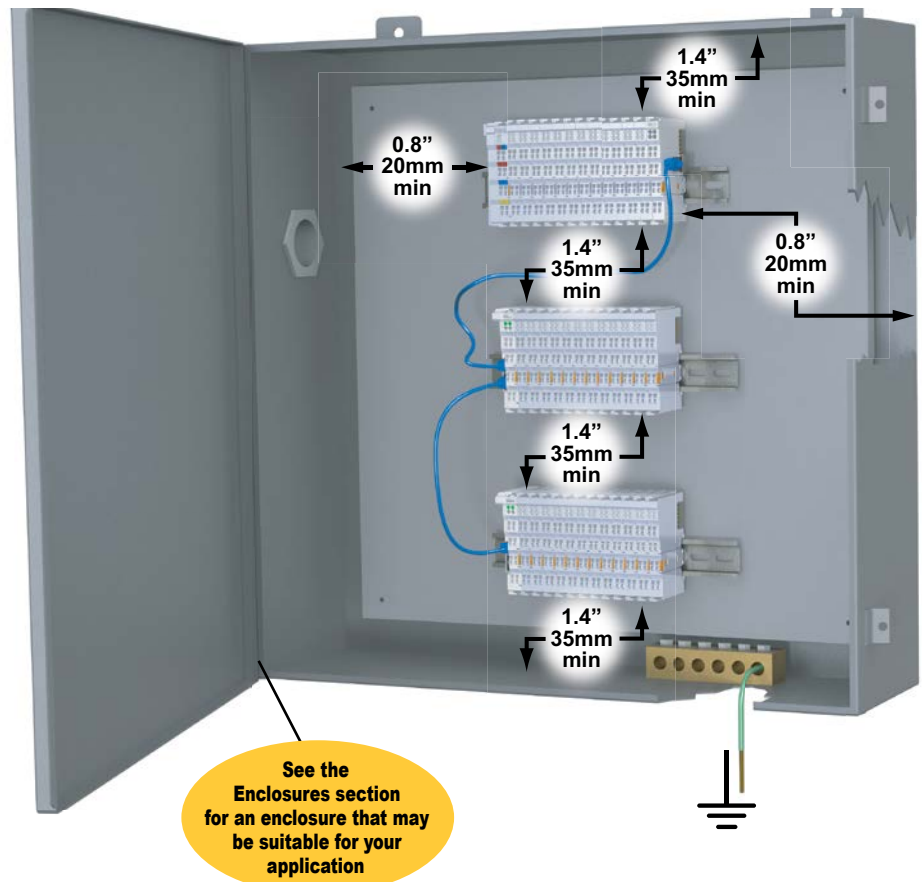
**Firmly pull DIN Rail Release Tab to unlatch unit from rail.**

# Installation Considerations

## Terminal Dimensions and Spacing Requirements

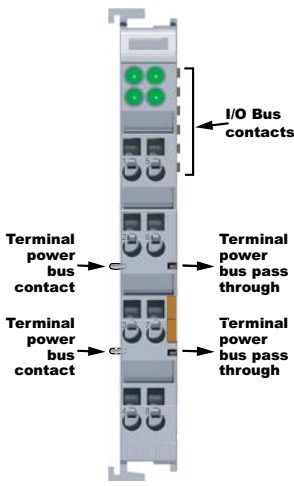
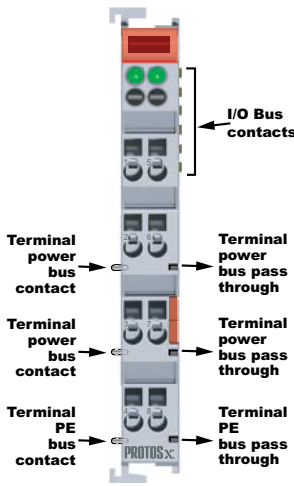
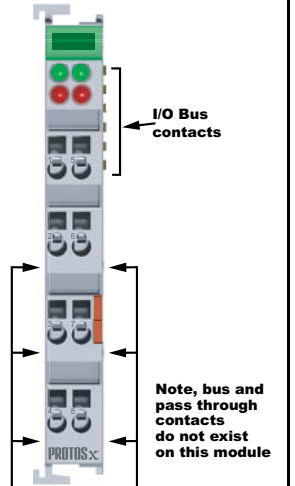
Use the following diagrams to make sure the Protos X system can be installed in your application. Protos X terminals require 35mm DIN rail for mounting; there are no orientation restrictions.

