Software Operation Manual for DM805-AI

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Change Log

Revision Date	Changes	Version		
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Introduction

The ProTuner for DM805-AI is a software tool designed to configure and tune the Leadshine digital drive DM805-AI. The user can tune the current loop and adjust the anti-resonance parameters in this software.

Workspace

	PT ProTuner for DE805-AI	
Menu	File View Drive Help	
	T Drive Property	
	Anti-resonance Tuning The 1st Resonance Area	
	Amplitude: 0 -	
	The 2nd Resonance Area	
Tuning and	Amplitude: 0 - <th< th=""><th></th></th<>	
	The 3rd Resonance Area	
Property	Amplitude : 128 Phase : 128	
	Motor	
	Dynamic Current : 2.60 A Microstep : 1 Electronic Damping : 1000	
	C Decelerated Stop C Immediate Stop	
		1

After installing the software and open it, the software is displayed as follows.

Menus and Toolbar

Menu is at the top of the workspace. You can click menu bar to view the pull-down menu.

Menu	Pull Down	Function
	Open	Open a file
File ->	Save As	Save as a file
	Exit	Exit ProTuner



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Menu	Pull Down	Function			
View ->	Error Log	Check the error log			
	Drive Information	DM805-AI specification			
	Connect to Drive	Connect to drive			
	Current Loop Tuning	Set current loop parameters Kp and Ki and test.			
Drive->	Property	Set drive properties like I/O logic, motor parameters.			
	Offset	Check analog and potentiometer offset			
	Save to Drive	Save all data to drive			
	Restore Factory Setting	Restore factory setting			
Help->	About	Software Information			

Using the Software

Opening a file

If you want to reload the configuration data from a file in the PC, click on the File->Open. The parameters in the software's workspace will be updated

Save as a file

Save the data in current workspace to a file and rename it.



Connecting to Drive Window

Connect to Drive 🛛 🛛
Choose Serial Port :
COM1
Choose Baudrate:
38400 💌

Connect to Drive window appears when you open the software. Choose correct serial port and leave the baud rate as default 38400. The software will try to connect to the drive after you click on the Open button.



Before clicking on the Open button, please make sure:

1) The RS232 cable .has been connected between the drive and the PC's serial port.

2) The drive has been powered on and the green LED is turned on.

The stepper motor is unnecessary connecting to the drive if you just want to set the parameters but not tuning.



Do not connect or disconnect serial cable when the drive is powered on. The drive's communication circuit may be damaged.

Current loop tuning Window



It is used to configure current loop parameters according to different motor. In the tuning window, user can set proportional gain, integral gain and test value.





After finishing the input of the number, don't forget to hit the "Enter" key in the keyboard to confirm new value.

Item	Description	Range
Proportional Gain	Increase this parameter to make current rise fast. Proportional Gain determines the response of the driver to current setting command. Low Proportional Gain provides a stable system (doesn't oscillate), has low stiffness, and large current error, causing poor performances in tracking current setting command in each step. Too large Proportional Gain values will cause oscillations and unstable systems.	1 – 65535
Integral Gain	Adjust this parameter to reduce the steady error. Integral Gain helps the driver to overcome static current errors. A low or zero value for the Integral Gain may have current errors at rest. Increasing the Integral Gain can reduce the error. If the Integral Gain is too large, the systems may "hunt" (oscillate) about the desired position.	1 – 65535
Test Value	The current amplitude for the step response.	0.5 – 5 A
Test Button	Click this button to activate the test. A target curve (red) and an actual curve (green) will be displayed on the screen for user analysis.	-



Property Window

PT Drive Pr	operty											
Anti-resonan The 1st Res Amplitude : Phase :			-,	······	······							
The 2nd Re	sonance /	Area —										
Amplitude : Phase :	0	ļ	1	1	•	1	1	•	1	1	1	
The 3rd Re	sonance A	rea										
Amplitude : Phase :	128 128	· ·	•	1		•	_;	1		,	1	
Dynamic Current : 2.60 A Microstep : 1 Electronic Damping : 1000												
	celerated Sto	p		C In	nmediat	e Stop						

The user can set the drive's anti-resonance parameters, output current, microstep, electronic damping and stop mode according the motor and application.



