

Temperature Input Modules

F3-08THM-J 8-Channel Thermocouple Input \$1,175.00

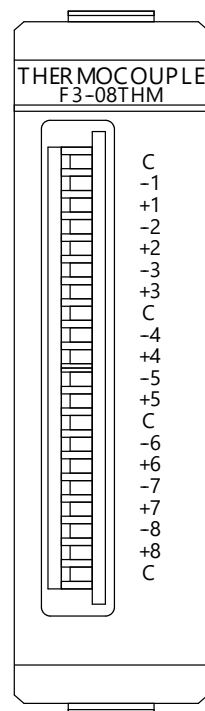
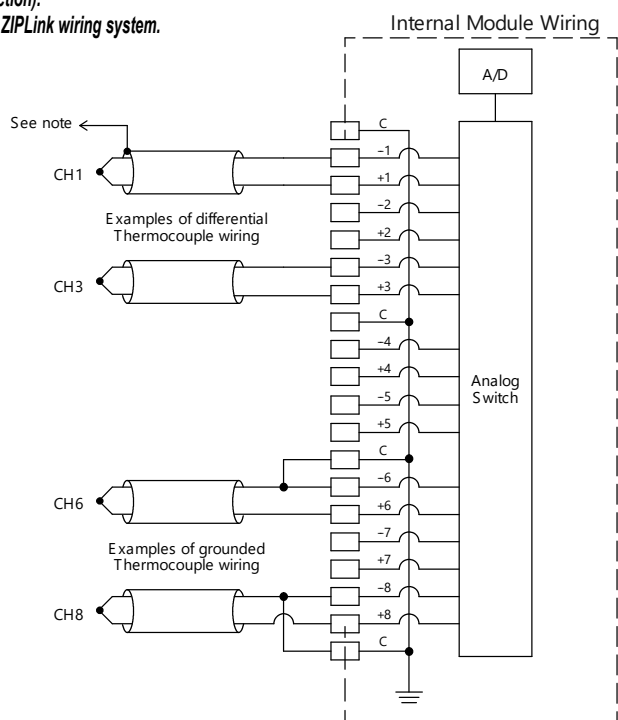
Note: When you order the module, replace the "n" with the type of thermocouple needed. For example, to order a Type J thermocouple module, order part number F3-08THM-J; J is a stock item.

Input Ranges	Type J: -210/760°C, -350/1390°F -1: 0–50 mV -2: 0–100 mV
Resolution	12 bit (1 in 4096)
Input Impedance	27K ohm DC
Absolute Maximum Ratings	Fault protected input, 130 Vrms or 100VDC
Cold Junction Compensation	Automatic
Conversion Time	15ms per channel, minimum 1 channel per CPU scan

Converter Type	Successive approximation, AD574
Linearity Error	±1 count (0.03% of full scale) maximum
Maximum Inaccuracy at 77°F (25°C)	0.35% of full scale
Accuracy vs. Temperature	57ppm/°C maximum full scale
Power Budget Requirement	50mA @ 9VDC, 34mA @ 24VDC
External Power Supply	None required
Operating Temperature	32° to 140°F (0° to 60°C)
Storage Temperature	-4° to 158°F (-20° to 70°C)
Relative Humidity	5 to 95% (non-condensing)
Environmental Air	No corrosive gases permitted
Vibration	MIL STD 810C 514.2
Shock	MIL STD 810C 516.2
Noise Immunity	NEMA ICS3-304

Notes:

1. Terminate shields at the respective signal source.
2. Leave unused channel open (no connection).
3. This module is not compatible with the ZIPLink wiring system.



Power Budget

Managing your power resource

The I/O configuration depends on your choice of I/O modules, bases and I/O location. When determining the types and quantity of I/O modules you will be using, it's important to remember there is a limited amount of power available from the power supply.

The chart on the next page indicates the power supplied and used by each DL305

device. The adjacent chart shows an example of how to calculate the power used by your particular system. These two charts should make it easy for you to determine if the devices you have chosen fit within the power budget of your system configuration.

If the I/O you have chosen exceeds the maximum power available from the power

supply, you can resolve the problem by shifting some of the modules to an expansion base.

