SPECIFICATIONS TERMINAL BASES AND POWER SUPPLIES



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T1K-08B(-1) I/O Terminal Base

Specifications Specification Specif				
Specification	T1K-08B	T1K-08B-1		
Terminal Type	Screw type	Spring clamp type		
Recommended Torque	1.77–3.54 lb·in (0.2–0.4 N·m)	N/A		
Recommended Screwdriver Blade Size	0.02 in. X 0.125 in. (0.5 mm X 3.0 mm)	Push in on clamp using screwdriver blade size: 0.016 X 0.79 in. to 0.032 X 0.16 in. (0.4 mm X 2mm to 0.8 mm X 4mm)		
Wire Gauge Size	Solid conductor: 25–12 AWG Stranded conductor: 26–12 AWG*	Solid conductor: 25–14 AWG Stranded conductor: 26–14 AWG*		
Weight	135g	125g		

^{*}Twist stranded conductors before inserting into gate.

T1K-16B(-1) I/O Terminal Base

Specifications				
Specification	T1K-16B	T1K-16B-1		
Terminal Type	Screw type	Spring clamp type		
Recommended Torque	1.77–3.54 lb·in (0.2–0.4 N·m)	N/A		
Recommended Screwdriver Blade Size	0.02 in. X 0.125 in. (0.5 mm X 3.0 mm)	Push in on clamp using screwdriver blade size: 0.016 X 0.79 in. to 0.032 X 0.16 in. (0.4 mm X 2mm to 0.8 mm X 4mm)		
Wire Gauge Size	Solid conductor: 25–12 AWG Stranded conductor: 26–12 AWG*	Solid conductor: 25–14 AWG Stranded conductor: 26–14 AWG*		
Weight	220g	210g		

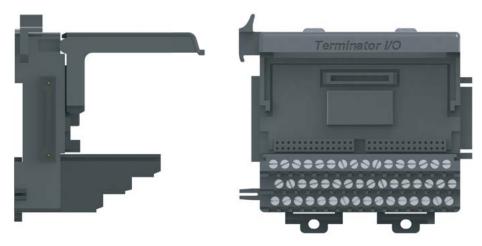
^{*}Twist conductors before inserting into gate.

Environmental Specifications				
Ambient Operating Temperature 32°F to 131°F (0°C to 55°C)				
Storage Temperature	-4°F to 158°F (-20°C to 70°C)			
Ambient Humidity	5% to 95% (Non-condensing)			
Atmosphere	No corrosive gases. The level of environmental pollution = 2 (UL 840).			
Vibration Resistance	MIL STD 810C. Method 514.2			
Shock Resistance	MIL STD 810C. Method 516.2			
Voltage Withstand	1500VAC, 1 minute			
Insulation Resistance	500VDC, 10MΩ			
	NEMA ICS3-304			
Noise Immunity	Impulse Noise 1μ s, $1000V$			
NOISE IIIIIIUIIILY	FCC class A			
	RFI (144MHz, 430MHz 10W, 10cm)			
Agency Approvals	UL E185989, CE, FCC class A			

T1K-08B, T1K-08B-1



T1K-16B, T1K-16B-1



T1K-01AC, T1K-01DC Power Supply

Specifications Specification				
Specification		T1K-01AC	T1K-01DC	
Input Voltage Rar	nge	110/220 VAC (85-264 VAC)	12/24 VDC (10.8–26.4 VDC)	
Input Frequency		50/60 Hz (47–63 Hz)	-	
Maximum Power		50VA	20W	
Maximum Inrush	Current	20A	10A	
Insulation Resista	ınce	>10MΩ @ 500VDC		
Voltage Withstand	d (Dielectric)	1 min. @ 1500VAC between primary	, secondary and field ground	
Auxiliary 24VDC S	Supply	300mA maximum	-	
Output 1:	Voltage	5.25 VDC (5.00-5.50 VDC)	5.25 VDC (5.00- 5.50 VDC)	
5VDC Base Power	Current	a) 2.0 A maximum b) 1.5 A maximum (see note)	2.0 A maximum	
Supplied	Ripple	5% maximum	5% maximum	
Output 2:	Voltage	24VDC (20.0-28.0 VDC)	-	
24VDC Base Power	Current	a) 300mA maximum b) 500mA maximum (see note)	-	
Supplied	Ripple	10% maximum	-	
Replacement Terminal Block - Phoenix Contact		MVSTBW 2.5/4-ST-5.08 BK	MVSTBW 2.5/6-ST-5.08 BK	
Fuse 1 (Primary) not replaceable				