Microstep setting is only effective in Pulse/Direction mode.



Item	Description	Range
The 1st Resonance Area	It is usually between 0.6 to 1.2 RPS.	-
The 2nd Resonance Area	It is usually between 1.2 to 2.4 RPS.	-
The 3rd Resonance Area	It is usually between 2.4 to 4.8 RPS.	-
Amplitude	Amplitude adjustment for anti-resonance tuning. $0 - 3500$ for the 1 st , 2 nd resonance area and 0- 256 for the 3rd resonance area. The user can enter a value directly in the text box or move the slider bar back and forth to get an optimum value.	0 – 3500 or 0- 256
Phase	Phase adjustment for anti-resonance tuning. The user can enter a value directly in the text box or move the slider bar back and forth to get an optimum value.	0 – 1608 or 0- 256
Dynamic Current	Drive's output current setting according to the motor. It should be less than the motor's related current * 1.414. Note: The DIP switch setting must be SW1 = off, SW2 = off, SW3 = off if you wan to set this parameter in ProTuner.	0.5 – 7.0 A
MicroStep	Drive's Microstep setting for the motor. Note1: The DIP switch setting must be SW5 = off, SW6 = off, SW7 = off, SW8 = off if you wan to set this parameter in ProTuner. Note2: The microstep is effective only in Pulse/Direction mode.	1 – 512
Electronic Damping	Adjust this parameter to improve the drive's high speed performance. The optimal value depends on the system.	0 - 6000
Stop Mode	The motor stops immediately when a stop command is applied to the drive if this parameter is immediate stop. Otherwise the motor stops with a acceleration set by the Accel/Ramp or Decel/LoSpeed potentiometers.	-



Offset

PT Offset	
Analog 0-5V Speed Mode : 77	
External POT Mode : 2060	
Accel / Ramp Potentiometer :	
Decel / LoSpeed Potentiometer :	
HiSpeed Potentiometer : 4	
Stop	

It is used to check the offset of the potentiometers and analog input in factory. The user can ignore it.

Save to Drive

After the drive's configuration and tuning is done, you need to click Drive->Save To Drive to save the data to drive's nonvolatile memory. Otherwise the data will not be lost after power-off.

Restore Factory Setting

This command is used to restore the factory data when the drive is out of control or the user want to do that.

Configuring the drive

If it is the first time setup, you can follow the steps below to configure the drive.

- 1) Set motor related parameters such as dynamic current, microstep and stop mode according to the motor and application.
- 2) Tune the current loop parameters.
- 3) Tune the anti-resonance parameters if necessary.
- 4) Adjust the electronic damping when the high speed performance is not good.



The motor must be connected to the drive before trying to configure the drive.



After finishing the input of the number, don't forget to hit the "Enter" key in the keyboard to confirm new value



Set motor related parameters

Click Drive->Property to open the Property window. You can set the motor's dynamic current, microstep and stop mode.

Motor		
Dynamic Current : 3.00 A	Microstep : 8	Electronic Damping : 1000
Stop Mode © Decelerated Stop	C Immediate Stop	

The motor's dynamic current is related to the related current. Usually, the motor manufacturer states the RMS (root mean square) current in datasheet. Please relate to the hardware installation manual for how to set the dynamic current.



The DIP switch setting must be SW1 = off, SW2 = off, SW3 = off if you wan to set this parameter in ProTuner.

The microstep is so important is only effective in Pulse and Direction command mode. High resolution microstep makes the motor move more smoothly. Low microstep resolution reduces the high frequency requirement to the controller.



1. The DIP switch setting must be SW5 = off, SW6 = off, SW7 = off, SW8 = off if you wan to set this parameter in ProTuner.

2. The microstep is effective only in Pulse/Direction mode.

The motor stops in the acceleration set by the potentiometer. If the application needs fast stop, please click Immediate Stop.