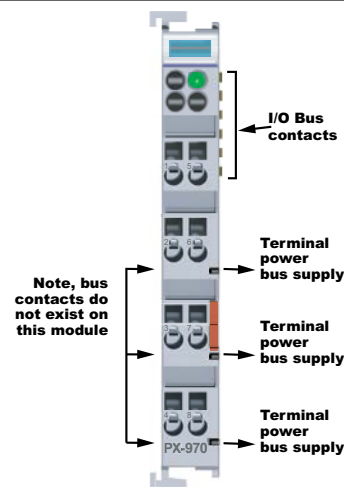
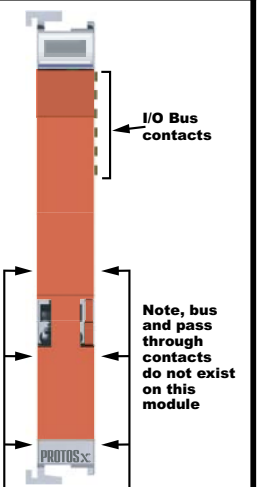
To ensure proper airflow for cooling purposes, units should be spaced, at a minimum, as shown. It is also important to check the Protos X dimensions against the conditions required for your application.



# Installation Considerations

## Terminal Types

| TYPE 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | TYPE 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | TYPE 3                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  <p>I/O Bus contacts</p> <p>Terminal power bus contact</p> <p>Terminal power bus pass through</p> <p>Terminal power bus contact</p> <p>Terminal power bus pass through</p> |  <p>I/O Bus contacts</p> <p>Terminal power bus contact</p> <p>Terminal power bus pass through</p> <p>Terminal power bus contact</p> <p>Terminal power bus pass through</p> <p>Terminal PE bus contact</p> <p>Terminal PE bus pass through</p> <p>PROTOSx</p> |  <p>I/O Bus contacts</p> <p>Note, bus and pass through contacts do not exist on this module</p> <p>PROTOSx</p> |
| <p>Type 1: This terminal passes the terminal power bus from the preceding terminal to the next terminal and therefore it must be mounted to a preceding terminal that passes bus power.</p>                                                                 | <p>Type 2: This terminal passes the terminal power bus and PE from the preceding terminal to the next terminal and therefore it must be preceded by a terminal that passes both terminal power bus and PE.</p>                                                                                                                                | <p>Type 3: This terminal does not pass the terminal power bus or PE and can be preceded by any terminal, however it will interrupt the terminal power bus and PE.</p>                            |

| TYPE 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | TYPE 5                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  <p>I/O Bus contacts</p> <p>Note, bus contacts do not exist on this module</p> <p>Terminal power bus supply</p> <p>Terminal power bus supply</p> <p>Terminal power bus supply</p> <p>PX-970</p>                          |  <p>I/O Bus contacts</p> <p>Note, bus and pass through contacts do not exist on this module</p> <p>PROTOSx</p> |
| <p>Type 4: This terminal requires external voltage connection and supplies the terminal power bus to terminals located to its right. The terminals to its right must support the same power bus of 120/230 VAC or 24VDC. This terminal will not pass terminal power or PE from any preceding terminals.</p> | <p>Type 5: This terminal is used to separate the terminal power bus and PE from other terminals and can be mounted next to any terminal.</p>                                                       |