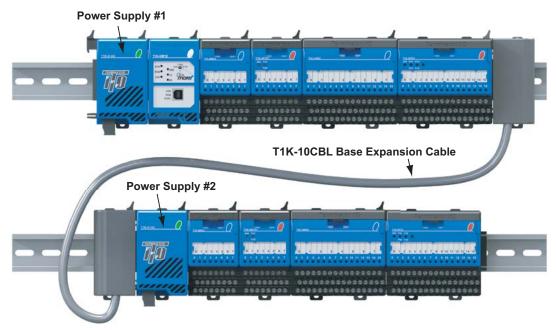


NOTE: 500mA @ 24VDC is achieved by lowering the 5VDC to 1.5 A from 2.0 A.

Environmental Specifications				
Ambient Operating Temperature	32°F to 131°F (0°C to 55°C)			
Storage Temperature	-4°F to 158°F (-20°C to 70°C)			
Ambient Humidity	5% to 95% (Non-condensing)			
Atmosphere	No corrosive gases. The level of environmental pollution = 2 (UL 840).			
Vibration Resistance	MIL STD 810C. Method 514.2			
Shock Resistance	MIL STD 810C. Method 514.2			
Voltage Withstand	1500VAC, 1 minute			
Insulation Resistance	500VDC, 10MΩ			
	NEMA ICS3-304			
Noise Immunity	Impulse Noise 1μ s, $1000V$			
Noise initiality	FCC class A			
	RFI (144MHz, 430MHz 10W, 10cm)			



T1K-01AC



Note: Use the T1K-01AC 24VDC auxiliary supply or an external user supply for modules that require an external 24VDC.

Important Power Budget Note: For each power supply in a system make sure the current required by the CPU and I/O modules does not exceed the current supplied at both 5VDC and 24VDC (if using the 24VDC auxiliary supply).

Calculating the Power Budget

Managing the Power Resource

When determining the types and quantity of I/O modules to be used in the Do-more T1H Series PLC system, it is important to remember there is a limited amount of power available from the power supply. A chart is provided to help you easily see the amount of power available with AC and DC power supplies. At the end of this section you will also find an example of power budgeting and a worksheet showing sample calculations.

If the chosen I/O exceeds the maximum power available from the power supply the problem is corrected by simply adding another power supply .



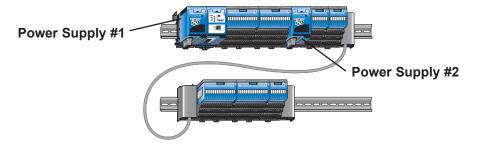
WARNING: It is extremely important to calculate the power budget correctly. If you exceed the power budget, the system may operate in an unpredictable manner which may result in a risk of personal injury or equipment damage.

Power Supply Specifications

The following chart shows the amount of current **supplied** by the Terminator I/O power supply. Use this to calculate the power budget for your system. The Auxiliary 24V Power Source mentioned in the table can be used to power field devices or modules that require an external 24VDC.

AC Power Supply	5VDC Current Supplied in mA (Internal)	Auxiliary 24VDC Power Source Current Supplied in mA	DC Power Supply		Auxiliary 24VDC Power Source Current Supplied in mA
T1K-01AC	2000	300			
T1K-01AC (see Note)	1500	500	T1K-01DC	2000	-

Note A max. of 500mA @ 24VDC can be achieved by lowering the 5VDC to 1500mA.





NOTE:Important about Power Supplies-One power supply is required in the leftmost component position (Power Supply #1), as shown above. Additional power supplies should be added between I/O modules as necessary to meet power budget requirements. Each power supply powers the modules to its right, but is interrupted by the next power supply. It is not mandatory to have a power supply in the leftmost position on an expansion rack. **The system shown above:** Power Supply #1 powers the CPU module and the two I/O modules to its right. Power Supply #2 powers the remaining five I/O modules. This is only an example and the power budget requirements vary depending on the I/O modules used.