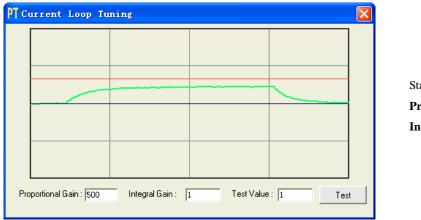
Tune the current loop

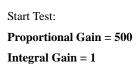
The DM805-AI's current loop need to be tuned before normal operation in order to get optimize responses with different motors. Otherwise the motor will be easily stall or howls when power-up. Below is the tuning process for a NEMA 23 motor with 24VDC supply voltage.

Step 1: Set **Test Value** 1 and start the tuning with small **Proportional Gain** and "zero" **Integral Gain**. Here we set **Proportional Gain** 500.

PT c	urrent Loop Tu	ning				
					_	Initial Value
						Proportional Gain = 500 Integral Gain =1
Pro	oportional Gain : 500	Integral Gain :	1 Test Valu	e: 1	Test	

Step 2: Click the **Test** button and the plot window will show two curves. The red one is target current and the green one is actual current. There is large gap between them in the scope. It indicates that a large **Proportional Gain** needs to be introduced.





Step 3: Increase **Proportional Gain** to 1000 and click **Start**. The gap between target value and actual value is smaller but a higher **Proportional Gain** is still needed.



PT c	urrent Loop Tu	ning			×
]
				7	{
				<u> </u>	
Pre	nertional Cain : 1000	Integral Gain :	Test)(shus		. (
Pro	portional Gain : 1000	Integral Gain :	1 Test Value	t Te	st

↑ Proportional Gain:
 Proportional Gain = 1000
 Integral Gain = 0

Step 3: Give **Proportional Gain** 2000, 3000, 4000 and click **Test button**, respectively. The green curve is getting more and more close to the red curve. Over-shoot is obvious when we increase **Proportional Gain** to 4000. It indicates that you need to stop increasing Kp and back off. Our purpose is to make the green curve (the actual current) a little higher than the red curve (the target). So we decrease Kp to 3700 until the actual value is exactly over the target value.

PT c	urrent Loop Tu	ming				
						† Pro Int
	pportional Gain : 2000 urrent Loop Tu	Integral Gain : 「 ning	1 Test Value	e: 1 Tes	t	
						↑ Pr

Test Value : 1

Test

Integral Gain : 1

↑ Proportional Gain:
 Proportional Gain =2000
 Integral Gain = 1

Proportional Gain:
 Proportional Gain =3000
 Integral Gain = 1

Proportional Gain : 3000

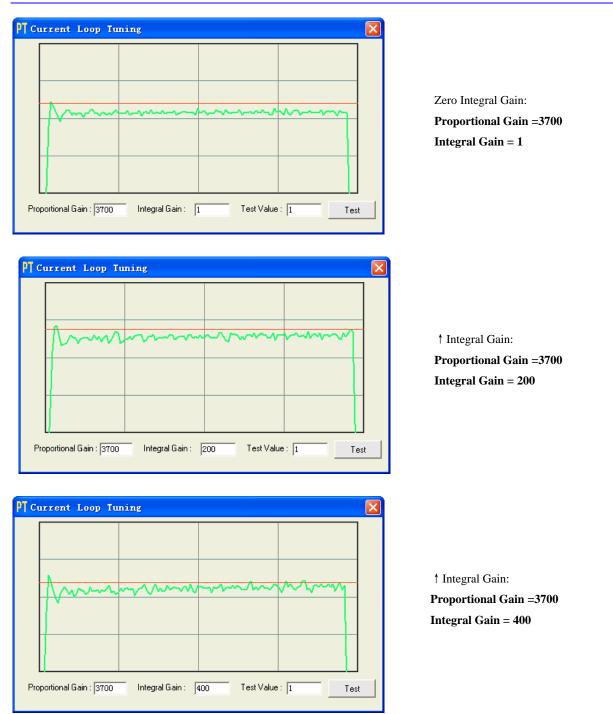




Step 4: Now the **Proportional Gain** is relatively good enough. But there is still gap between the green curve and the red curve when we use the mouse to zoom in the green curve. So we need to introduce **Integral Gain** to reduce the "gap" or steady error at the constant part. It follows the same procedure as **Proportional Gain**. High **Integral Gain** causes big vibration, system lag and makes the performance worse. The following figures show how to tune the integral gain.