WARNING: IT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT TO CALCULATE THE POWER BUDGET CORRECTLY. IF YOU EXCEED THE POWER BUDGET, THE SYSTEM MAY OPERATE IN AN UNPREDICTABLE MANNER, WHICH MAY RESULT IN A RISK OF PERSONAL INJURY OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.

Example: How to calculate your power usage

The following example shows how to calculate the power budget for the DL305 system. The examples are constructed around a single 5-slot base using the devices shown. It is recommended you construct a similar table for each base in your DL305 system.

1. Using a chart similar to the one below, fill in column 2.
2. Using the tables on the opposite page, enter the current supplied and used by each device (columns 3, 4, and 5). Devices which fall into the "Other" category (Row D) are devices such as the Handheld Programmer or a Data Communication Unit, which also have power requirements, but do not directly plug into the base.

3. Add the current used by the system devices (columns 3, 4, and 5), starting with Slot 1, then put the total in the row labeled "Maximum Current Required" (Row E).
4. Subtract the row labeled "Maximum Current Required" (Row E), from the row labeled "Current Supplied" (Row B). Place the difference in the row labeled "Remaining Current" (Row F).
5. If "Maximum Current Required" is greater than "Current Supplied" in columns 3, 4 or 5, the power budget will be exceeded. It will be unsafe to use this configuration and you will need to restructure your I/O configuration.

Use ZIPLinks to reduce power requirements

If your application requires a lot of relay outputs, consider using the ZIPLink AC or DC relay output modules. These modules can switch high current (10A) loads without putting a load on your base power budget. Refer to the Wiring Solutions section in this catalog for more information.

This logo is placed next to I/O modules that are supported by the ZipLink connection systems. See the I/O module specifications at the end of this section.



Example of System Power Requirements Calculation

A	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
	Base # 0	Device Type	5 VDC (mA)	9VDC (mA)	24V(mA)
B	Current Supplied				
	5-slot Base	D3-05BDC	1400	800	500
C	Current Required				
	CPU Slot	D3-350	500	0	0
	Slot 0	D3-16NE3	0	130	0
	Slot 1	D3-16NE3	0	130	0
	Slot 2	F3-08TRS-1	0	296	0
	Slot 3	F3-04DAS	0	183	0
D	Other				
	Handheld prog D2-HPP		200	0	0
E	Maximum Current Required		700	739	0
F	Remaining Current		700	61	500

DL305 Power Requirements

This section shows the amount of power supplied by the base power supplies and the amount of power used by each DL305 device. Note the base power supplies provide three internal voltages (5V, 9V, 24V). The chart shows how much power from each of these power sources is required for each DL305 device. Use this information when calculating the power budget for your system.

In addition to the three internal power sources, the DL305 bases provide an external power connection. There is 24VDC available from the 24VDC output terminals on the bases (except D3-05BDC and D3-10BDC).

The 24VDC can be used to power external devices or DL305 modules that require external 24VDC. The power used from this external 24VDC output reduces the internal system 24VDC that is available to the modules by an equal amount. When using the 24VDC output at the base terminal, it is recommended that 100mA not be exceeded.

Power Consumed				
Device	5V(mA)	9V(mA)	24V(mA)	Ext req.
CPUs				
D3-350	500	0	0	0
DC Input Modules				
F3-16ND3F	0	148	68	0
AC/DC Input Modules				
D3-16NE3	0	130	0	0

Power Supplied				
Device	5V(mA)	9V(mA)	24V(mA)	24 V (mA)
D3-05BDC	900	2000	500	None
D3-10BDC	900	2000	500	None
Power Consumed				
Device	5V(mA)	9V(mA)	24V(mA)	External required
Relay Output Modules				
F3-08TRS-1	0	296	0	0
F3-08TRS-2	0	296	0	0
Analog Temperature and Thermocouple Modules				
F3-04ADS	0	183	50	0
F3-08AD-1	0	45	55	0
F3-08THM-n	0	50	34	0
F3-16AD	0	55	65	0
Communications and Networking				
Programming				
D2-HPP	200	0	0	0
Specialty CPUs				
F3-OMUX-1*	409	0	0	0
F3-OMUX-2	262	0	150	0
F3-PMUX-1	455	0	0	0
Operator Interface				
C-more Micro-Graphic	210	0	0	0

* F3-OMUX-1 -As of 3/2021 CPU is no longer available.