Module Power Requirements

This chart shows the amount of maximum current *required* for each of the Do-more T1H PLC modules. Use this information to calculate the power budget for your system. If an external 24VDC power source is required, you can use the built-in 24VDC auxiliary supply as long as you do not exceed the power budget. If any device is connected to the Controller's serial port that uses the 5VDC supply pin, be sure to include the device's power consumption in your 5VDC power budget calculation.

Terminator Module Power Consumption					
Module	5VDC (mA)	24VDC (mA)	Module	5VDC (mA)	24VDC (mA)
CPU Modules		Analog Input Modules			
T1H-DM1	250	0	T1F-08AD-1	75	50 (see note 1)
T1H-DM1E	275	0	T1F-16AD-1	75	50 (see note 1)
DC Input Module	es .		T1F-08AD-2	75	50 (see note 1)
T1K-08ND3	35	0	T1F-16AD-2	75	50 (see note 1)
T1K-16ND3	70	0	T1F-16RTD	150	0
-	-	-	T1F-16TMST	150	0
AC Input Module	es .		T1F-14THM	60	70 (see note 1)
T1K-08NA-1	35	0	Analog Output I	Modules	
T1K-16NA-1	70	0	T1F-08DA-1	75	150 (see note 1)
DC Output Modu	les		T1F-16DA-1	75	150 (occ pete 1)
T1K-08TD1	100	200 (see note 1)	TIT-TODA-T	/5	150 (see note 1)
T1K-08TD2-1	100	0	T4E 00DA 0	75 45	150 (1)
T1H-08TDS	200	0	T1F-08DA-2	75	150 (see note 1)
T1K-16TD1	200	400 (see note 1)	T1F-16DA-2	75	150 (aga nota 1)
T1K-16TD2-1	200	0		/5	150 (see note 1)
AC Output Modu	les		Combination An	alog Modules	
T1K-08TA	250	0	T1F-8AD4DA-1	75	60 (see note 1
T1K-16TA	450	0	TIT-0AD4DA-T	75	and 2)
T1K-08TAS	300	0	T1F 0AD4DA 0	75	70 (acc note 1)
Relay Output Mo	ndules		T1F-8AD4DA-2 75 70 (see note		70 (see note 1)
T1K-08TR	350	0	Specialty Module and other devices		
T1K-16TR	700	0	T1H- CTRIO	400	0
T1K-08TRS	400	0		400	U

Note 1: Use T1K-01AC 24VDC auxiliary supply or external user supply.

Note 2: 60mA plus 20mA per output loop.



NOTE: Important Power Budget - For each power supply in a system, make sure the current required by the CPU module and I/O modules does not exceed the current supplied at both 5VDC and 24VDC.

Power Budget Calculation Example

The following example shows how to calculate the power budget for a Do-more T1H Series PLC system.

PLC				
Power Supply #1	Part Number	5VDC (mA) Required	24VDC (mA) Required	
Power Supplied T1K-01AC		2000	300	
CPU	T1H-DM1E	275	0	
Module	T1K-16NA-1	70	0	
Module	T1K-16TA	450	0	
Maximum po	ower required	795	0	
Remaining po	ower available	2000-795 = 1205	300-0 = 300	
Power Supply #2	Part Number	5VDC (mA) Required	24VDC (mA) Required	
Power Supplied T1K-01AC		1500	500	
Module	T1K-08AD-2	75	50	
Module	T1K-08AD-2	75	50	
Module	T1K-16TD1	200	400	
Module	T1K-08TR	350	0	
Module	T1K-08ND3	35	0	
Maximum po	Maximum power required		500	
Remaining po	ower available	1500-735 = 765	500-500 = 0 (see note 1)	

Note 1: An external user power supply must be used if the 24VDC current requirement exceeds the T1K-01AC 24VDC auxiliary supply.

- 1. Fill in the information for the CPU, I/O modules, and any other devices that will use system power, including devices that use the 24VDC output. Devices which fall into the "Other" category are devices such as an operator interface which also has power requirements but do attach as a module to the system.
- 2. Add the current columns starting with the CPU and put the total in the row labeled "Maximum power required".
- Subtract the row labeled "Maximum power required" from the "Power Supplied". Place the difference in the row labeled "Remaining Power Available".
- 4. If "Maximum Power Required" is greater than "Power Supplied" in either of the two columns, the power budget will be exceeded. It will be unsafe to use this configuration and you will need to restructure your configuration.