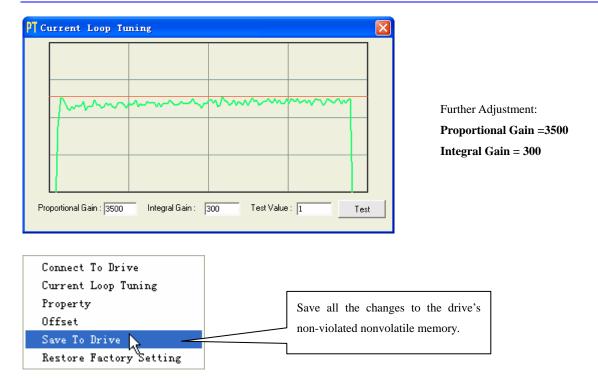






Step 5: The current loop tuning is basically finished. You can continue to adjust Kp and Ki for better performance. Now the updated Kp and Ki is just stored in the driver's RAM. They will be lost when we power off the driver. **Don't forget to click Drive->Save To Drive to store the changed value to the drive's EEPROM.**





Anti-resonance Tuning

Step motors are highly resonant, which results in vibration and ringing. The ringing utilizes a large fraction of the motor's available torque – thereby wasting performance. Furthermore, at mid-range velocities, the resonance can become so severe that the motor looses synchronization and stalls. The DM442 drive provides robust anti-resonance control to stop the vibrations and maintain equilibrium. This feature requires that the drive be configured with respect to the total inertia in the system. If set improperly, the effectiveness of the feature may be diminished.

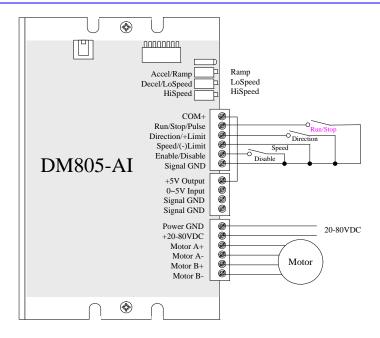


1. For most of the application, it is not needed to tune DM805-AI's anti-resonance parameters. We only recommend the advance user to use this function as it is a boring process.

2. In most of the case, only the tuning of the 1^{st} and 2^{nd} anti-resonance area has obvious effect.

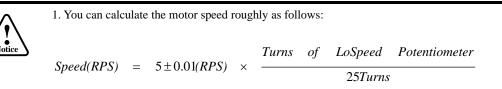
Step 1: Connect the drive as follows and configure it in Low/High Speed mode by set SW7 = OFF and SW8 = ON. As the Speed input is connected to Signal GND, the motor speed is determined by the LoSpeed potentiometer and it can be adjusted from 0RPS to 5RPS.





Step 2: Start to move the motor by activating the Run/Stop input. Find a resonance speed by slightly adjusting the LoSpeed parameter CW and CCW.

Step 3: Keep the motor running at the resonance speed and verify the motor smoothness. You may find a better smoothing value by slightly moving the slider bars of **Amplitude** and **Phase** back and forth. If the motor speed is 0.6-1.2RPS, you should tune the Amplitude and Phase at the 1st resonance area. The 2nd resonance area is 1.2-2.4 RPS and the 3rd resonance area is 2.4 4.8 RPS.



2. It is very important to make the Amplitude and Phase adjustments at the resonance speed.

For example, we find a resonance speed at 0.98 RPS. We begin to move the Amp1 slider forth and the motor vibration and noise became lower and lower. Finally we find the move is the smoothest when **Amplitude** is 3300. The motor vibration and noise increase if **Amplitude** exceeds 3300. Then we follow the same procedure to search the best point for **Phase**. See Figure 26. Anti-resonance tuning is done.

Step 4: Click Drive->Save To Drive to save all the parameters to DM805-AI.

Adjusting the Electronic Damping

The factory setting for the electronic damping is 1000. If the motor is easily stalled and generates odd noise at middle speed, you can try other values such as 500, 1500, 2000, 2500.



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